BEFORE THE

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

In the Matter of the Application of)	
SBA DAS & SMALL CELLS, LLC)	
) Docket No.	
For a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity)	
to Provide Resold and Facilities-Based Local Exchange)	
and Interexchange Telecommunications Services in the)	
State of South Carolina, and for Flexible Regulation)	

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC ("SBA" or "Applicant"), by counsel, and pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. § 58-9-280, respectfully requests that the South Carolina Public Service Commission (the "Commission") grant this Application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to provide resold and facilities-based local exchange service and interexchange telecommunications service throughout the State of South Carolina. SBA also requests flexible regulation for its local exchange telecommunications services as the Commission first granted in Order No. 98-165 in Docket No. 97-467-C. SBA further requests, pursuant to R. 103-601(3) of the Commission's rules, that the Commission waive application to it of certain Commission rules, as outlined herein.

SBA proposes to offer resold and facilities-based interexchange and local exchange services to customers throughout the geographic territory of South Carolina. SBA's primary customers are large wireless carriers. Approval of this application will promote the public

interest by increasing wireless coverage and the level of telecommunications competition

within South Carolina. Telecommunications carriers will be empowered to provide more

efficient and reliable services at lower prices, thereby benefiting consumers. Moreover,

the provision of a wider range of telecommunications service will bolster the State's

economic health.

All services are available twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days a week. The

Applicant will commence offering service following the granting of this application.

Approval of this application will promote the public interest by increasing the level of

competition within South Carolina. This competition will mandate that all exchange

telecommunications providers will operate more efficiently, enabling the consumer to benefit via

reduced rates.

In support of this Application, SBA respectfully states as follows:

1. The name and address of the Applicant are:

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC

8051 Congress Avenue Boca

Raton, FL 33487

Telephone:

Fax:

All correspondence, notices, inquiries and other communications regarding this 2.

application should be sent to:

Ryan Appel

Davis Wright Tremaine, LLP

1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 800

Washington, D.C. 20006

Telephone: (202) 973-4292

Fax: (202) 973-4492

with copies to:

South Carolina Application of SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC

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T. Scott Thompson

Davis Wright Tremaine, LLP

1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 800

Washington, D.C. 20006

Telephone: (202) 973-4208

Fax: (202) 973-4408

3. Contact person regarding ongoing operations of the Company is:

Patrick Cochran

General Manager

8051 Congress Avenue

Boca Raton, FL 33487

Telephone: (561) 322-7954

4. **Description of Applicant**

SBA is a Florida corporation with its principal offices located at 8051 Congress Avenue

Boca Raton, FL 33487. A copy of (1) SBA's Articles of Organization and (2) Certificate of

Authority to Transact business in South Carolina are attached as **Exhibit A**.

SBA's services will be both intrastate and interstate. SBA acts as a facilities-based

wholesale transport carrier for wireless carriers and other large enterprise customers. SBA

typically provides "RF transport services" using fiber optic technology, over dedicated transport

facilities, to provide other service providers with transport options. When it provides service to

wireless carriers, SBA will typically rely on a technical platform known as a "Distributed

Antenna System," or "DAS." Radio Frequency (RF) transport services are used to transport voice

and data communications between wireless capacity equipment (i.e., antennas) and hub facilities.

The hub facility can be customer or SBA-provided. Bi-directional, RF-to-optical conversion

equipment allows SBA to accept RF traffic from its customer and then send bi-directional traffic

transmissions across the appropriate optical networks. At the remote end, SBA or the customer

South Carolina Application of SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC

company provide RF-to-optical conversion equipment that allows bi-directional conversion between optical signals and RF signals. RF signals can be received and radiated at this remote node by the customer company.

However, SBA is not limited to providing transport service over DAS networks and may provide telecommunications service to other large enterprise customers.

SBA does not intend to furnish residential or business telephone service (other than the enterprise business services described above).

5. Officers and Directors and Legal Counsel

See Exhibit B.

6. Customer Service

SBA recognizes the importance of effective customer service. Customers may contact SBA 24 hours per day, seven days per week. SBA's customer service number is (888) 950-7483.

7. Financial Ability

SBA possesses the financial qualifications required for issuance of the requested Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity. SBA will rely, in large part on, upon the financial resources of its parent company, SBA Communications Corporation, to provide its services in the State of South Carolina. As evidence of its capacity to render the proposed services, please see **Exhibit C** for the most recent financial statements of parent company SBA Communications Corporation.

SBA, through its parent SBA Communications Corporation, has sufficient capital on hand to commence operations in the State of South Carolina and the company has access to additional capital financing as may be needed to sustain future growth and expansion. It should be noted that SBA's business plan calls for it to provide its RF transport services based upon direct customer demand. Under this plan, revenue from customers will be readily identified prior to any extensive outlay of capital.

8. Managerial and Technical Ability

SBA is technically and managerially qualified to operate and manage its proposed telecommunications operations in South Carolina. The senior management of SBA has extensive experience in the provision of telecommunications service. Biographies outlining the technical and managerial experience of SBA key personnel are provided in **Exhibit D.** These biographies reflect that SBA possesses significant expertise for operating a telecommunications company. In addition to the senior management, SBA has highly qualified technical personnel to ensure that SBA's operations will meet demanding standards for service quality and reliability.

9. Proposed Service Territory

SBA seeks authority to provide facilities-based or resold nondominant local exchange, interexchange services and non-switched local transport services (hereinafter referred to as "Services") to customers throughout the State of South Carolina. Applicant proposes to provide these Services through a combination of its own facilities and facilities to be leased from a

variety of telecommunications carriers. **Exhibit E** contains SBA's proposed tariff.

10. Public Interest and Need

The granting of SBA's application is consistent with S.C. Code Ann. §58-9-280(B), as amended by 1996 Act No. 354, and SBA makes the following representations to the Commission:

- A. SBA possesses the requisite technical, financial, and managerial resources sufficient to provide the services requested;
- B. The provision of local service by SBA will not adversely impact the availability of affordable local exchange service;
- C. SBA's local services will meet the service standards required by the Commission;
- D. SBA, to the extent it is required to do so by the Commission, will participate in the support of universally available telephone service at affordable rates; and,
- E. The provision of local service by SBA will not adversely impact the public interest.

Grant of SBA's Application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to provide the service described within this Application is in the public interest and will serve the public convenience and necessity. The public interest will be served by expanding the availability of competitive telecommunications services and enhanced telecommunications infrastructure in the State of South Carolina, thereby facilitating economic development. Authorizing SBA to enter the telecommunications service market will increase the competitive choices available, and in turn create incentives for all carriers to lower prices, provide new and better quality services, and be more responsive to customer issues and demands.

SBA's service allows wireless carriers to expand their coverage of wireless services with less intrusive facilities. SBA's combination of fiber optics and lower height antennas helps wireless providers eliminate dead spots and increase bandwidth needed for emerging and future services. Thus, grant of SBA's petition will promote the deployment of advanced telecommunications and wireless telecommunications infrastructure in the State.

11. Waivers and Regulatory Compliance

SBA requests that, pursuant to Commission Rule 103-601(3), the Commission grant it a waiver of those regulatory requirements that are inapplicable to SBA's services because compliance with such rules would cause SBA unusual hardship.¹ Specifically, SBA requests a waiver of the following Commission Rules:

A. Rule 103-611: (Requiring the use of the FCC's Uniform System of Accounts (USOA)). Because SBA is a competitive carrier without market power and exempt from the USOA, it would be burdensome and unnecessary to require it to comply with this Rule. SBA maintains its books and records in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), and asserts that because it utilizes GAAP, the Commission will have a reliable means by which to evaluate operations. Such waivers have previously been granted under similar circumstances, and SBA respectfully requests that the Commission similarly grant the aforementioned waivers in the context of this Application.

B. Rule 103-610: (Requiring a utility to maintain its records in the State of South

¹ S.C. CODE REGS § 103-601(3) ("In any case where compliance with any of these rules and regulations introduces unusual difficulty or where circumstances indicate that a waiver of one or more rules or regulations is otherwise appropriate, such rule or regulation may be waived by the commission upon a finding by the commission that such a waiver is not contrary to the public interest.")

South Carolina Application of SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC Page 7 Carolina). SBA is headquartered in Boca Raton, Florida. As a result, it would be impractical for SBA to maintain separate records in South Carolina. If the Commission Staff or the South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff (ORS) determines it is necessary to review SBA's books, SBA will provide this information to the Commission Staff or the ORS upon request or will bear the cost of any out-of-state travel expenses incurred by Commission Staff or the ORS.

C. SBA finally requests waivers of any reporting requirements which are not applicable to competitive providers such as SBA because such requirements (a) are not consistent with the demands of the competitive market; or (b) they constitute an undue burden on a competitive provider, thereby requiring an ineffective allocation of resources.

Such waivers have previously been granted under similar circumstances, and SBA respectfully requests that the Commission similarly grant the aforementioned waivers in the context of this Application. SBA reserves the right to seek any regulatory waivers which may be required for SBA to compete effectively within the states' local exchange and resale market.

12. Flexible Regulation of Local Exchange Services

SBA requests flexible regulation for its telecommunications services as the Commission granted in Order No. 98-165 in Docket No. 97-467-C. In the Order, the Commission adopted a rate structure that incorporated maximum rate levels with the flexibility for rate adjustment below the maximum rate levels. The Commission also determined that local tariff filings would be presumed valid upon filing, subject to the

Commission's right within thirty days to institute an investigation of the tariff filing, and that any tariff filings would be subject to the same monitoring process as other similar local exchange carriers. SBA submits that as a provider of competitive local exchange services, it should be subject to regulatory constraints no more stringent than those imposed in Docket No. 97-467-C. SBA respectfully requests that its local exchange service tariff filings be regulated pursuant to this form of flexible regulation.

CONCLUSION

This Application clearly demonstrates that SBA possesses the requisite technical, financial and managerial qualifications to provide resold and/or facilities-based telecommunications service throughout the State of South Carolina. Furthermore, granting this Application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity will promote the public interest, comport with the public convenience and necessity, and meet pertinent legal and regulatory requirements for such applications.

WHEREFORE, SBA respectfully requests that the Commission issue it a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to provide resold and facilities-based telecommunications service throughout the State of South Carolina, as proposed herein and set forth in the attached tariff. SBA also requests that the Commission regulate its local exchange service in accordance with the principles and procedures established in Order No. 98-165 in Docket No. 97-467-C, grant the waivers requested herein, and grant such other relief as is just and proper.

s/John J.Pringle, Jr.
John J. Pringle, Jr.
Lyndey Ritz Zwing
ADAMS AND REESE LLP
1501 Main Street, 5th Floor
Post Office Box 2285 (29202)
Columbia, South Carolina 29201
Telephone: (803) 254-4190
Facsimile: (803) 779-4749

Email: jack.pringle@arlaw.com lyndey.zwing@arlaw.com

T. Scott Thompson Ryan Appel **DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE, LLP** 1919 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 800 Washington, D.C. 20006 Telephone: (202) 973-4208

Telephone: (202) 973-4208 Facsimile: (202) 973-4408

E-mail: ScottThompson@dwt.com RyanAppel@dwt.com

Columbia, South Carolina June 20, 2016, 2016

SCHEDULE OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit A Articles of Organization/Certificate of Authority

Exhibit B Officers, Directors and Legal Counsel

Exhibit C Financial Statements

Exhibit D Resumé of Key Employees

Exhibit E Proposed Tariff

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC EXHIBIT A

Articles of Organization

South Carolina Certificate of Authority

Electronic Articles of Organization For Florida Limited Liability Company

L15000143017 FILED 8:00 AM August 20, 2015 Sec. Of State vherring

Article I

The name of the Limited Liability Company is: SBA DAS & SMALL CELLS, LLC

Article II

The street address of the principal office of the Limited Liability Company is:

8051 CONGRESS AVENUE BOCA RATON, FL. 33487

The mailing address of the Limited Liability Company is:

8051 CONGRESS AVENUE BOCA RATON, FL. 33487

Article III

Other provisions, if any:

ANY AND ALL LAWFUL BUSINESS

Article IV

The name and Florida street address of the registered agent is:

CORPORATE CREATIONS NETWORK INC. 11380 PROSPERITY FARMS ROAD #221E PALM BEACH GARDENS, FL. 33410

Having been named as registered agent and to accept service of process for the above stated limited liability company at the place designated in this certificate, I hereby accept the appointment as registered agent and agree to act in this capacity. I further agree to comply with the provisions of all statutes relating to the proper and complete performance of my duties, and I am familiar with and accept the obligations of my position as registered agent.

Registered Agent Signature: MICHAEL REINHOLD

Article V

The name and address of person(s) authorized to manage LLC:

Title: AMBR SBA TELECOMMUNICATIONS, LLC

8051 CONGRESS AVENUE BOCA RATON, FL. 33487

Signature of member or an authorized representative

Electronic Signature: THOMAS P. HUNT

I am the member or authorized representative submitting these Articles of Organization and affirm that the facts stated herein are true. I am aware that false information submitted in a document to the Department of State constitutes a third degree felony as provided for in s.817.155, F.S. I understand the requirement to file an annual report between January 1st and May 1st in the calendar year following formation of the LLC and every year thereafter to maintain "active" status.

L15000143017 FILED 8:00 AM August 20, 2015 Sec. Of State vherring

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA SECRETARY OF STATE

APR 0 1 2016

APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY

BY A FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY
TO TRANSACT BUSINESS IN SOUTH CAROLINA

TO TRANSACT BUSINESS IN SOUTH CAROLINA

TYPE OR PRINT CLEARLY WITH BLACK INK

The following Foreign Limited Liability Company applies for a Certificate of Authority to Transact Business in South Carolina in accordance with Section 33-44-1002 of the 1976 South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended.

The name of the State of Florida	or Country under whose law the compar	ny is organized is
The street address of th	ne Limited Liability Company's principal	office is
8051 Congress Avenue	, , , , ,	
	Street Address	
Boca Raton	Florida	33449
City	State	Zip Code
The address of the Limi	ted Liability Company's current designs	tod office in South Constitution
The address of the Limi	ted Liability Company's current designa	ted office in South Carolina is
	ted Liability Company's current designa Street Address	ted office in South Carolina is
	Street Address	ted office in South Carolina is
6650 Rivers Avenue	Street Address	ted office in South Carolina is Zip Code
North Charlston, SC 294	Street Address	Zip Code
North Charlston, SC 294 City The street address of the	Street Address 906 State	Zip Code
North Charlston, SC 294 City The street address of the Carolina is	Street Address 906 State	Zip Code
North Charlston, SC 294 City The street address of the Carolina is 6650 Rivers Avenue North Charlston, SC 2946	Street Address Of State Limited Liability Company's initial age Street Address	Zip Code
North Charlston, SC 294 City The street address of the Carolina is 6650 Rivers Avenue	Street Address Of State Limited Liability Company's initial age Street Address	Zip Code
North Charlston, SC 294 City The street address of the Carolina is 6650 Rivers Avenue North Charlston, SC 2946 City	Street Address Of State Limited Liability Company's initial age Street Address	Zip Code nt for service of process in Sout

160401-0064 FILED: 04/01/2016

SBA DAS & SMALL CELLS, LLC

Filing Fee: \$110.00 ORIG

mond South Carolina Secretary of State

Mark Hammond

7.	[]	Check this box if the company is manager-managed. If so, list the names and business addresses of each manager
	a.	Name
		Name
		Business Address
		City State ZIp Code
b.		Name
		Business Address
		City State Zip Code
8.		Check this box if one or more members of the foreign limited liability company are to be liable for the company's debt and obligation under a provision similar to Section 33-44-303(c) of the 1976 South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended.
	===	Signature SBA TELECOMMUNICATIONS, LLC - Member By: Wristing Roy, Special Manager
		Name
		FILING INSTRUCTIONS
1,		This application must be accompanied by an original certificate of existence not more than 30 days old (or a record of similar import) authenticated by the Secretary of State or other official having custody of the Limited Liability Company records in the state or country under which it is organized.
2.		File two copies of these articles, the original and either a duolicate priginal or a conformed copy.

- 2.
- If management of a limited liability company is vested in managers, a manager shall execute this form. If management of a limited liability company is reserved to the members, a member shall execute this form. Specify whether a member or manager is executing this form. 3.
- This form must be accompanied by the filing fee of \$110.00 payable to the Secretary of State. 4.

Return to: Secretary of State 1205 Pendleton Street, Suite 525 Columbia, SC 29201

The State of South Carolina



Office of Secretary of State Mark Hammond

Certificate of Authority

I, Mark Hammond, Secretary of State of South Carolina, Hereby Certify that:

SBA DAS & SMALL CELLS, LLC, a limited liability company duly organized under the laws of the State of FLORIDA, and issued a certificate of authority to transact business in South Carolina on April 1st, 2016, with a duration that is at will, has as of this date filed all reports due this office, paid all fees, taxes and penalties owed to the State, that the Secretary of State has not mailed notice to the company that it is subject to being dissolved by administrative action pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. §33-44-809, and that the company has not filed a certificate of cancellation as of the date hereof.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of the State of South Carolina this 1st day of April, 2016.

Mark Hammond, Secretary of State

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC EXHIBIT B

Officers, Directors and Legal Counsel

Officers

Martin Aljovin	Vice President
Brian Allen	Senior Vice President
Brendan Cavanagh	Executive Vice President
_	Chief Financial Officer
	Assistant Secretary
	Treasurer
Mark Ciarfella	Vice President
Kevin Gallagher	Vice President
Lawrence Harris	Vice President
Alyssa Houlihan	Vice President
Thomas P. Hunt	Executive Vice President
	Chief Administrative Officer
	Executive Vice President
	General Counsel
	Secretary
	Assistant Treasurer
Joshua Koenig	Vice President
	Assistant Secretary
	Assistant Treasurer
Brian Lazarus	Senior Vice President
	Chief Accounting Officer
Pat O'Donnell	Vice President
Jill Patterson	Vice President
Ed Roach	Vice President
David Sams	Vice President
Sharon Schwartz	Vice President
Neil Seidman	Senior Vice President
Jason Silberstein	Executive Vice President
Jeffery A. Stoops	Chief Executive Officer
	President
	Assistant Secretary
	Assistant Treasurer

Legal Counsel

Melissa Anderson	Corporate Counsel
John J. Pringle, Jr.	Outside Counsel, Adams and Reese LLP
Lyndey Ritz Zwing	Outside Counsel, Adams and Reese LLP
T. Scott Thompson	Outside Counsel, Davis Wright Tremaine, LLP
Ryan Appel	Outside Counsel, Davis Wright Tremaine, LLP

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC

EXHIBIT C

Financial Statements



SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORP

FORM 10-K (Annual Report)

Filed 02/26/16 for the Period Ending 12/31/15

Address 8051 CONGRESS AVENUE

BOCA RATON, FL 33487

Telephone 5612269345

CIK 0001034054

Symbol SBAC

SIC Code 4899 - Communications Services, Not Elsewhere Classified

Industry Communications Services

Sector Services

Fiscal Year 12/31



UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

oxtimes ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
--

For the fiscal year of	ended December 31, 2015 OR
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period f	romto
Commission file	e number: 000-30110
	TIONS CORPORATION ant as specified in its charter)
Florida (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	65-0716501 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
8051 Congress Avenue Boca Raton, Florida (Address of principal executive offices)	33487 (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number	r, including area code (561) 995-7670
Securities registered pursu	nant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
<u>Title of Each Class</u> Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (NASDAQ Global Select Market)
•	uant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defi	ned in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes \boxtimes No \square
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to	o Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes \square No \boxtimes
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the d to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past
	posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be ing 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit
	f Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of sted by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an acceleration of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting the contract of the cont	
Large accelerated filer ⊠	Accelerated filer
Non-Accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting company \Box
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in	Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes □ No ⊠

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$14.5 billion as of June 30, 2015.

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock (as of February 19, 2016): Class A common stock — 12.5, 257, 417

Documents Incorporated By Reference

Portions of the Registrant's definitive proxy statement for its 2016 annual meeting of shareholders, which proxy statement will be filed no later than 120 days after the close of the Registrant's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, are hereby incorporated by reference in Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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ITEM 1. BUSINESS

General

We are a leading independent owner and operator of wireless communications tower structures, rooftops and other structures that support antennas used for wireless communications, which we collectively refer to as "towers" or "sites." Our principal operations are in the United States and its territories. In addition, we own and operate towers in South America, Central America, and Canada. Our primary business line is our site leasing business, which contributed 96.8% of our total segment operating profit for the year ended December 31, 2015. In our site leasing business, we (1) lease antenna space to wireless service providers on towers that we own or operate and (2) manage rooftop and tower sites for property owners under various contractual arrangements. As of December 31, 2015, we owned 25,465 towers, a substantial portion of which have been built by us or built by other tower owners or operators who, like us, have built such towers to lease space to multiple wireless service providers. We also managed or leased approximately 5,500 actual or potential towers, approximately 500 of which were revenue producing as of December 31, 2015. Our other business line is our site development business, through which we assist wireless service providers in developing and maintaining their own wireless service networks.

Site Leasing Services

Our primary focus is the leasing of antenna space on our multi-tenant towers to a variety of wireless service providers under long-term lease contracts in the United States, Canada, Central America, and South America. We receive s ite leasing revenues primarily from wireless service provider tenants, including AT&T, Sprint, T-Mobile, Verizon Wireless, Oi S.A., Telefonica, Claro, and Digicel. Wireless service providers enter into tenant leases with us, each of which relates to the lease or use of space at an individual site. Our site leasing business generates substantially all of our total segment operating profit, representing 96.2% or more of our total segment operating profit for the past three years. O ur site leasing business is classified into two reportable segments, domestic site leasing and international site leasing.

Domestic Site Leasing

As of December 31, 2015, we had 15,778 sites in the United States. For the year ended December 31, 2015, we generated 83.5% of our total site leasing revenue from these sites. We receive d omestic site leasing revenues primarily from AT&T, Sprint, Verizon Wireless, and T-Mobile. In the United States, wireless service providers typically enter into tenant leases with us, each of which relates to the lease or use of space at an individual tower. Our tenant leases in the United States are generally for an initial term of five to ten years with five 5-year renewal periods at the option of the tenant. These tenant leases typically contain specific rent escalators, which typically average 3-4% per year, for both the initial and renewal option periods. Our ground leases in the United States are generally for an initial term of five years or more with multiple renewal terms of 5-year periods, at our option, and provide for rent escalators which typically average 2-3% annually.

International Site Leasing

In 2015, we continued to focus on growing our international site leasing business through the acquisition and development of towers. We believe that we can create substantial value by expanding our site leasing services into select international markets which we believe have a high-growth wireless industry and relatively stable political and regulatory environments. As of December 31, 2015, we owned 9,687 towers in our international markets, including Brazil, Canada, Costa Rica, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Nicaragua, and Panama. We receive i nternational site leasing revenues primarily from Oi S.A., Telefonica, Claro, Digicel, and TIM. Our operations in these countries are solely in the site leasing business, and we expect to continue to expand operations through new builds and acquisitions.

Our tenant leases in Canada typically have similar terms and conditions as those in the United States with an initial term of five to ten years with five 5-year renewal periods at the option of the tenant. These tenant leases typically contain specific rent escalators, which average 3-4% per year. Tenant leases in our Central America n and South American markets typically have an initial term of ten years with multiple five year renewal periods. In Central America, we have similar rent escalators to that of leases in the United States and Canada while our leases in South America typically escalate in accordance with a standard cost of living index. In Brazil, site leases are typically governed by master lease agreements, which provide for the material terms and conditions that will govern the terms of the use of the site. S ite leases in South America typically provide for a fixed rental amount and a pass-through charge for the underlying ground lease rent. Our ground leases in Canada, Central America and South America generally have similar terms and conditions as those in the United States, except that the annual escalator s in our South America n ground leases are based on a cost of living index.

Domestic and International Expansion

We expand our tower portfolio, both domestically and internationally, through the acquisition of towers from third parties and through the construction of new tower structures. In our tower acquisition program, we pursue towers that meet or exceed our internal guidelines regarding current and future potential returns. For each acquisition, we prepare various analyses that include projections of a five-year unlevered internal rate of return, review of available capacity, future lease up projections, and a summary of current and future tenant/technology mix.

The majority of our international markets typically have less mature wireless networks with limited wireline infrastructure and lower wireless data penetration rates than those in the United States. Accordingly, our expansion in these markets is primarily driven by (i) wireless service providers seeking to increase the quality and coverage of their networks, (ii) increased consumer mobile data traffic, such as media streaming, mobile apps and games, web browsing, and email, and (iii) incremental spectrum auctions, which have resulted in new market entrants, as well as incremental voice and data network deployments. Since we first entered the Central and South American markets, we have built or acquired 9,430 towers and continue to expand in these markets to respond to growing demand.

We consider various factors when identifying a market for our international expansion, including:

- Country analysis We consider the country's political stability, and whether the country's general business, legal and regulatory
 environment is conducive to the sustainability and growth of our business.
- Market potential We analyze the expected demand for wireless services, and whether a country has multiple wireless service
 providers who are actively seeking to invest in deploying voice and data networks, as well as spectrum auctions that have occurred
 or that are anticipated to occur.
- Risk adjusted return criteria We consider whether buying or building towers in a country, and providing our management and leasing services, will meet our return criteria. As part of this analysis, we consider the risk of entering into an international market (for example, the impact of foreign currency exchange rates), and how our expansion meets our long-term strategic objectives for the region and our business generally.

In our new build program, we construct tower structures (1) in locations that a re strategically chosen by us or (2) under build-to-suit arrangements. Under build-to-suit arrangements, we build tower structures for wireless service providers at locations that they have identified. Under these arrangements, we retain ownership of the tower structure and the exclusive right to co-locate additional tenants. When we construct tower structures in locations chosen by us, we utilize our knowledge of our customers' network requirements to identify locations where we believe multiple wireless service providers need, or will need, to locate antennas to meet capacity or service demands. We seek to identify attractive locations for new tower structures and complete pre-construction procedures necessary to secure the site concurrently with our leasing efforts. We generally will have at least one signed tenant lease for each new build tower structure on the day that it is completed and expect that some will have multiple tenants. During 2016, we intend to build between 590 and 610 new tower structures, domestically and internationally.

Site Development Services

Our site development business, which is conducted in the United States only, is complementary to our site leasing business and provides us the ability to keep in close contact with the wireless service providers who generate substantially all of our site leasing revenue and to capture ancillary revenues that are generated by our site leasing activities, such as antenna and equipment installation at our towers. We earn s ite development services revenues primarily from the full range of end to end services we provide to wireless service providers or companies providing development or project management services to wireless service providers. Our services include: (1) network pre-design; (2) site audits; (3) identification of potential locations for towers and antennas; (4) support in buying or leasing of the location; (5) assistance in obtaining zoning approvals and permits; (6) tower and related site construction; (7) antenna installation; and (8) radio equipment installation, commissioning, and maintenance. We provide site development services on a local basis, through regional, territory, and project offices. The regional offices are responsible for all site development operations, including hiring employees and opening or closing project offices, and a substantial portion of the sales in such area.

For financial information about our operating segments, please see Note 18 of our Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Form 10-K.

Industry Developments

We believe that growing wireless traffic (particularly data and video), the deployment of additional spectrum, and technology advancements will require wireless service providers to improve their network infrastructure and increase their network capacity resulting in an increase in the number of towers that they u tilize and additions and changes to the equipment they deploy at existing towers. We expect that the wireless communications industry will continue to experience growth as a result of the following trends:

- As wireless traffic continues to grow, carriers are investing to increase the capacity of their networks; and we believe that the
 continued capacity increases will require our customers to add large numbers of additional cell sites and additional new equipment at
 current cell sites.
- Spectrum licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (the "FCC") has enabled continued network development. We
 expect the deployment of currently fallow spectrum and the potential availability of additional spectrum through a planned
 government auction to drive continued network development in the U.S.
- Consumers are increasing their use of wireless data services due to expansion of wireless data applications, such as video, mobile apps and games, web browsing, email and social networking, and continued wireline to wireless migration. Wireless devices such as smartphones, tablets, laptops, and other emerging and embedded devices continue to trend toward being more bandwidth-intensive. As a result, according to industry estimates, global mobile data traffic will grow at an approximately 5 3 % compound annual growth rate from 201 5 to 20 20 and will grow at a rate three times faster than non-mobile data traffic over the same period.
- Consumers list network quality as one of the greatest contributors to their dissatisfaction when terminating or changing service. To
 decrease subscriber churn rate and drive revenue growth, wireless carriers have made substantial capital expenditures on wireless
 networks to improve service quality and expand coverage. For example, U.S. wireless carriers' capital expenditures have increased
 from an estimated \$ 22.9 billion in 20 1 0 to an estimated \$ 31.7 billion in 201 5, and we expect capital expenditures in the
 foreseeable future to remain elevated as wireless carriers continue to improve their networks.

We believe that the world-wide wireless industry will continue to grow and is reasonably well-capitalized, highly competitive and focused on quality and advanced services. Therefore, we expect that we will see a multi-year trend of strong additional demand for tower space from our customers, which we believe will translate into strong leasing growth for us.

Business Strategy

Our primary strategy is to continue to focus on expanding our site leasing business due to its attractive characteristics such as long-term contracts, built-in rent escalators, high operating margins, and low customer churn. The long-term and repetitive nature of the revenue stream of our site leasing business makes it less volatile than our site development business, which is more cyclical. By focusing on our site leasing business, we believe that we can maintain a stable, recurring cash flow stream and reduce our exposure to cyclical changes in customer spending. Key elements of our strategy include:

Maximizing Use of Tower Capacity. We generally have constructed or acquired towers that accommodate multiple tenants and a majority of our towers are high capacity tower structures. Most of our towers have significant capacity available for additional antennas, and we believe that increased use of our towers can be achieved at a low incremental cost. We actively market space on our towers through our internal sales force. As of December 31, 2015, we had an average of 1.8 tenants per tower structure.

Disciplined Growth of our Tower Portfolio . We believe that our tower operations are highly scalable. Consequently, we believe that we are able to materially increase our tower portfolio without proportionately increasing selling, general, and administrative expenses. During 2016, we intend to continue to grow our tower portfolio, domestically and internationally, through tower acquisitions and the construction of new tower structures. In connection with our international expansion, we have targeted select international markets that we believe have relatively stable political environments and a growing wireless communications industry. We intend to use our available cash from operating activities and available liquidity, including borrowings, to build and/or acquire new towers at prices that we believe will be accretive to our shareholders both in the short and long term and which allow us to maintain our long-term target leverage ratios.

Capitalizing on our Scale and Management Experience. We are a large owner, operator and developer of towers, with substantial capital, human, and operating resources. We have been developing towers for wireless service providers in the U.S. since 1989 and owned and operated towers for ourselves since 1997. We believe our size, experience, capabilities, and resources make us a preferred partner for wireless service providers both in the U.S. and internationally. Our management team has extensive experience in site leasing and site development, with some of the longest tenures in the tower and site development industries. We believe that our

i ndustry expertise and strong relationships with wireless service providers will allow us to expand our position as a leading provider of site leasing and site development services.

Controlling our Underlying Land Positions . We have purchased and/or entered into perpetual easements or long-term leases for the land that underlies our tower structures and intend to continue to do so, to the extent available at commercially reasonable prices. We believe that these purchases, perpetual easements, and/or long-term leases will increase our margins, improve our cash flow from operations, and minimize our exposure to increases in ground lease rents in the future. As of December 31, 2015, approximately 73% of our tower structures were located on land that we own or control for more than 20 years and the average remaining life under our ground leases, including renewal options under our control, was 33 years. As of December 31, 2015, approximately 5.8% of our tower structures have ground leases maturing in the next 10 years.

Using our Local Presence to Build Strong Relationships with Major Wireless Service Providers. Given the nature of towers as location-specific communications facilities, we believe that substantially all of what we do is done best locally. Consequently, we have a broad field organization that allows us to develop and capitalize on our experience, expertise and relationships in each of our local markets which in turn enhances our customer relationships. We are seeking to replicate this operating model internationally. Due to our presence in local markets, we believe we are well positioned to capture additional site leasing business and new tower build opportunities in our markets and identify and participate in site development projects across our markets.

Customers

Since commencing operations, we have performed site leasing and site development services for all of the large U.S. wireless service providers. In both our site leasing and site development businesses, we work with large national providers and smaller regional, local, or private operators.

We depend on a relatively small number of customers for our site leasing and site development revenues. The following customers represented at least 10% of our total revenues during the last three years:

		For the year ended December 31,		
Percentage of Total Revenues	2015	2014	2013	
AT&T Wireless (1)	24.2%	23.0%	20.5%	
Sprint	19.6%	23.4%	25.0%	
T-Mobile	16.0%	15.5%	17.3%	
Verizon Wireless	13.8%	12.0%	11.3%	

(1) Prior year amounts have been adjusted to reflect the merger of AT&T Wireless and Leap Wireless (Cricket Wireless).

During the past two years, we provided services or leased space to a number of customers, including:

AT&T Wireless	NII Holdings	Sprint
Cellular South	Ntelos	T-Mobile
Claro	Mastec	TIM
Digicel	Oi S.A.	Telefonica
Ericsson, Inc.	Overland Contracting	U.S. Cellular
Goodman Networks	SouthernLinc	Verizon Wireless

Sales and Marketing

Our sales and marketing goals are to:

- use existing relationships and develop new relationships with wireless service providers to lease antenna space on and sell related services with respect to our owned or managed towers, enabling us to grow our site leasing business; and
- successfully bid and win those site development services contracts that will contribute to our operating margins and/or provide a financial or strategic benefit to our site leasing business.

We approach sales on a company-wide basis, involving many of our employees. We have a dedicated sales force that is supplemented by members of our executive management team. Our dedicated salespeople are based regionally as well as in our corporate office. We also rely on our vice presidents, general managers, and other operations personnel to sell our services and cultivate customers. Our strategy is to delegate sales efforts by geographic region or to those employees of ours who have the best relationships with our customers. Most wireless service providers have national corporate headquarters with regional and local offices. We believe that wireless service providers make most decisions for site development and site leasing services at the regional and local levels with input from their corporate headquarters. Our sales representatives work with wireless service provider representatives at the regional and local levels and at the national level when appropriate. Our sales staff's compensation is heavily weighted to incentive-based goals and measurements.

Competition

Domestic Site Leasing – In the U.S., our primary competitors for our site leasing activities are (1) the national independent tower companies including American Tower Corporation and Crown Castle International, (2) a large number of regional independent tower owners, (3) wireless service providers that own and operate their own towers and lease, or may in the future decide to lease, antenna space to other providers, and (4) alternative facilities such as rooftops, outdoor and indoor distributed antenna system ("DAS") networks, billboards, and electric transmission towers. American Tower and Crown Castle have significantly more towers than we do, which could provide them a competitive advantage in negotiating with wireless service providers. Furthermore, these entities generally have greater financial resources than we do which may provide them with a competitive advantage in connection with the acquisition of material tower portfolios. However, we believe that tower location and capacity have been and will continue to be the most significant competitive factors affecting the site leasing business. Other competitive factors are quality of service to our tenants and price.

International Site Leasing — O ur competition consists of wireless service providers that own and operate their own tower networks, as well as large national and regional independent tower companies.

Site Development – The site development business is extremely competitive and price sensitive. We believe that the majority of our competitors in the U.S. site development business operate within local market areas exclusively, while some firms offer their services nationally. The market includes participants from a variety of market segments offering individual, or combinations of, competing services. The field of competitors includes site development consultants, zoning consultants, real estate firms, right-of-way consulting firms, construction companies, tower owners/managers, radio frequency engineering consultants, telecommunications equipment vendors, which provide end-to-end site development services through multiple subcontractors, and wireless service providers' internal staff. We believe that providers base their decisions for site development services on a number of criteria, including company experience, price, track record, local reputation, geographic reach, and time for completion of a project.

Employees

Our executive, corporate development, accounting, finance, human resources, legal and regulatory, information technology and site administration personnel, and our network operations center, are located in our headquarters in Boca Raton, Florida. Certain sales, new tower build support and tower maintenance personnel are also located in our Boca Raton office. Our remaining employees are based in our international, regional, and local offices.

As of December 31, 2015, we had 1,310 employees of which 230 were based outside of the U.S. and its territories. We consider our employee relations to be good.

Regulatory and Environmental Matters

Federal Regulations. In the U.S., which accounted for 83.5% of our total site leasing revenue for the year ended December 31, 2015, both the FCC and the Federal Aviation Administration (the "FAA") regulate towers. Many FAA requirements are implemented in FCC regulations. These regulations, which were amended in 2014, govern the construction, lighting, and painting or other marking of towers, as well as the maintenance, inspection, and record keeping related to towers, and may, depending on the characteristics of particular towers, require prior approval and registration of towers before they may be constructed, altered or used. Wireless communications equipment and radio or television stations operating on towers are separately regulated and may require independent customer licensing depending upon the particular frequency or frequency band used. In addition, any applicant for an FCC tower structure registration (through the FCC's Antenna Structure Registration System) must certify that, consistent with the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, neither the applicant nor its principals are subject to a denial of Federal benefits because of a conviction for the possession or distribution of a controlled substance. New tower construction also requires approval from the state or local governing

authority for the proposed site: compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA"); compliance with the National Historic Preservation Act ("NHPA"); compliance with the Endangered Species Act ("ESA"); and may require notification to the FAA.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the FCC, in conjunction with the FAA, has developed standards to consider proposals involving new or modified towers. These standards mandate that the FCC and the FAA consider the height of the proposed tower, the relationship of the tower to existing natural or man-made obstructions, and the proximity of the tower to runways and airports. Proposals to construct or to modify existing towers above certain heights must be reviewed by the FAA to ensure the structure will not present a hazard to air navigation. The FAA may condition its issuance of a no-hazard determination upon compliance with specified lighting and/or painting requirements. Towers that meet certain height and location criteria must also be registered with the FCC. A tower that requires FAA clearance will not be registered by the FCC until it is cleared by the FAA. Upon registration, the FCC may also require special lighting and/or painting. Owners of wireless communications towers may have an obligation to maintain painting and lighting or other marking in conformance with FAA and FCC regulations. Tower owners and licensees that operate on those towers also bear the responsibility of monitoring any lighting systems and notifying the FAA of any lighting outage or malfunction.

Owners and operators of towers may be subject to, and therefore must comply with, environmental laws, including NEPA, NHPA and ESA. Any licensed radio facility on a tower is subject to environmental review pursuant to the NEPA, among other statutes, which requires federal agencies to evaluate the environmental impact of their decisions under certain circumstances. The FCC has issued regulations implementing the NEPA. These regulations place responsibility on applicants to investigate potential environmental effects of their operations and to disclose any potential significant effects on the environment in an environmental assessment prior to constructing or modifying a tower and prior to commencing certain operations of wireless communications or radio or television stations from the tower. In the event the FCC determines the proposed structure or operation would have a significant environmental impact based on the standards the FCC has developed, the FCC would be required to prepare an environmental impact statement, which will be subject to public comment. This process could significantly delay the registration of a particular tower.

We generally indemnify our customers against any failure to comply with applicable regulatory standards relating to the construction, modification, or placement of towers. Failure to comply with the applicable requirements may lead to civil penalties.

The Telecommunications Act of 1996 amended the Communications Act of 1934 by preserving state and local zoning authorities' jurisdiction over the construction, modification, and placement of towers. The law, however, limits local zoning authority by prohibiting any action that would discriminate among different providers of personal wireless services or ban altogether the construction, modification or placement of radio communication towers. Finally, the Telecommunications Act of 1996 requires the federal government to help licensees for wireless communications services gain access to preferred sites for their facilities. This may require that federal agencies and departments work directly with licensees to make federal property available for tower facilities.

As an owner and operator of real property, we are subject to certain environmental laws that impose strict, joint and several liability for the cleanup of on-site or off-site contamination and related personal injury or property damage. We are also subject to certain environmental laws that govern tower placement and may require pre-construction environmental studies. Operators of towers must also take into consideration certain radio frequency ("RF") emissions regulations that impose a variety of procedural and operating requirements. Certain proposals to operate wireless communications and radio or television stations from tower structures are also reviewed by the FCC to ensure compliance with requirements relating to human exposure to RF emissions. Exposure to high levels of RF energy can produce negative health effects. The potential connection between low-level RF energy and certain negative health effects, including some forms of cancer, has been the subject of substantial study by the scientific community in recent years. We believe that we are in substantial compliance with and we have no material liability under any applicable environmental laws. These costs of compliance with existing or future environmental laws and liability related thereto may have a material adverse effect on our prospects, financial condition or results of operations.

State and Local Regulations. Most states regulate certain aspects of real estate acquisition, leasing activities, and construction activities. Where required, we conduct the site acquisition portions of our site development services business through licensed real estate brokers' agents, who may be our employees or hired as independent contractors, and conduct the construction portions of our site development services through licensed contractors, who may be our employees or independent contractors. Local regulations include city and other local ordinances, zoning restrictions and restrictive covenants imposed by community developers. These regulations vary greatly from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, but typically require tower owners to obtain approval from local officials or community standards organizations, or certain other entities prior to tower construction and establish regulations regarding maintenance and removal of towers. In addition, many local zoning authorities require tower owners to post bonds or cash collateral to secure their removal obligations. Local zoning authorities generally have been unreceptive to construction of new towers in their communities because of the height and visibility of the towers, and have, in some instances, instituted moratoria.

International . Regulatory regimes outside of the U.S. and its territories vary by country and locality; however, these regulations typically require tower owners and/or licensees to obtain approval from local officials or government agencies prior to tower construction or modification or the addition of a new antenna to an existing tower. Additionally, some regulations include ongoing obligations regarding painting, lighting, and maintenance. Our international operations may also be subject to limitations on foreign ownership of land in certain areas. Based on our experience to date, these regimes have been similar to, but not more rigorous, burdensome or comprehensive than, those in the U.S. Non-compliance with such regulations may lead to monetary penalties or deconstruction orders. Our international operations are also subject to various regulations and guidelines regarding employee relations and other occupational health and safety matters. As we expand our operations into additional international geographic areas, we will be subject to regulations in these jurisdictions.

Backlog

Backlog related to our site leasing business consists of lease agreements and amendments, which have been signed, but have not yet commenced. As of December 31, 2015, we had 697 new leases and amendments which had been executed with customers but which had not begun generating revenue. These leases and amendments will contractually provide for approximately \$6.6 million of annual revenue. By comparison, as of December 31, 2014, we had 264 new leases and amendments which had been executed with customers but which had not begun generating revenue. These leases and amendments contractually provided for approximately \$3.8 million of annual revenue.

Our backlog for site development services consists of the value of work that has not yet been completed under executed contracts. As of December 31, 2015, we had approximately \$30.7 million of contractually committed revenue as compared to approximately \$66.2 million as of December 31, 2014.

Availability of Reports and Other Information

SBA Communications Corporation was incorporated in the State of Florida in March 1997. Our corporate website is www.sbasite.com. We make available, free of charge, access to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A and amendments to those materials filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, on our website under "Investor Relations – Reports and Results – SEC Filings," as soon as reasonably practicable after we file electronically such material with, or furnish it to, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission").

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Risks Related to Our Business

If our wireless service provider customers combine their operations to a significant degree, our future operating results and our ability to service our indebtedness could be adversely affected.

Significant consolidation among our wireless service provider customers may result in our customers failing to renew existing leases for tower space or reducing future capital expenditures in the aggregate because their existing networks and expansion plans may overlap or be very similar, or acquired technologies may be discontinued. In connection with the combinations of Verizon Wireless and ALLTEL (to form Verizon Wireless), Cingular and AT&T Wireless (to form AT&T Mobility) and Sprint PCS and Nextel (to form Sprint), the combined companies have rationalized and may continue to rationalize duplicative parts of their networks, and, in the case of Sprint, the Nextel iDen network was discontinued, which has led and may continue to lead to the non-renewal of certain leases on our towers. During 2013, Sprint acquired Clearwire Communications and T-Mobile acquired MetroPCS, and in 2014, AT&T acquired Leap Wireless (Cricket Wireless). This consolidation may also lead to additional non-renewal of certain of our tower leases. If our wireless service provider customers continue to consolidate as a result of, among other factors, limited wireless spectrum for commercial use in the U.S., this consolidation could significantly impact the number of tower leases that are not renewed or the number of new leases that our wireless service provider customers require to expand their networks, which could materially and adversely affect our future operating results.

We have a substantial level of indebtedness which may have an adverse effect on our business or limit our ability to take advantage of business, strategic or financing opportunities.

As indicated below, we have and will continue to have a significant amount of indebtedness relative to our deficit. The following table sets forth our total principal amount of debt and shareholders' deficit as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

	 As of December 31,		,
	 2015		2014
	(in thou	isands)	
Total principal amount of indebtedness	\$ 8,555,000	\$	7,870,000
Shareholders' deficit	\$ (1,706,144)	\$	(660,800)

Our substantial level of indebtedness increases the possibility that we may be unable to generate cash sufficient to pay the principal, interest, or other amounts due on our indebtedness. Subject to certain restrictions under our existing indebtedness, we and our subsidiaries may also incur significant additional indebtedness in the future, some of which may be secured debt. This may have the effect of increasing our total leverage. For example, on June 10, 2015, SBA Senior Finance II secured a new \$500.0 m illion senior secured Term Loan, and on October 1 4, 2015, we, through a New York common law trust, issued \$500.0 m illion aggregate principal amount of Secured Tower Revenue Securities.

As a consequence of our indebtedness, (1) demands on our cash resources may increase, (2) we are subject to restrictive covenants that further limit our financial and operating flexibility and (3) we may choose to institute self-imposed limits on our indebtedness based on certain considerations including market interest rates, our relative leverage and our strategic plans. For example, as a result of our substantial level of indebtedness and the uncertainties arising in the credit markets and the U.S. economy:

- we may be more vulnerable to general adverse economic and industry conditions;
- we may have to pay higher interest rates upon refinancing or on our variable rate indebtedness if interest rates rise, thereby reducing our cash flows;
- we may find it more difficult to obtain additional financing to fund future working capital, capital expenditures and other general corporate requirements that would be in our best long-term interests;
- we may be required to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to the payment of principal and interest on our debt, reducing the available cash flow to fund other investments, including tower acquisition and new build capital expenditures;
- we may have limited flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business or in the industry;
- · we may have a competitive disadvantage relative to other companies in our industry that are less leveraged; and
- we may be required to sell debt or equity securities or sell some of our core assets, possibly on unfavorable terms, in order to meet payment obligations.

These restrictions could have a material adverse effect on our business by limiting our ability to take advantage of financing, new tower development, mergers and acquisitions or other opportunities.

In addition, fluctuations in market interest rates may increase interest expense relating to our floating rate indebtedness, which we expect to incur under our Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loans, and may make it difficult to refinance our existing indebtedness at a commercially reasonable rate or at all. There is no guarantee that the future refinancing of our indebtedness will have fixed interest rates or that interest rates on such indebtedness will be equal to or lower than the rates on our current indebtedness.

We depend on a relatively small number of customers for most of our revenue, and the loss, consolidation or financial instability of any of our significant customers may materially decrease our revenues.

We derive a significant portion of our revenue from a small number of customers. Consequently, a reduction in demand for site leasing, reduced future capital expenditures on the networks, or the loss, as a result of bankruptcy, merger with other customers of ours or otherwise, of any of our largest customers could materially decrease our revenue and have an adverse effect on our growth.

The following is a list of significant customers (representing at least 10% of revenue in any of the last three years) and the percentage of our total revenues for the specified time periods derived from these customers:

	For the year	For the year ended December 31,		
Percentage of Total Revenues	2015	2014	2013	
AT&T Wireless (1)	24.2%	23.0%	20.5%	
Sprint	19.6%	23.4%	25.0%	
T-Mobile	16.0%	15.5%	17.3%	
Verizon Wireless	13.8%	12.0%	11.3%	

We also have client concentrations with respect to revenues in each of our financial reporting segments:

		For the year ended December 31,		
Percentage of Domestic Site Leasing Revenue	2015	2014	2013	
AT&T Wireless (1)	31.9%	30.1%	25.5%	
Sprint	22.3%	25.6%	30.9%	
T-Mobile	19.0%	19.2%	20.2%	
Verizon Wireless	16.3%	14.4%	13.3%	
	For the year	For the year ended December 31,		
Percentage of International Site Leasing Revenue	2015	2014	2013	
0.84	40.00/	44.20/	C 20/	

Percentage of International Site Leasing Revenue	2015	2014	2013
Oi S.A.	48.8%	44.3%	6.3%
Telefonica	24.7%	28.8%	44.2%
Digicel	4.6%	4.9%	11.2%

	For the year ended December 31,		
Percentage of Site Development Revenue	2015	2014	2013
Sprint	28.5%	36.7%	1.5%
T-Mobile	17.6%	8.5%	8.4%
Eriesson, Inc.	15.3%	16.8%	34.5%
Verizon Wireless	14.8%	10.1%	4.8%

(1) Prior year amounts have been adjusted to reflect the merger of AT&T Wireless and Leap Wireless (Cricket Wireless).

We derive r evenue through numerous site leasing contracts and site development contracts. Each site leasing contract relates to the lease of space at an individual tower and is generally for an initial term of five to ten years in the U.S. and Canada, and renewable for five 5-year periods at the option of the tenant. Site leasing contracts in our Central American and South American markets typically have an initial term of ten years with multiple five year renewal periods. However, if any of our significant site leasing customers were to experience financial difficulty, substantially reduce their capital expenditures or reduce their dependence on leased tower space and fail to renew their leases with us, our revenues, future revenue growth and results of operations would be adversely affected.

Our site development customers engage us on a project-by-project basis, and a customer can generally terminate an assignment at any time without penalty. In addition, a customer's need for site development services can decrease, and we may not be successful in establishing relationships with new customers. Furthermore, our existing customers may not continue to engage us for additional projects.

Currency fluctuations may negatively affect our results of operations.

We have business operations in Canada, Central America, and South America. Our operations in Central America and Ecuador are primarily denominated in United States Dollars, while our operations in Canada and Brazil are denominated in local currencies. Our foreign currency denominated revenues and expenses are translated into United States dollars at applicable exchange rates for inclusion in our consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, approximately 15% of our total cash site leasing revenue was generated by our International operations, of which 11.2% was generated in non-US dollar currencies, including 10.5% which was generated in Brazilian R eais. The exchange rates between our foreign currencies and the United States Dollar have fluctuated significantly recently and may continue to do so in the future. For example, the Brazilian Real has historically been subject to substantial volatility and devalued 49.2% when comparing the spot rate on January 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015. This trend has adversely affected, and may in the future continue to adversely affect, our reported results of operations.

Changes in exchange rates between these local currencies and the United States Dollar will affect the recorded levels of site leasing revenue, segment operating profit, assets and/or liabilities. Volatility in foreign currency exchange rates can also affect our ability to plan, forecast and budget for our international operations and expansion efforts.

Furthermore, we have an intercompany loan agreement which permits one of our Brazilian entities to borrow amounts up to \$750.0 million. As of December 31, 2015, the outstanding balance under this agreement was \$455.8 million. In accordance with ASC 830, we remeasure foreign denominated intercompany loans with the corresponding change in the balance being recorded in Other income (expense), net in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. Consequently, if the U.S. Dollar continues to strengthen against the Brazilian Real, our results of operations would be adversely affected. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, we recorded \$178.9 million and \$23.0 million, respectively, of foreign exchange losses on the remeasurement of intercompany loans.

If we are unable to protect our rights to the land under our towers, it could adversely affect our business and operating results.

Our real property interests relating to our tower structures consist primarily of leasehold and sub-leasehold interests, fee interests, easements, licenses, rights-of-way, and other similar interests. From time to time, we experience disputes with landowners regarding the terms of the agreements for the land under our tower structures, which can affect our ability to access and operate such towers. Further, landowners may not want to renew their agreements with us, they may lose their rights to the land, or they may transfer their land interests to third parties, including ground lease aggregators and our competitors, which could affect our ability to renew agreements on commercially viable terms or at all. In addition, the land underlying the 2,113 towers we acquired in 2013 from Oi S.A., one of Brazil's largest telecommunications providers, is subject to a concession from the Federal Republic of Brazil that expires in 2025. At the end of the term, the Brazilian government will have the right to (i) renew the concession upon newly negotiated terms or (ii) terminate the concession and take possession of the land and the tower on such land. Although Oi S.A. has entered into a non-terminable lease with us for 35 years, if the concession is not renewed, our site leasing revenue from co-located tenants would terminate prior to the end of such lease. For the year ended December 31, 2015, we generated 13.0% of our total international site leasing revenue from these 2,113 towers of which 10.2% related to Oi S.A. and 2.8% represented revenue from co-located tenants.

As of December 31, 2015, the average remaining life under our ground leases, including renewal options under our control, was approximately 33 years, and approximately 5.8% of our tower structures have ground leases maturing in the next 10 years. Failure to protect our rights to the land under our towers may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations or financial condition.

New technologies or network architecture may reduce demand for our wireless infrastructure or negatively impact our revenues.

Improvements or changes in the efficiency, architecture, and design of wireless networks may reduce the demand for our wireless infrastructure. For example, new technologies that may promote network sharing, joint development, or resale agreements by our customers, such as signal combining technologies or network functions virtualization, may reduce the need for our wireless infrastructure. In addition, other technologies and architectures, such as WiFi, DAS, femtocells, other small cells, or satellite (such as low earth orbiting) and mesh transmission systems may, in the future, serve as substitutes for, or alternatives to, the traditional macro site cellular architecture that is the basis of substantially all of our site leasing business. In addition, new technologies that enhance the range, efficiency, and capacity of wireless equipment could reduce demand for our wireless infrastructure. Any significant reduction in demand for our wireless infrastructure resulting from new technologies or new architectures may negatively impact our revenues or otherwise have a material adverse effect on us.

Increasing competition may negatively impact our ability to grow our communication site portfolio long term.

We intend to continue growing our tower portfolio, domestically and internationally, through acquisitions and new builds. Our ability to meet our growth targets significantly depends on our ability to build or acquire existing towers that meet our investment requirements. Traditionally, our acquisition strategy has focused on acquiring towers from smaller tower companies, independent tower developers and wireless service providers. However, as a result of consolidation in the tower industry there are fewer of these mid-sized tower transactions available and there is more competition to acquire existing towers. Increased competition for acquisitions may result in fewer acquisition opportunities for us, higher acquisition prices, and increased difficulty in negotiating and consummating agreements to acquire such towers. For example, in 2015, we passed on more U.S. acquisitions than we did in 2014 due to asset quality, price, or lease terms. Furthermore, to the extent that the tower acquisition opportunities are for significant tower portfolios, many of our competitors are significantly larger and have greater financial resources than we do. Finally, competition regulations, domestically and internationally, may limit our ability to acquire certain portfolios or apply to us differently than they apply to our competitors. As a result of these risks, the cost of acquiring these towers may be higher than we expect or we may not be able to meet our annual and long-term tower portfolio growth targets. If we are not able to successfully address these challenges, we may not be able to materially increase our tower portfolio in the long-term.

We currently intend to build 5 90 to 610 new towers, domestically and internationally, during 2016. However, our ability to build these new towers is dependent upon the availability of sufficient capital to fund construction, our ability to locate, and acquire at commercially reasonable prices, attractive locations for such towers and our ability to obtain the necessary zoning and permits. Local regulations, including municipal or local ordinances, zoning restrictions and restrictive covenants imposed by community developers, vary greatly, but typically require antenna tower and structure owners to obtain approval from local officials or community standards organizations prior to tower or structure construction or modification. With respect to our international new builds, our tower construction may be delayed or halted as a result of local zoning restrictions, inconsistencies between laws or other barriers to construction in international markets. Due to these risks, it may take longer to complete our new tower builds, domestically and internationally, than anticipated, the costs of constructing these towers may be higher than we expect or we may not be able to add as many towers as we had planned in 2016. If we are not able to increase our tower portfolio as anticipated, it could negatively impact our ability to achieve our financial goals.

Our international operations are subject to econ omic, political and other risks that could materially and adversely affect our revenues or financial position.

Our current business operations in Canada, Central America, and South America, and our expansion into any other international markets in the future, could result in adverse financial consequences and operational problems not typically experienced in the United States. The consolidated revenues generated by our international operations were 14.9% during the year ended December 31, 2015, and we anticipate that our revenues from our international operations will continue to grow in the future. Accordingly, our business is and will in the future be subject to risks associated with doing business internationally, including:

- changes in a specific country's or region's political or economic conditions;
- laws and regulations that tax or otherwise restrict repatriation of earnings or other funds or otherwise limit distributions of capital;
- laws and regulations that dictate how we operate our towers and conduct business, including zoning, maintenance and environmental matters, and laws related to ownership of real property;
- laws and regulations governing our employee relations, including occupational health and safety matters;
- changes to existing or new domestic or international tax laws or fees directed specifically at the ownership and operation of towers, which may be applied and enforced retroactively;
- expropriation and governmental regulation restricting foreign ownership;
- laws effecting telecommunications infrastructure including the sharing of such infrastructure;
- restriction or revocation of spectrum licenses;

- our ability to comply with, and the costs of compliance with, anti-bribery laws such as the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar local anti-bribery laws;
- our ability to compete with owners and operators of wireless towers that have been in the international market for a longer period of time than we have:
- uncertainties regarding legal or judicial systems, including inconsistencies between and within laws, regulations and decrees, and
 judicial application thereof, and delays in the judicial process;
- health or similar issues, such as a pandemic or epidemic;
- difficulty in recruiting and retaining trained personnel; and
- · language and cultural differences.

A slowdown in demand for wireless communications services or for tower space could materially and adversely affect our future growth and revenues, and we cannot control that demand.

Additional revenue growth on our towers other than through contractual escalators comes directly from additional investment by our wireless service provider customers in their networks. If wireless service subscribers significantly reduce their minutes of use or data usage, or fail to widely adopt and use wireless data applications, our wireless service provider customers would experience a decrease in demand for their services. Regardless of consumer demand, each wireless service customer must have substantial capital resources and capabilities to build out their wireless networks, including licenses for spectrum. In addition, our wireless service customers have engaged in increased use of network sharing, roaming or resale arrangements. As a result of all of the above, wireless carriers may scale back their business plans or otherwise reduce their spending, which could materially and adversely affect demand for our tower space and our wireless communications services business, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

We may not be able to fully recognize the anticipated benefits of towers that we acquire.

A key element of our growth strategy is to increase our tower portfolio through acquisitions. We rely on our due diligence of the towers and the representations and financial records of the sellers and other third parties to establish the anticipated revenues and expenses and whether the acquired towers will meet our internal guidelines for current and future potential returns. In addition, we may not always have the ability to analyze and verify all information regarding title, access and other issues regarding the land underlying acquired towers. This is particularly true in our international acquisitions of towers from wireless service providers. To the extent that these towers were acquired in individually material transactions, we may be required to place enhanced reliance on the financial and operational representations and warranties of the sellers. If (i) these records are not complete or accurate, (ii) we do not have complete access to, or use of, the land underlying the acquired towers or (iii) the towers do not achieve the financial results anticipated, it could adversely affect our revenues and results of operations.

In addition, acquisitions which would be material in the aggregate may exacerbate the risks inherent with our growth strategy, such as (i) an adverse impact on our overall profitability if the acquired towers do not achieve the financial results projected in our valuation models, (ii) unanticipated costs associated with the acquisitions that may impact our results of operations for a period, (iii) increased demands on our cash resources that may, among other things, impact our ability to explore other opportunities, (iv) undisclosed and assumed liabilities that we may be unable to recover, (v) increased vulnerability to general economic conditions, (vi) an adverse impact on our existing customer relationships, (vii) additional expenses and exposure to new regulatory, political and economic risks if such acquisitions were in new jurisdictions and (viii) diversion of managerial attention.

We may not successfully integrate acquired towers into our operations.

As part of our growth strategy, we have made and expect to continue to make acquisitions. The process of integrating any acquired towers into our operations may result in unforeseen operating difficulties and large expenditures and may absorb significant management attention that would otherwise be available for the ongoing development of our business. It may also result in the loss of key customers and/or personnel and expose us to unanticipated liabilities. These risks may be exacerbated in those circumstances in which we acquire a material number of towers. Further, we may not be able to retain the key employees that may be necessary to operate the business we acquire, and we may not be able to timely attract new skilled employees and management to replace them.

There can be no assurance that we will be successful in integrating acquisitions into our existing business. This is particularly true in our international acquisitions of towers from wireless service providers.

Delays or changes in the deployment or adoption of new technologies or slowing consumer adoption rates may have a material adverse effect on our growth rate.

There can be no assurances that 3G, 4G, including long-term evolution ("LTE"), advanced wireless service in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, and 2155-2180 MHz bands (the "AWS-3" bands), or other new wireless technologies such as 5G will be deployed or adopted as rapidly as projected or that these new technologies will be implemented in the manner anticipated. The deployment of 3G experienced delays from the original projected timelines of the wireless and broadcast industries, and continued deployment of 4G could experience delays. Additionally, the demand by consumers and the adoption rate of consumers for these new technologies once deployed may be lower or slower than anticipated, particularly in certain of our international markets. These factors could have a material adverse effect on our growth rate since growth opportunities and demand for our tower space as a result of such new technologies may not be realized at the times or to the extent anticipated.

Increasing competition in the tower industry may create pricing pressures that may materially and adversely affect us.

Our industry is highly competitive, and our customers sometimes have alternatives for leasing antenna space. Some of our competitors, such as (1) U.S. and international wireless carriers that allow co-location on their towers and (2) large independent tower companies, have been, and based on recent consolidations continue to be, substantially larger and have greater financial resources than we do. This could provide them with advantages with respect to establishing favorable leasing terms with wireless service providers or in their ability to acquire available towers.

In the site leasing business, we compete with:

- wireless service providers that own and operate their own towers and lease, or may in the future decide to lease, antenna space to other providers;
- · national and regional tower companies; and
- alternative facilities such as rooftops, outdoor and indoor DAS networks, billboards and electric transmission towers.

We believe that tower location and capacity, quality of service, density within a geographic market and, to a lesser extent, price historically have been and will continue to be the most significant competitive factors affecting the site leasing business. However, competitive pricing pressures for tenants on towers from these competitors could materially and adversely affect our lease rates. In addition, we may not be able to renew existing customer leases or enter into new customer leases, resulting in a material adverse impact on our results of operations and growth rate. Increasing competition could also make the acquisition of high quality tower assets more costly, or limit the acquisition opportunities altogether. Any of these factors could materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations or financial condition.

The site development segment of our industry is also extremely competitive. There are numerous large and small companies that offer one or more of the services offered by our site development business. As a result of this competition, margins in this segment may come under pressure. Many of our competitors have lower overhead expenses and therefore may be able to provide services at prices that we consider unprofitable. If margins in this segment were to decrease, our consolidated revenues and our site development segment operating profit could be adversely affected.

The documents governing our indebtedness contain restrictive covenants that could adversely affect our business by limiting our flexibility.

The indentures governing the 5.75% Notes, the 5.625% Notes and the 4.875% Notes, the Senior Credit Agreement, and the Secured Tower Revenue Securities contain restrictive covenants imposing significant operational and financial restrictions on us, including restrictions that may limit our ability to engage in acts that may be in our long-term best interests. Among other things, the covenants under each indenture limit our ability to:

- merge, consolidate or sell assets;
- make restricted payments, including pay dividends or make other distributions;

- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- · enter into sale and leaseback transactions; and
- issue guarantees of indebtedness.

We are required to maintain certain financial ratios under the Senior Credit Agreement. The Senior Credit Agreement, as amended, requires SBA Senior Finance II to maintain speci fic financial ratios, including (1) a ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA not to exceed 6.5 times for any fiscal quarter, (2) a ratio of Consolidated Total Debt and Net Hedge Exposure (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement) to Annualized Borrower EBITDA for the most recently ended fiscal quarter not to exceed 6.5 times for 30 consecutive days and (3) a ratio of Annualized Borrower EBITDA to Annualized Cash Interest Expense (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement) of not less than 2.0 times for any fiscal quarter.

Additionally, the mortgage loan relating to our Tower Securities contains financial covenants that require that the mortgage loan borrowers maintain, on a consolidated basis, a minimum debt service coverage ratio. To the extent that the debt service coverage ratio, as of the end of any calendar quarter, falls to 1.30 times or lower, then all cash flow in excess of amounts required to make debt service payments, to fund required reserves, to pay management fees and budgeted operating expenses and to make other payments required under the loan documents, referred to as "excess cash flow," will be deposited into a reserve account instead of being released to the Borrowers. The funds in the reserve account will not be released to the Borrowers unless the debt service coverage ratio exceeds 1.30 times for two consecutive calendar quarters. If the debt service coverage ratio falls below 1.15 times as of the end of any calendar quarter, then an "amortization period" will commence and all funds on deposit in the reserve account will be applied to prepay the mortgage loan until such time that the debt service coverage ratio exceeds 1.15 times for a calendar quarter.

These covenants could place us at a disadvantage compared to some of our competitors which may have fewer restrictive covenants and may not be required to operate under these restrictions. Further, these covenants could have an adverse effect on our business by limiting our ability to take advantage of financing, new tower development, merger and acquisitions or other opportunities. If we fail to comply with these covenants, it could result in an event of default under our debt instruments. If any default occurs, all amounts outstanding under our outstanding notes and the Senior Credit Agreement may become immediately due and payable.

Our variable rate indebtedness and refinancing obligations subject us to interest rate risk, which could cause our debt service obligations to increase significantly.

Fluctuations in market interest rates may increase interest expense relating to our floating rate indebtedness, which we expect to incur under the Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loans or upon refinancing our fixed rate debt. As a result, we are exposed to interest rate risk. If interest rates were to increase, our debt service obligations on the variable rate indebtedness would increase even though the amount borrowed remained the same, and our net income and cash flows, including cash available for servicing our indebtedness, will correspondingly decrease. There is no guarantee that any future refinancing of our indebtedness will have fixed interest rates or that interest rates on such indebtedness will be equal to or lower than the rates on our current indebtedness. In the future, we may enter into interest rate swaps that involve the exchange of floating for fixed rate interest payments in order to reduce interest rate volatility. However, we may not maintain interest rate swaps with respect to all of our variable rate indebtedness, and any swaps we enter into may not fully mitigate our interest rate risk. We currently have no interest rate swaps.

Our dependence on our subsidiaries for cash flow may negatively affect our business.

We are a holding company with no business operations of our own. Our only significant assets are, and are expected to be, the outstanding capital stock and membership interests of our subsidiaries. We conduct, and expect to continue conducting, all of our business operations through our subsidiaries. Accordingly, our ability to pay our obligations is dependent upon dividends and other distributions from our subsidiaries to us. Most of our indebtedness is owed directly by our subsidiaries, including the mortgage loan underlying the Tower Securities, the 5.75% Notes, the Term Loans and any amounts that we may borrow under the Revolving Credit Facility. Consequently, the first use of any cash flow from operations generated by such subsidiaries will be payments of interest and principal, if any, under their respective indebtedness. Other than the cash required to repay amounts due under our 5.625% Notes and 4.875% Notes, we currently expect that substantially all the earnings and cash flow of our subsidiaries will be retained and used by them in their operations, including servicing their respective debt obligations. The ability of our operating subsidiaries to pay dividends or transfer assets to us is restricted by applicable state law and contractual restrictions, including the terms of their outstanding debt instruments.

Our quarterly operating results for our site development services fluctuate and therefore we may not be able to adjust our cost structure on a timely basis with regard to such fluctuations.

The demand for our site development services fluctuates from quarter to quarter and should not be considered indicative of long-term results. Numerous factors cause these fluctuations, including:

- the timing and amount of our customers' capital expenditures;
- the size and scope of our projects;
- the business practices of customers, such as deferring commitments on new projects until after the end of the calendar year or the customers' fiscal year;
- delays relating to a project or tenant installation of equipment;
- seasonal factors, such as weather, holidays and vacation days and total business days in a quarter;
- the use of third party providers by our customers;
- the rate and volume of wireless service providers' network development; and
- general economic conditions.

Although the demand for our site development services fluctuates, we incur significant fixed costs, such as maintaining a staff and office space, in anticipation of future contracts. In addition, the timing of revenues is difficult to forecast because our sales cycle may be relatively long. Therefore, we may not be able to adjust our cost structure on a timely basis to respond to the fluctuations in demand for our site development services.

We have not been profitable and may incur losses in the future.

Historically, we have not been profitable. The following chart shows the net losses we incurred for the periods indicated:

	 For the year ended December 31,							
	 2015	2014		2013				
		(in thousands)						
Net loss	\$ (175,656)	\$ (24,295)	\$	(55,909)				

Our losses are principally due to depreciation, amortization and accretion expenses, interest expense (including non-cash interest expense and amortization of deferred financing fees), losses from the extinguishment of debt in the periods presented above, and in 2015, remeasurement losses related to a foreign currency denominated intercompany loan.

The loss of the services of certain of our key personnel or a significant number of our employees may negatively affect our business.

Our success depends to a significant extent upon performance and active participation of our key personnel. We cannot guarantee that we will be successful in retaining the services of these key personnel. We have employment agreements with Jeffrey A. Stoops, our President and Chief Executive Officer, Kurt L. Bagwell, our Executive Vice President and President—International, Thomas P. Hunt, our Executive Vice President, Chief Administrative Officer and General Counsel, and Brendan T. Cavanagh, our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. We do not have employment agreements with any of our other key personnel. If we were to lose any key personnel, we may not be able to find an appropriate replacement on a timely basis and our results of operations could be negatively affected. Further, the loss of a significant number of employees or our inability to hire a sufficient number of qualified employees could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our business is subject to government regulations and changes in current or future regulations could harm our business.

We are subject to federal, state and local regulation of our business, both in the U.S. and internationally. In the U.S., both the FAA and the FCC regulate the construction, modification, and maintenance of towers and structures that support antennas used for wireless communications and radio and television broadcasts. In addition, the FCC separately licenses and regulates wireless communications equipment and television and radio stations operating from such towers. FAA and FCC regulations govern construction, lighting, painting, and marking of towers and may, depending on the characteristics of the tower, require registration of the tower. Certain proposals to construct new towers or to modify existing towers are reviewed by the FAA to ensure that the tower will not present a hazard to air navigation.

Tower owners may have an obligation to mark or paint such towers or install lighting to conform to FAA and FCC regulations and to maintain such marking, painting and lighting. Tower owners may also bear the responsibility of notifying the FAA of any lighting outages. Certain proposals to operate wireless communications and radio or television stations from towers are also reviewed by the FCC to ensure compliance with environmental impact requirements established in federal statutes, including NEPA, NHPA and ESA. Failure to comply with existing or future applicable requirements may lead to civil penalties or other liabilities and may subject us to significant indemnification liability to our customers against any such failure to comply. In addition, new regulations may impose additional costly burdens on us, which may affect our revenues and cause delays in our growth.

Local regulations, including municipal or local ordinances, zoning restrictions and restrictive covenants imposed by community developers, vary greatly, but typically require tower owners to obtain approval from local officials or community standards organizations prior to tower construction or modification. Local regulations can delay, prevent, or increase the cost of new construction, co-locations, or site upgrades, thereby limiting our ability to respond to customer demand. In addition, new regulations may be adopted that increase delays or result in additional costs to us. Furthermore, with respect to our international new builds, our tower construction may be delayed or halted as a result of local zoning restrictions, inconsistencies between laws or other barriers to construction in international markets. These factors could have a material adverse effect on our future growth and operations.

Security breaches and other disruptions could compromise our information, which would cause our business and reputation to suffer.

A part of our day-to-day operations, we rely on information technology and other computer resources and infrastructure to carry out important business activities and to maintain our business records. Our computer systems could fail on their own accord and are subject to interruption or damage from power outages, computer and telecommunications failures, computer viruses, security breaches (including through cyber-attack and data theft), errors, catastrophic events such as natural disasters and other events beyond our control. If our computer systems and our backup systems are compromised, degraded, damaged, or breached, or otherwise cease to function properly, we could suffer interruptions in our operations or unintentionally allow misappropriation of proprietary or confidential information (including information about our tenants or landlords). This could damage our reputation and disrupt our operations and the services we provide to customers, which could adversely affect our business and operating results.

Our towers are subject to damage from natural disasters.

Our towers are subject to risks associated with natural disasters such as tornadoes, hurricanes and earthquakes. We maintain insurance to cover the estimated cost of replacing damaged towers, but these insurance policies are subject to loss limits and deductibles. We also maintain third party liability insurance, subject to loss limits and deductibles, to protect us in the event of an accident involving a tower. A tower accident for which we are uninsured or underinsured, or damage to a significant number of our towers, could require us to incur significant expenditures and may have a material adverse effect on our operations or financial condition.

To the extent that we are not able to meet our contractual obligations to our customers, due to a natural disaster or other catastrophic circumstances, our customers may not be obligated or willing to pay their lease expenses; however, we would be required to continue paying our fixed expenses related to the affected tower, including ground lease expenses. If we are unable to meet our contractual obligations to our customers for a material portion of our towers, our operations could be materially and adversely affected.

We could have liability under environmental laws that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our operations, like those of other companies engaged in similar businesses, are subject to the requirements of various federal, state, local and foreign environmental and occupational safety and health laws and regulations, including those relating to the

management, use, storage, disposal, emission and remediation of, and exposure to, hazardous and non-hazardous substances, materials, and wastes. As owner, lessee, or operator of numerous tower structures, we may be liable for substantial costs of remediating soil and groundwater contaminated by hazardous materials without regard to whether we, as the owner, lessee, or operator, knew of or were responsible for the contamination. We may be subject to potentially significant fines or penalties if we fail to comply with any of these requirements. The current cost of complying with these laws is not material to our financial condition or results of operations. However, the requirements of these laws and regulations are complex, change frequently, and could become more stringent in the future. It is possible that these requirements will change or that liabilities will arise in the future in a manner that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We could suffer adverse tax and other financial consequences if taxing authorities do not agree with our tax positions, or we are unable to utilize our net operating losses.

We are periodically subject to a number of tax examinations by taxing authorities in the states and countries where we do business. We also have significant deferred tax assets related to our net operating losses ("NOLs") in U.S. federal and state taxing jurisdictions. Generally, for U.S. federal and state tax purposes, NOLs can be carried forward and used for up to twenty years, and all of our tax years will remain subject to examination until three years after our NOLs are used or expire. We expect that we will continue to be subject to tax examinations in the future. In addition, U.S. federal, state and local, as well as international, tax laws and regulations are extremely complex and subject to varying interpretations. We recognize tax benefits of uncertain tax positions when we believe the positions are more likely than not of being sustained upon a challenge by the relevant tax authority. We believe our judgments in this area are reasonable and correct, but there is no guarantee that we will be successful if challenged by a tax authority. If there are tax benefits, including from our use of NOLs or other tax attributes, that are challenged successfully by a taxing authority, we may be required to pay additional taxes or we may seek to enter into settlements with the taxing authorities, which could require significant payments or otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

In addition, we may be limited in our ability to utilize our NOLs to offset future taxable income and thereby reduce our otherwise payable income taxes. We have substantial federal and state NOLs, including significant portions obtained through acquisitions and dispositions, as well as those generated through our historic business operations. In addition, we have disposed of some entities and restructured other entities in conjunction with financing transactions and other business activities.

To the extent we believe that a position with respect to an NOL is not more likely than not to be sustained, we do not record the related deferred tax asset. In addition, for NOLs that meet the recognition threshold, we assess the recoverability of the NOL and establish a valuation allowance against the deferred tax asset related to the NOL if recoverability is questionable. Given the uncertainty surrounding the recoverability of certain of our NOLs, we have established a valuation allowance to offset the related deferred tax asset.

Our ability to utilize our NOLs is also dependent, in part, upon us having sufficient future earnings to utilize our NOLs before they expire. If market conditions change materially and we determine that we will be unable to generate sufficient taxable income in the future to utilize our NOLs, we could be required to record an additional valuation allowance. We review our uncertain tax position and the valuation allowance for our NOLs periodically and make adjustments from time to time, which can result in an increase or decrease to the net deferred tax asset related to our NOLs.

Our issuance of equity securities and other associated transactions may trigger a future ownership change which may negatively impact our ability to utilize NOLs in the future.

The issuance of equity securities and other associated transactions may increase the chance that we will have a future ownership change under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. We may also have a future ownership change, outside of our control, caused by future equity transactions by our current shareholders. Depending on our market value at the time of such future ownership change, an ownership change under Section 382 could negatively impact our ability to utilize our NOLs in the event we generate future taxable income. Currently, we have recorded a full valuation allowance against our NOLs because we have concluded that our loss history indicates that it is not "more likely than not" that such deferred tax assets will be realized.

Future sales of our Class A common stock in the public market or the issuance of other equity may cause dilution or adversely affect the market price of our Class A common stock and our ability to raise funds in new equity or equity-related offerings.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our Class A common stock or other equity-related securities in the public market, including sales by any selling shareholder, could depress the market price of our Class A common stock and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities.

Our costs could increase and our revenues could decrease due to perceived health risks from RF energy.

The U.S. government imposes requirements and other guidelines relating to exposure to RF energy. Exposure to high levels of RF energy can cause negative health effects. The potential connection between exposure to low levels of RF energy and certain negative health effects, including some forms of cancer, has been the subject of substantial study by the scientific community in recent years. According to the FCC, the results of these studies to date have been inconclusive. However, public perception of possible health risks associated with cellular and other wireless communications media could slow the growth of wireless companies, which could in turn slow our growth. In particular, negative public perception of, and regulations regarding, health risks could cause a decrease in the demand for wireless communications services. Moreover, if a connection between exposure to low levels of RF energy and possible negative health effects, including cancer, were demonstrated, we could be subject to numerous claims. Our current policies provide no coverage for claims based on RF energy exposure. If we were subject to claims relating to exposure to RF energy, even if such claims were not ultimately found to have merit, our financial condition could be materially and adversely affected.

Our articles of incorporation, our bylaws and Florida law provide for anti-takeover provisions that could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us.

Provisions of our articles of incorporation, our bylaws and Florida law could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so would be beneficial to our shareholders. These provisions, alone or in combination with each other, may discourage transactions involving actual or potential changes of control, including transactions that otherwise could involve payment of a premium over prevailing market prices to holders of our Class A common stock, or could limit the ability of our shareholders to approve transactions that they may deem to be in their best interests.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

On November 1, 2013, we purchased a new headquarters in Boca Raton, Florida where we currently own approximately 160,000 square feet of office space. We have entered into long-term leases for international, regional, and certain site development office locations where we expect our activities to be longer-term. We open and close project offices from time to time in connection with our site development business. We believe our existing facilities are adequate for our current and planned levels of operations and that additional office space suited for our needs is reasonably available in the markets within which we operate.

Our interests in towers and the land beneath them are comprised of a variety of fee interests, leasehold interests created by long-term lease agreements, perpetual easements, easements, licenses, rights-of-way, and other similar interests. As of December 31, 2015, approximately 73% of our tower structures were located on parcels of land that we own, land subject to perpetual easements, or parcels of land that have an interest that extends beyond 20 years. The average remaining life under our ground leases, including renewal options under our control, has been extended to 33 years. In rural areas, support for our towers, equipment shelters, and related equipment requires a tract of land typically up to 10,000 square feet. Less than 2,500 square feet is required for a monopole or self-supporting tower of the kind typically used in metropolitan areas for wireless communications towers. Ground leases are generally for an initial term of five years or more with five or more additional automatic renewal periods of five years, for a total of thirty years or more.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in various legal proceedings relating to claims arising in the ordinary course of business. We do not believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Not Applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market for our Class A Common Stock

Our Class A common stock commenced trading under the symbol "SBAC" on The NASDAQ National Market System on June 16, 1999. We now trade on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, a segment of the NASDAQ Global Market, formally known as the NASDAQ National Market System.

The following table presents the high and low sales price for our Class A common stock for the periods indicated:

	High	Low
Quarter ended December 31, 2015	\$ 121.45	\$ 100.12
Quarter ended September 30, 2015	\$ 128.47	\$ 102.65
Quarter ended June 30, 2015	\$ 124.98	\$ 111.58
Quarter ended March 31, 2015	\$ 126.65	\$ 107.53
Quarter ended December 31, 2014	\$ 122.79	\$ 103.83
Quarter ended September 30, 2014	\$ 114.37	\$ 99.70
Quarter ended June 30, 2014	\$ 102.57	\$ 87.03
Ouarter ended March 31, 2014	\$ 99.64	\$ 87.29

As of February 19, 2016, there were 92 record holders of our Class A common stock.

Dividends

We have never paid a dividend on any class of common stock and anticipate that we will retain future earnings, if any, to fund the development and growth of our business. Consequently, we do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our Class A common stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, our ability to pay dividends is limited by the terms of our debt instruments.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents information related to our repurchases of Class A common stock during the fourth quarter of 2015:

	Total	Total Nur		Total Number of Shares		Approximate Dollar Value		
	Number		Average	Purchased as Part of	of Shares that May Yet Be			
	of Shares		Price Paid	Publicly Announced		Purchased Under the		
Period	Purchased		Per Share	Plans or Programs (1)	Plans or Programs			
10/1/2015 - 10/31/2015	_	\$	_	_	\$	750,002,750		
11/1/2015 - 11/30/2015	184,215	\$	103.86	184,215	\$	730,869,600		
12/1/2015 - 12/31/2015	297,781	\$	103.66	297,781	\$	700,002,810		
Total	481,996	\$	103.74	481,996	\$	700,002,810		

⁽¹⁾ On June 4, 2015, we announced a new \$1.0 billion stock repurchase plan. This plan authorizes us to purchase from time to time our outstanding common stock through open market repurchases in compliance with Rule 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and/or in privately negotiated transactions at management's discretion. Shares purchased will be retired. This plan has no time deadline and will continue until otherwise modified or terminated by our Board at any time in our sole discretion.

Equity Compensation Plan

		Equity Compensation Plan Information									
		(in thousands except exerc	ise price)								
			Number of Securities								
	Number of Securities	Weighted Average	Remaining Available for								
	to be Issued	Exercise Price	Future Issuance Under								
	Upon Exercise of	of Outstanding	Equity Compensation Plans								
	Outstanding Options,	Options, Warrants	(Excluding Securities								
	Warrants and Rights	and Rights	Reflected in first column (a))								
	(a)	(b)	(c)								
Equity compensation plans approved by											
security holders											
2001 Plan (1)	346	\$ 29.97	_								
2010 Plan	3,724 (2)	\$ 83.45	10,188								
Equity compensation plans not approved by	•		·								
security holders	_		_								
Total	4,070	\$ 78.90	10,188								

⁽¹⁾ This plan has been terminated, and we are no longer eligible to issue shares pursuant to the plan.

⁽²⁾ Included in the number of securities in column (a) is 277,153 restricted stock units, which have no exercise price. The weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants, and rights (excluding restricted stock units) is \$90.15.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following table sets forth selected historical financial data as of and for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2015 . The financial data for the fiscal years ended 2015 , 2014 , 2013 , 2012 , and 2011 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements. You should read the information set forth below in conjunction with our "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements and the related notes to those consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-K.

	For the year ended December 31,									
		2015		2014		2013		2012	2011	
			(aı	udited) (in tho	usai	nds, except for	· per	share data)		
Revenues:										
Site leasing	\$	1,480,634	\$	1,360,202	\$	1,133,013	\$	846,094 \$	616,294	
Site development		157,840		166,794		171,853		107,990	81,876	
Total revenues		1,638,474		1,526,996		1,304,866		954,084	698,170	
Operating expenses:										
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation, accretion,										
and amortization shown below):										
Cost of site leasing		324,655		301,313		270,772		188,951	131,916	
Cost of site development		119,744		127,172		137,481		90,556	71,005	
Selling, general, and administrative		114,951		103,317		85,476		72,148	62,828	
Acquisition related adjustments and expenses		11,864		7,798		19,198		40,433	7,144	
Asset impairment and decommission costs		94,783		23,801		28,960		6,383	5,472	
Depreciation, accretion, and amortization		660,021		627,072		533,334		408,467	309,146	
Total operating expenses		1,326,018		1,190,473		1,075,221		806,938	587,511	
Operating income		312,456		336,523		229,645		147,146	110,659	
Other income (expense):										
Interest income		3,894		677		1,794		1,128	136	
Interest expense		(322,366)		(292,600)		(249,051)		(196,241)	(160,896)	
Non-cash interest expense		(1,505)		(27,112)		(49,085)		(70,110)	(63,629)	
Amortization of deferred financing fees		(19,154)		(17,572)		(15,560)		(12,870)	(9,188)	
Loss from extinguishment of debt, net		(783)		(26,204)		(6,099)		(51,799)	(1,696)	
Other income (expense)		(139,137)		10,628		31,138		5,654	(165)	
Total other expense		(479,051)		(352,183)		(286,863)		(324,238)	(235,438)	
Loss before provision for income taxes		(166,595)		(15,660)		(57,218)		(177,092)	(124,779)	
(Provision) benefit for income taxes		(9,061)		(8,635)		1,309		(6,594)	(2,113)	
Net loss from continuing operations		(175,656)		(24,295)		(55,909)		(183,686)	(126,892)	
Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		_		_				2,296	_	
Net loss		(175,656)		(24,295)		(55,909)		(181,390)	(126,892)	
Net income attributable to the										
noncontrolling interest		_		_		_		353	436	
Net loss attributable to SBA Communications Corporation	\$	(175,656)	\$	(24,295)	\$	(55,909)	\$	(181,037) \$	(126,456)	
Basic and diluted per common share amounts:										
Loss from continuing operations	\$	(1.37)	\$	(0.19)	\$	(0.44)	\$	(1.53) \$	(1.14)	
Income from discontinued operations								0.02		
Net loss per common share	\$	(1.37)	\$	(0.19)	\$	(0.44)	\$	(1.51) \$	(1.14)	
Basic and diluted weighted avg. number of common shares		127,794		128,919		127,769		120,280	111,595	

	 As of December 31,								
	 2015		2014	2013			2012		2011
	(audited) (in thousands)								
Balance Sheet Data									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 118,039	\$	39,443	\$	122,112	\$	233,099	\$	47,316
Restricted cash - current	25,353		52,519		47,305		27,708		22,266
Short-term investments	706		5,549		5,446		5,471		5,773
Property and equipment, net	2,782,353		2,762,417		2,578,444		2,671,317		1,583,393
Intangibles, net	3,735,413		4,189,540		3,387,198		3,134,133		1,639,784
Total assets	7,403,215		7,841,125		6,783,188		6,615,911		3,606,399
Total debt	8,542,305		7,860,799		5,876,607		5,356,103		3,354,485
Total shareholders' (deficit) equity	(1,706,144)		(660,800)		356,966		652,991		(11,313)

	For the year ended December 31,										
		2015	2014	2013			2012		2011		
Other Data Cash provided by (used in):					(audite	d) (in thousands)					
Operating activities	\$	737,173	\$	671,643	\$	497,587	\$	340,914	\$	249,058	
Investing activities		(734,521)		(1,760,127)		(817,198)		(2,269,120)		(503,273)	
Financing activities		88,937		991,838		210,837		2,110,481		237,432	

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the information contained in our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto. The following discussion includes forward-looking statements that involve certain risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those described in Item 1A. Risk Factors. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed below. See "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and Item 1A. Risk Factors.

We are a leading independent owner and operator of wireless communications tower structures, rooftops and other structures that support antennas used for wireless communications, which we collectively refer to as "towers" or "sites." Our principal operations are in the United States and its territories. In addition, we own and operate towers in South America, Central America, and Canada. Our primary business line is our site leasing business, which contributed 96.8% of our total segment operating profit for the year ended December 31, 2015. In our site leasing business, we (1) lease antenna space to wireless service providers on towers that we own or operate and (2) manage rooftop and tower sites for property owners under various contractual arrangements. As of December 31, 2015, we owned 25,465 towers, a substantial portion of which have been built by us or built by other tower owners or operators who, like us, have built such towers to lease space to multiple wireless service providers. We also managed or leased approximately 5,500 actual or potential towers, approximately 500 of which were revenue producing as of December 31, 2015. Our other business line is our site development business, through which we assist wireless service providers in developing and maintaining their own wireless service networks.

Site Leasing Services

Our primary focus is the leasing of antenna space on our multi-tenant towers to a variety of wireless service providers under long-term lease contracts in the United States, Canada, Central America, and South America. Site leasing revenues are received primarily from wireless service provider tenants, including AT&T, Sprint, T-Mobile, Verizon Wireless, Oi S.A., Telefonica, Claro, and Digicel. Wireless service providers enter into tenant leases with us, each of which relates to the lease or use of space at an individual site. In the United States and Canada, our tenant leases are generally for an initial term of five to ten years with five 5-year renewal periods at the option of the tenant. These tenant leases typically contain specific rent escalators, which average 3-4% per year, including the renewal option periods. Tenant leases in our Central American and South American markets typically have an initial term of ten years with multiple—five year renewal periods. In Central America, we have similar rent escalators to that of leases in the United States and Canada while our leases in South America escalate in accordance with a standard cost of living index.

In our Central American markets and Ecuador, significantly all of our revenue, expenses, and capital expenditures arising from our new build activities are denominated in U.S. dollars. Specifically, most of our ground leases, tenant leases, and tower-related expenses are due and paid in U.S. dollars. In our Central American markets, our local currency obligations are principally limited to (1) permitting and other local fees, (2) utilities, and (3) taxes. In our Canadian and Brazilian operations, significantly all of our revenue, expenses and capital expenditures, including tenant leases, ground leases and other tower-related expenses, are denominated in local currency.

Cost of site leasing revenue primarily consists of:

- Rental payments on ground leases and other underlying property interests;
- Straight-line rent adjustment for the difference between rental payments made and the expense recorded as if the payments had been made evenly throughout the lease term (which may include renewal terms) of the underlying property interests;
- · Property taxes;
- Site maintenance and monitoring costs (exclusive of employee related costs);
- · Utilities;
- · Property insurance; and
- Deferred lease origination cost amortization.

Ground leases are generally for an initial term of five years or more with multiple renewal terms of five year periods at our option and provide for rent escalators which typically average 2 - 3 % annually, or in our South American markets, adjust in accordance with a standard cost of living index. As of December 31, 2015, approximately 73% of our tower structures were located on parcels of land that we own, land subject to perpetual easements, or parcels of land in which we have a leasehold interest that extends beyond 20 years. For any given tower, costs are relatively fixed over a monthly or an annual time period. As such, operating costs for owned towers do not generally increase as a result of adding additional customers to the tower. The amount of direct costs associated with operating a tower varies from site to site depending on the taxing jurisdiction and the height and age of the tower. The ongoing maintenance requirements are typically minimal and include replacing lighting systems, painting a tower, or upgrading or repairing an access road or fencing.

As indicated in the table below, our site leasing business generates substantially all of our total segment operating profit. For information regarding our operating segments, see Note 18 of our Consolidated Financial Statements included in this annual report.

	For the year chucu								
Segment operating profit as a percentage of total	2015	2014	2013						
Domestic site leasing	82.4%	82.8%	89.9%						
International site leasing	14.4%	13.5%	6.3%						
Total site leasing	96.8%	96.3%	96.2%						

We believe that over the long-term, site leasing revenues will continue to grow as wireless service providers lease additional antenna space on our towers due to increasing minutes of network use and data transfer, network expansion and network coverage requirements. During 201 6, we expect organic site leasing revenue in both our domestic and international segments to be consistent with our growth in 201 5. We believe our site leasing business is characterized by stable and long-term recurring revenues, predictable operating costs and minimal non-discretionary capital expenditures. Due to the relatively young age and mix of our tower portfolio, we expect future expenditures required to maintain these towers to be minimal. Consequently, we expect to grow our cash flows by (1) adding tenants to our towers at minimal incremental costs by using existing tower capacity or requiring wireless service providers to bear all or a portion of the cost of tower modifications and (2) executing monetary amendments as wireless service providers add or upgrade their equipment. Furthermore, because our towers are strategically positioned and our customers typically do not relocate, we have historically experienced low tenant lease terminations as a percentage of revenue other than in connection with customer consolidation or cessations of service (e.g. iDen) .

Site Development Services

Our site development business, which is conducted in the United States only, is complementary to our site leasing business and provides us the ability to keep in close contact with the wireless service providers who generate substantially all of our site leasing revenue and to capture ancillary revenues that are generated by our site leasing activities, such as antenna and equipment installation at our tower locations. Site development services revenues are earned primarily from providing a full range of end to end services to wireless service providers or companies providing development or project management services to wireless service providers. Our services include: (1) network pre-design; (2) site audits; (3) identification of potential locations for towers and antennas; (4) support in buying or leasing of the location; (5) assistance in obtaining zoning approvals and permits; (6) tower and related site construction; (7) antenna installation; and (8) radio equipment installation, commissioning, and maintenance. We provide site development services on a local basis, through regional, territory, and project offices. The regional offices are responsible for all site development operations, including hiring employees and opening or closing project offices, and a substantial portion of the sales in such area.

For information regarding our operating segments, see Note 18 of our Consolidated Financial Statements included in this annual report.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We have identified the policies and significant estimation processes below as critical to our business operations and the understanding of our results of operations. The listing is not intended to be a comprehensive list. In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, with no need for management's judgment in their application. In other cases, management is required to exercise judgment in the application of accounting principles with respect to particular transactions. The impact and any associated risks related to these policies on our business operations is discussed throughout "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" where such policies affect reported and expected financial results. For a detailed discussion on the application of these and other accounting policies, see Note 2 of our Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, included herein. Our preparation of our financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of our financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. There can be no assurance that actual results will not differ from those estimates and such differences could be significant.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Revenue from site leasing is recorded monthly and recognized on a straight-line basis over the current term of the related lease agreements, which are generally five to ten years. Receivables recorded related to the straight-lining of site leases are reflected in other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Rental amounts received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Site development projects in which we perform consulting services include contracts on a time and materials basis or a fixed price basis. Time and materials based contracts are billed at contractual rates and revenue is recognized as the services are rendered. For those site development contracts in which we perform work on a fixed price basis, site development billing (and revenue recognition) is based on the completion of agreed upon phases of the project on a per site basis. Upon the completion of each phase on a per site basis, we recognize the revenue related to that phase. Site development projects generally take from 3 to 12 months to complete. Amounts billed in advance (collected or uncollected) are recorded as deferred revenue on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Revenue from construction projects is recognized on the percentage-of-completion method of accounting, determined by the percentage of cost incurred to date compared to management's estimated total cost for each contract. This method is used because management considers total cost to be the best available measure of progress on the contracts. These amounts are based on estimates, and the uncertainty inherent in the estimates initially is reduced as work on the contracts nears completion. The asset "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts" represents costs incurred and revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. The liability "billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts," included within other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, represents billings in excess of costs incurred and revenues recognized. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts are made in the period in which such losses are determined to be probable.

We perform periodic credit evaluations of our customers. We monitor collections and payments from our customers and maintain a provision for estimated credit losses based upon historical experience, specific customer collection issues identified, and

past due balances as determined based on contractual terms. Interest is charged on outstanding receivables from customers on a case by case basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contracts or agreements with those customers. Amounts determined to be uncollectible are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts in the period in which uncollectibility is determined to be probable.

Asset Impairment

We evaluate individual long-lived and related assets with finite lives for indicators of impairment to determine when an impairment analysis should be performed. We evaluate our tower assets and current contract intangibles at the tower level, which is the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows exists. We evaluate our network location intangibles for impairment at the tower leasing business level whenever indicators of impairment are present. We have established a policy to at least annually evaluate our tower assets and current contract intangibles for impairment.

We record an impairment charge when we believe an investment in towers or related assets has been impaired, such that future undiscounted cash flows would not recover the then current carrying value of the investment in the tower and related intangible. If the future undiscounted cash flows are lower than the carrying value of the investment in the tower and related intangible, we calculate future discounted cash flows and compare those amounts to the carrying value. We record an impairment charge for any amounts lower than the carrying value. Estimates and assumptions inherent in the impairment evaluation include, but are not limited to, general market and economic conditions, historical operating results, geographic location, lease-up potential, and expected timing of lease-up. In addition, we make certain assumptions in determining an asset's fair value for the purpose of calculating the amount of an impairment charge.

Business Combinations

We account for business combinations under the acquisition method of accounting. The assets and liabilities we acquire are recorded at fair market value at the date of each acquisition and the results of operations of the acquired assets are included with our results of operations from the dates of the respective acquisitions. We continue to evaluate all acquisitions for a period not to exceed one year after the applicable closing date of each transaction to determine whether any additional adjustments are needed to the allocation of the purchase price paid for the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as a result of information available at the acquisition date. The intangible assets represent the value associated with the current leases at the acquisition date ("Current contract intangibles") and future tenant leases anticipated to be added to the communication sites ("Network location intangibles") and were calculated using the discounted values of the current or future expected cash flows. The intangible assets are estimated to have a useful life consistent with the useful life of the related communication site assets, which is typically 15 years.

In connection with certain acquisitions, we may agree to pay contingent consideration (or earnouts) in cash or stock if the communication sites or businesses that are acquired meet or exceed certain performance targets over a period of one to three years after they have been acquired. We accrue for contingent consideration in connection with acquisitions at fair value as of the date of the acquisition. All subsequent changes in fair value of contingent consideration are recorded through Consolidated Statements of Operations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Year Ended 2015 Compared to Year Ended 2014

Revenues and Segment Operating Profit:

	For the year ended								
	 Decen	ıber 3	1,	Dollar		Percentage			
	 2015 2014			_	Change	Change			
Revenues		(i	n thousands)						
Domestic site leasing	\$ 1,236,758	\$	1,157,293	\$	79,465	6.9%			
International site leasing	243,876		202,909		40,967	20.2%			
Site development	157,840		166,794		(8,954)	(5.4%)			
Total	\$ 1,638,474	\$	1,526,996	\$	111,478	7.3%			
Cost of Revenues									
Domestic site leasing	\$ 252,493	\$	247,237	\$	5,256	2.1%			
International site leasing	72,162		54,076		18,086	33.4%			
Site development	 119,744		127,172		(7,428)	(5.8%)			
Total	\$ 444,399	\$	428,485	\$	15,914	3.7%			
Operating Profit									
Domestic site leasing	\$ 984,265	\$	910,056	\$	74,209	8.2%			
International site leasing	171,714		148,833		22,881	15.4%			
Site development	38,096		39,622		(1,526)	(3.9%)			

Revenues

Total revenues increase d \$111.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, due largely to (i) revenues from 4,923 towers acquired and 848 towers built since January 1, 201 4 and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and monetary lease amendments for additional equipment added to our towers. The increase in total revenues includes the negative impact of \$43.2 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Domestic site leasing revenues increase d \$79.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, due largely to (i) revenues from 1,007 towers acquired and 266 towers built since January 1, 2014 and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and monetary lease amendments for additional equipment added to our towers.

International site leasing revenues increase d \$41.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, due largely to (i) revenues from 3,916 towers acquired, primarily from the acquisition of 3,648 towers from Oi S.A. in March 2014 and December 2014, and 582 towers built since January 1, 2014, and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and monetary lease amendments for additional equipment added to our towers. The increase in international site leasing revenues includes the negative impact of \$43.2 m illion from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Site development revenues decreased \$9.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, as a result of a decrease in the volume of work performed due to the timing of our wireless carrier customers' initiatives.

Operating Profit

Domestic site leasing segment operating profit increase d \$74.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to additional profit generated by (i) towers acquired and built since January 1, 2014 and organic site leasing growth as noted above, (ii) improving control of our site leasing cost of revenue, and (iii) the positive impact of our ground lease purchase program.

International site leasing segment operating profit increase d \$22.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to additional profit generated by (i) towers acquired and built since January 1, 2014 and organic site leasing growth as noted above and (ii) the positive impact of our ground lease purchase program, partially offset by increased costs

resulting from the integration of towers acquired in 2014. The increase in international site leasing segment operating profit includes the negative impact of \$31.2 m illion from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Site development segment operating profit decrease d \$1.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to lower services revenue.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses:

	For the y	ear ended			
	 Decem	iber 31,		Dollar	Percentage
	 2015	2014		Change	Change
		(in thousand	ls)		
Total	\$ 114,951	\$ 103,	317 \$	11,634	11.3%

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increase d \$11.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily as a result of an increase in personnel, salaries, benefits, non-cash compensation, and other support costs due in large part to our continued portfolio expansion. The increase in selling, general, and administrative expenses includes the positive impact of \$1.8 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Acquisition Related Adjustments and Expenses:

		December 31,				Dollar	Percentage
	2015 2014			Change	Change		
			(in t	housands)			
Domestic site leasing	\$	9,975	\$	3,351	\$	6,624	197.7%
International site leasing		1,889		4,447		(2,558)	(57.5%)
Total	\$	11,864	\$	7,798	\$	4,066	52.1%

Domestic acquisition related adjustments and expenses increase d \$6.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, primarily as a result of an increase in the number of towers we acquired as compared to the prior year.

International a equisition related adjustments and expenses decrease d \$2.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 primarily as a result of a decrease in the number of towers we acquired, partially offset by changes in our estimated pre-acquisition contingenc ies as compared to the prior year. The decrease in International acquisition related adjustments and expenses includes the positive impact of \$0.4 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Asset Impairment and Decommission Costs:

		December 31,				Dollar	Percentage	
	2015			2014		Change	Change	
			(in	thousands)				
Domestic site leasing	\$	93,977	\$	21,538	\$	72,439	336.3%	
International site leasing		806		2,263		(1,457)	(64.4%)	
Total	\$	94,783	\$	23,801	\$	70,982	298.2%	

Asset impairment and decommission costs increase d \$71.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily as a result of a \$56.7 million impairment charge in the third quarter of 2015 related to fiber assets acquired in the 2012 Mobilitie transaction and \$7.3 million of additional impairment charges resulting from the Company's analysis that the future cash flows would not recover the carrying value of the investment. In addition, the increase in the asset impairment and decommission costs includes \$5.5 million related to higher net book value of towers decommissioned in the current year as compared against the prior year and \$1.2 million in exit costs related to our former corporate headquarters building. The impact from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year was not material.

Depreciation, Accretion, and Amortization Expense:

		For the y					
	December 31,				Dollar		Percentage
	2015		2014		Change		Change
			(i	n thousands)			
Domestic site leasing	\$	534,436	\$	515,150	\$	19,286	3.7%
International site leasing		118,886		104,447		14,439	13.8%
Total site leasing	\$	653,322	\$	619,597	\$	33,725	5.4%
Site development		3,662		2,453		1,209	49.3%
Not identified by segment		3,037		5,022		(1,985)	(39.5%)
Total	\$	660,021	\$	627,072	\$	32,949	5.3%

Depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense increase d \$32.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, due to an increase in the number of towers we acquired and built since January 1, 2014. The increase in depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense includes the positive impact of \$22.7 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Operating Income (Loss):

		For the y	ear en	ded			
		Decem	ber 31	ι,	Dollar		Percentage
	2015			2014		Change	Change
			(iı	thousands)			
Domestic site leasing	\$	278,464	\$	302,406	\$	(23,942)	(7.9%)
International site leasing		33,937		20,914		13,023	62.3%
Total site leasing	\$	312,401	\$	323,320	\$	(10,919)	(3.4%)
Site development		22,187		28,095		(5,908)	(21.0%)
Not identified by segment		(22,132)		(14,892)		(7,240)	48.6%
Total	\$	312,456	\$	336,523	\$	(24,067)	(7.2%)

Domestic site leasing operating income decrease d \$23.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to increases in asset impairment and decommission costs, depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense, acquisition related adjustments and expenses, and selling, general, and administrative expenses, partially offset by higher segment operating profit.

International site leasing operating income increase d \$13.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to higher segment operating profit and a reduction in acquisition related adjustments and expenses and asset impairment and decommission costs, partially offset by an increase in depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense. The increase in international site leasing operating income includes the negative impact of \$5.4 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Site development operating income decrease d \$5.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in segment operating profit, as well as increases in selling, general, and administrative expenses and depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense.

Other Income (Expense):

		For the y	ear e	nded			
	December 31,					Dollar	Percentage
	2015		2014		Change		Change
			(i	in thousands)			
Interest income	\$	3,894	\$	677	\$	3,217	475.2%
Interest expense		(322,366)		(292,600)		(29,766)	10.2%
Non-cash interest expense		(1,505)		(27,112)		25,607	(94.4%)
Amortization of deferred financing fees		(19,154)		(17,572)		(1,582)	9.0%
Loss from extinguishment of debt, net		(783)		(26,204)		25,421	(97.0%)
Other (expense) income, net		(139, 137)		10,628		(149,765)	(1,409.2%)
Total	\$	(479,051)	\$	(352,183)	\$	(126,868)	36.0%

Interest income increase d \$3.2 million due to a higher amount of investments held and a higher average interest rate on those investments held for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to the prior year.

Interest expense increase d \$29.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, due to the higher average principal amount of cash-interest bearing debt outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2015 compared to the prior year, primarily resulting from the issuance of the 2014 Tower Securities in October 2014, the 2015 Tower Securities in October 2015, the 2014 Term Loan in March 2014, the 2015 Term Loan in June 2015, and the 4.875% Notes in July 2014, partially offset by the full repayment of the 2010-1C Tower Securities in October 2014, the full redemption of the 8.25% Notes in August 2014, and the settlement of the 4.0% Notes during 2014.

Non-cash interest expense decrease d \$25.6 million from the year ended December 31, 2015, compared to the prior year, primarily due to the maturity of the 4.0% Notes during the prior year.

Amortization of deferred financing fees increase d \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily resulting from the issuance of the 2014 and 2015 Tower Securities, 2014 Term Loan, 2015 Term Loan, and 4.875% Notes, partially offset by the full repayment of the 8.25% Notes and 2010 -1C Tower Securities and the settlement of the 4.0% Notes during the prior year.

Loss from extinguishment of debt decrease d \$25.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to the repayment of the 2010-1C Tower Securities, 2011 Term Loan and the 2012-2 Term Loan, early settlement of the 4.0% Notes, and the early redemption of the 8.25% Notes during the prior year, partially offset by the early redemption of the 2012-1 Term Loan during 2015.

Other (expense) income, net increase d \$149.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to a \$178.9 million loss related to the remeasurement of an intercompany loan not denominated in the functional currency of the subsidiary in which it is recorded during the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to a \$23.0 million loss in the prior year, as well as a \$17.9 million gain realized on the settlement of two foreign currency contracts entered into to hedge the purchase price of the Oi S.A. acquisition in Brazil in 2014. This was partially offset by a \$37.2 million gain realized on the sale of a cost- method investment in 2015 as compared to a \$12.5 million gain on the sale of a cost- method investment in the prior year.

Net Loss:

		For the year ended						
		Decem	ber 31,		Dollar	Percentage		
		2015	2014		Change	Change		
		(in thousands)						
Net loss	\$	(175,656)	\$ (24,295)	\$	(151,361)	623.0%		

Net loss was \$175.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2015, a n increase of \$151.4 million compared to a loss of \$24.3 million in the prior year. The increase is primarily due to increases in other (expense) income, net, asset impairment and decommission costs, depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense, selling, general and administrative expenses, and acquisition related adjustments and expenses, partially offset by an increase in our total segment operating profit as compared to the prior year.

The increase in net loss includes the negative impact of \$170.0 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Year Ended 2014 Compared to Year Ended 2013

Revenues and Segment Operating Profit:

		For the y					
	December 31,					Dollar	Percentage
	2014			2013		Change	Change
Revenues			(i	n thousands)			
Domestic site leasing	\$	1,157,293	\$	1,048,756	\$	108,537	10.3%
International site leasing		202,909		84,257		118,652	140.8%
Site development		166,794		171,853		(5,059)	(2.9%)
Total	\$	1,526,996	\$	1,304,866	\$	222,130	17.0%
Cost of Revenues							
Domestic site leasing	\$	247,237	\$	242,839	\$	4,398	1.8%
International site leasing		54,076		27,933		26,143	93.6%
Site development		127,172		137,481		(10,309)	(7.5%)
Total	\$	428,485	\$	408,253	\$	20,232	5.0%
Operating Profit	<u></u>	_				_	
Domestic site leasing	\$	910,056	\$	805,917	\$	104,139	12.9%
International site leasing		148,833		56,324		92,509	164.2%
Site development		39,622		34,372		5,250	15.3%

Revenues

Total revenues increased \$222.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, due largely to (i) revenues from 6,532 towers acquired and 731 towers built since January 1, 201 3 and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and lease amendments which increased the related rent to compensate for additional equipment added to our towers. The increase in total revenues includes the negative impact of \$3.1 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Domestic site leasing revenues increased \$ 108.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, due largely to (i) revenues from 426 towers acquired and 228 towers built since January 1, 201 3 and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and lease amendments which increased the related rent to compensate for additional equipment added to our towers.

International site leasing revenues increased \$ 118.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, due largely to (i) revenues from 6,106 towers acquired and 503 towers built since January 1, 201 3 and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and lease amendments which increased the related rent to compensate for additional equipment added to our towers. The increase in international site leasing revenues includes the negative impact of \$3.1 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Site development revenue s de creased \$ 5.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, as a result of a reduction in the volume of work performed due to the timing of our wireless carrier customers' initiatives.

Operating Profit

Domestic site leasing segment operating profit increased \$1 04.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to additional profit generated by (i) towers acquired and built since January 1, 201 3 as noted above and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and lease amendments with current tenants which increased the related rent as a result of additional equipment added to our towers in addition to improving control of our site leasing cost of revenue, and the positive impact of our ground lease purchase program.

International site leasing segment operating profit increased \$ 92.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to additional profit generated by (i) towers acquired and built since January 1, 2013 as noted above and (ii) organic site leasing growth from new leases, contractual rent escalators, and lease amendments with current tenants which increased the related rent as a result of additional equipment added to our towers in addition to improving control of our site leasing cost of revenue, and the positive impact of our ground lease purchase program. The increase in international segment operating profit includes the negative impact of \$1.8 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Site development segment operating profit increased \$ 5.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to higher margin carrier direct work performed in the current year, in particular the Sprint 2.5 GHz initiative.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses:

	For the year ended						
	 December 31,				Dollar	Percentage	
	 2014		2013	Change	Change		
		(in	thousands)				
Total	\$ 103,317	\$	85,476	\$	17,841	20.9%	

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased \$1.7.8 million for the year ended December 31, 201.4, as compared to the prior year, primarily as a result of an increase in personnel, salaries, benefits, non-cash compensation, and other expenses due in large part to our continued portfolio expansion primarily in Brazil. The increase in selling, general, and administrative expenses includes the positive impact of \$0.2 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Acquisition Related Adjustments and Expenses:

	For the year ended						
		December 31,				Dollar	Percentage
		2014		2013	_	Change	Change
			(in	thousands)			
Domestic site leasing	\$	3,351	\$	6,525	\$	(3,174)	(48.6%)
International site leasing		4,447		12,673		(8,226)	(64.9%)
Total	\$	7,798	\$	19,198	\$	(11,400)	(59.4%)

Acquisition related adjustments and expenses decreased \$ 11.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily as a result of a reduction in an estimated pre-acquisition contingency, partially offset by an increase in acquisition and integration related activities including two acquisitions from Oi S.A. which closed during the first and fourth quarters of fiscal year 2014. The decrease in acquisition related adjustments and expenses includes the positive impact of \$1.1 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Asset Impairment and Decommission Costs:

	For the y	ear en	ded			
	 December 31,			Dollar		Percentage
	 2014		2013	Change		Change
		(iı	n thousands)			
Domestic site leasing	\$ 21,538	\$	26,478	\$	(4,940)	(18.7%)
International site leasing	2,263		2,482		(219)	(8.8%)
Total	\$ 23,801	\$	28,960	\$	(5,159)	(17.8%)

Asset impairment and decommission costs de creased \$ 5.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily as a result of the write-off of assets and related costs associated with the decommissioning of 2 14 towers during the year ended December 31, 201 4 as compared to the decommissioning of 248 towers during the prior year. The decrease in asset impairment and decommission costs includes the positive impact of \$0.1 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Depreciation, Accretion, and Amortization Expense:

	For the year ended							
	December 31,					Dollar	Percentage	
	2014			2013		Change	Change	
			(iı	n thousands)				
Domestic site leasing	\$	515,150	\$	484,053	\$	31,097	6.4%	
International site leasing		104,447		44,973		59,474	132.2%	
Total site leasing	\$	619,597	\$	529,026	\$	90,571	17.1%	
Site development		2,453		2,280		173	7.6%	
Not identified by segment		5,022		2,028		2,994	147.6%	
Total	\$	627,072	\$	533,334	\$	93,738	17.6%	

Depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense increased \$93.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, due to an increase in the number of towers we acquired and built since January 1, 2013. The increase in depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense includes the positive impact of \$1.8 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Operating Income (Loss):

		For the y	ear en	ided						
		Decem	ber 3	1,	Dollar		Percentage			
	2014 2013		2013	Change		Change				
	(in thousands)									
Domestic site leasing	\$	302,406	\$	229,541	\$	72,865	31.7%			
International site leasing		20,914		(13,869)		34,783	(250.8%)			
Total site leasing	\$	323,320	\$	215,672	\$	107,648	49.9%			
Site development		28,095		24,332		3,763	15.5%			
Not identified by segment		(14,892)		(10,359)		(4,533)	43.8%			
Total	\$	336,523	\$	229,645	\$	106,878	46.5%			

Domestic site leasing operating income increased \$7 2.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to higher segment operating profit and a reduction in asset impairment and decommission costs, and acquisition related adjustments and expenses, partially offset by increases in selling, general, and administrative expenses and depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense.

International site leasing operating income increased \$ 34.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to higher segment operating profit and a reduction in acquisition related adjustments and expenses, partially offset by increases in selling, general, and administrative expenses, and depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense.

Site development operating income increased \$ 3.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to higher segment operating profit, partially offset by increases in selling, general, and administrative expenses and depreciation, accretion, and amortization expense.

Other Income (Expense):

	For the y	ear en	ded			
	 December 31,					Percentage
	 2014		2013		Change	Change
		(ir	thousands)			
Interest income	\$ 677	\$	1,794	\$	(1,117)	(62.3%)
Interest expense	(292,600)		(249,051)		(43,549)	17.5%
Non-cash interest expense	(27,112)		(49,085)		21,973	(44.8%)
Amortization of deferred financing fees	(17,572)		(15,560)		(2,012)	12.9%
Loss from extinguishment of debt, net	(26,204)		(6,099)		(20,105)	329.6%
Other income	10,628		31,138		(20,510)	(65.9%)
Total	\$ (352,183)	\$	(286,863)	\$	(65,320)	22.8%

Interest expense increased \$ 43.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to the higher average principal amount of cash-interest bearing debt outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2014 compared to the prior year, primarily resulting from the issuance of the 2013 and 2014 Tower Securities, 2014 Term Loan, and 4.875% Notes, partially offset by the maturity of the 1.875% Notes and 4.0% Notes and full repayment of the 2011 Term Loan, 2012-2 Term Loan, 2010-1 Tower Securities, and 8.25% Notes.

Non-cash interest expense decreased $\$2\ 2\ .0$ million for the year ended December 31, 2014 as compared to the prior year . This decrease primarily reflects the full repayment of the 1.875% Notes in May of 2013 and 4.0% Notes in October of 2014.

Amortization of deferred financing fees increased \$2.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily resulting from the issuance of the 2013 and 2014 Tower Securities, 2014 Term Loan, and 4.875% Notes, partially offset by the full repayment of the 2011 Term Loan, 2012-2 Term Loan, 8.25% Notes, and 2010-1 Tower Securities, and the maturity of the 1.875% and 4.0% Notes.

Los s from extinguishment of debt in creased \$ 20.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to the premium paid and write-off of the debt discount and deferred financing fees associated with the full redemption of the 8.25% Notes, the write-off of a portion of the related debt discount and deferred financing fees associated with the repayment of the 2011 Term Loan, 2012-2 Term Loan, and 2010-1 Tower Securities, and the early settlement of a portion of the 4.0% Notes.

Other income de creased \$2 0.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to a gain of \$27.3 million recognized in the prior year related to the sale of a bankruptcy claim. The current year reflects a \$17.9 million gain realized on the settlement of two foreign currency contracts which were entered into and settled during the first quarter of 2014 in order to hedge the purchase price of the Oi S.A. acquisition in Brazil which closed March 31, 2014 and a \$12.5 mil lion gain on the sale of a cost-method investment during the fourth quarter of 2014. These gains were partially offset by a \$23.0 million loss related to the remeasurement of a foreign denominated intercompany loan.

Net Loss:

	For the y	ear ended				
	 Decem	ber 31,		Dollar	Percentage	
	 2014	2013	2013 Change		Change	
		(in thousands)				
Net loss	\$ (24,295)	\$ (55,90	9) \$	31,614	(56.5%)	

Net loss was \$24.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2014, a decrease of \$31.6 million compared to a loss of \$55.9 million in the prior year. The decrease in net loss is primarily due to an increase in our total segment operating profit and a decrease in non-cash interest expense as compared to the prior year, offset by increases in selling, general, and administrative expenses, loss from extinguishment of debt, depreciation, amortization, and accretion, and interest expense, as well as, a decrease in other income as compared to the prior year.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This report contains information regarding a non-GAAP measure, Adjusted EBITDA. We have provided below a description of Adjusted EBITDA, a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most directly comparable GAAP measure and an explanation as to why management utilizes this measure.

Adjusted EBITDA

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net loss excluding the impact of non-cash straight-line leasing revenue, non-cash straight-line ground lease expense, non-cash compensation, net loss from extinguishment of debt, other income and expenses, acquisition related adjustments and expenses, asset impairment and decommission costs, interest income, interest expenses, depreciation, accretion, and amortization, and provision for or benefit from taxes.

We believe that Adjusted EBITDA is an indicator of the financial performance of our core businesses. Adjusted EBITDA is a component of the calculation that has been used by our lenders to determine compliance with certain covenants under our Senior Credit Agreement and the indentures relating to our 5.625% Notes, 5.75% Notes, and 4.875% Notes. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be an alternative measure of operating income or gross profit margin as determined in accordance with GAAP.

	For the year ended December 31,					
		2015	2014		2013	
			(in thousands	3)		
Net loss	\$	(175,656)	\$ (24,	295) \$	(55,909)	
Non-cash straight-line leasing revenue		(49,064)	(56,	867)	(65,611)	
Non-cash straight-line ground lease expense		34,204	36,	,271	33,621	
Non-cash compensation		28,747	22,	,671	17,205	
Loss from extinguishment of debt, net		783	26,	,204	6,099	
Other expense (income)		139,137	(10,	628)	(31,138)	
Acquisition related adjustments and expenses		11,864	7,	,798	19,198	
Asset impairment and decommission costs		94,783	23,	,801	28,960	
Interest income		(3,894)	(677)	(1,794)	
Interest expense (1)		343,025	337,	,284	313,696	
Depreciation, accretion, and amortization		660,021	627,	072	533,334	
Provision (benefit) for taxes (2)		10,827	10,	,120	(492)	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,094,777	\$ 998,	754 \$	797,169	

- (1) Interest expense includes interest expense, non-cash interest expense, and amortization of deferred financing fees.
- (2) Provision (benefit) for taxes includes \$1,766, \$1,485, and \$817 of franchise taxes reflected in selling, general, and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively.

Adjusted EBITDA was \$1.1 b illion for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to \$998.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2014. The increase of \$96.0 million is primarily the result of increased segment operating profit from our domestic site leasing and international site leasing segments offset partially by the decrease in our site development segment operating profit and the increase in our cash selling, general, and administrative expenses. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA includes the negative impact of \$23.3 m illion from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

Adjusted EBITDA was \$ 998.8 million for the year ended December 31, 201 4 as compared to \$ 79.7.2 million for the year ended December 31, 201 3. The increase of \$20.1.6 million is primarily the result of increased segment operating profit from our domestic site leasing, international site leasing, and site development segments offset partially by the increase in our cash selling, general, and administrative expenses. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA includes the negative impact of \$1.4 million from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as compared to the prior year.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

SBA Communications Corporation ("SBAC") is a holding company with no business operations of its own. SBAC's only significant asset is the outstanding capital stock of SBA Telecommunications, LLC ("Telecommunications"), which is also a holding

company that owns equity interests in entities that directly or indirectly own all of our domestic and international towers and assets. We conduct all of our business operations through Telecommunications' subsidiaries. Accordingly, our only source of cash to pay our obligations, other than financings, is distributions with respect to our ownership interest in our subsidiaries from the net earnings and cash flow generated by these subsidiaries.

A summary of our cash flows is as follows:

	For the year ended December 31,						
	2015			2014		2013	
Summary cash flow information							
Cash provided by operating activities	\$	737,173	\$	671,643	\$	497,587	
Cash used in investing activities		(734,521)		(1,760,127)		(817,198)	
Cash provided by financing activities		88,937		991,838		210,837	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		91,589		(96,646)		(108,774)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(12,993)		13,977		(2,213)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		39,443		122,112		233,099	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	118,039	\$	39,443	\$	122,112	

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities was \$737.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to \$671.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2014. This increase was primarily due to an increase in segment operating profit from domestic site leasing and international site leasing operating segments, partially offset by increase s in cash outflows associated with working capital changes, increase d selling, general, and administrative expenses and acquisition related adjustments and expenses and increased cash interest payments relating to the higher average amount of cash-interest bearing debt outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2015 compared to the year ended December 31, 2014.

Investing Activities

A detail of our cash capital expenditures is as follows:

	For the year ended					
	December 31,					
	2015 2014			2013		
			(iı	ı thousands)		
Acquisitions (1)	\$	525,802	\$	1,540,258	\$	628,423
Construction and related costs on new builds		100,736		92,207		77,427
Augmentation and tower upgrades		61,410		72,329		47,970
Land buyouts (2)		83,728		44,964		48,956
Purchase and refurbishment of headquarters building		12,961		19,471		24,516
Tower maintenance		28,626		20,047		12,909
General corporate		4,974		7,197		6,071
Total cash capital expenditures	\$	818,237	\$	1,796,473	\$	846,272

- (1) Included in our cash capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2013 is \$175.9 million related to our acquisition of 800 towers from Vivo in the fourth quarter of 2012.
- (2) Excludes \$16.3 million, \$10.8 million, and \$9.1 million spent to extend ground lease terms for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively.

Subsequent to December 31, 2015, we acquired 102 towers and related assets for \$62.5 million in cash.

During fiscal year 2016, we expect to incur non-discretionary cash capital expenditures associated with tower maintenance and general corporate expenditures of \$30.0 million to \$40.0 million and discretionary cash capital expenditures, based on current

acquisition obligations, planned new tower construction, forecasted tower augmentations, and forecasted ground lease purchases, of \$220.0 million to \$240.0 million as well as potential, additional tower acquisitions not yet under contract. We expect to fund these cash capital expenditures from cash on hand, cash flow from operations, and borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility or new financings. The exact amount of our future cash capital expenditures will depend on a number of factors including amounts necessary to support our tower portfolio, our new tower build and acquisition programs, and our ground lease purchase program.

Financing Activities

On February 5, 2015, we entered into an amendment to our Revolving Credit Facility to (1) increase the size of the facility by \$230.0 million to \$1.0 billion, (2) extend the maturity date to February 5, 2020, and (3) lower the applicable interest rate margins and commitment fees depending on Borrower leverage (as defined in the Senior Credit Agreement).

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we borrowed \$770.0 million and repaid \$895.0 million under the Revolving Credit Facility, resulting in no outstanding balance on the Revolving Credit Facility at year-end. As of December 31, 2015, the remaining borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility was \$1.0 billion, subject to compliance with specified financial ratios and satisfaction of other customary conditions to borrowing.

On June 10, 2015, we, through our wholly owned subsidiary, SBA Senior Finance II LLC, obtained a new senior secured term 1 oan with an aggregate principal amount of \$500.0 million that was issued at 99.0% of par value and matures on June 10, 2022 (the "2015 Term Loan"). Net proceeds from the 2015 Term Loan were used to repay \$490.0 million of the outstanding balance under our Revolving Credit Facility.

On October 14, 2015, we, through our existing SBA Tower Trust, issued \$500.0 million of 3.156% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2015-1C which have an anticipated repayment date of October 8, 2020 and a final maturity date of October 10, 2045 (the "2015 Tower Securities"). Net proceeds from this offering were used to make a cash distribution to SBA Guarantor LLC which w as further distributed (1) to repay outstanding amounts on the Revolving Credit Facility and (2) for general corporate purposes.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we repaid the entire \$172.5 million outstanding principal balance on the 2012-1 Term Loan. In connection with the prepayment, we expensed \$0.8 million of net deferred financing fees.

During the year ended December, 31 2015, we settled the remaining outstanding warrants originally sold in connection with the 4.0% Notes. The warrants represented approximately 2.1 million underlying shares of Class A common stock, and we satisfied our obligations by paying \$150.9 million in cash.

During the second quarter of 2015, we repurchased the remaining \$150.0 million of our Class A common stock authorized under our \$300.0 million stock repurchase plan, completing this plan.

On June 4, 2015, we announced the authorization of a new \$1.0 billion stock repurchase plan. This new plan authorizes us to purchase from time to time our outstanding common stock through open market repurchases in compliance with Rule 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and/or in privately negotiated transactions at management's discretion. Shares purchased will be retired. During the year ended December 31, 2015, we repurchase d 2.7 million shares of our Class A common stock under our stock repurchase program for \$300.1 million at a weighted average price per share of \$112.04. As of December 31, 2015, we had a remaining authorization to repurchase \$700.0 million of Class A common stock under our current \$1.0 b illion stock repurchase program.

Subsequent to December 31, 2015, we repurchased 0.5 million shares of our Class A common stock under our stock repurchase program for \$50.0 million at a weighted average price per share of \$98.65. As of the date of this filing, we had a remaining authorization to repurchase \$650.0 million of Class A common stock under our current \$1.0 billion stock repurchase program.

Registration Statements

We have on file with the Commission a shelf registration statement on Form S-4 registering shares of Class A common stock that we may issue in connection with the acquisition of wireless communication towers or antenna sites and related assets or companies who own wireless communication towers, antenna sites, or related assets. During the year ended December 31, 2015, we did not issue any shares of Class A common stock under this registration statement. As of December 31, 2015, we had approximately 1.7 million shares of Class A common stock remaining under this shelf registration statement.

On March 3, 2015, we filed with the Commission an automatic shelf registration statement for well-known seasoned issuers on Form S-3ASR. This registration statement enables us to issue shares of our Class A common stock, preferred stock or debt securities either separately or represented by warrants, or depositary shares as well as units that include any of these securities. Under the rules governing automatic shelf registration statements, we will file a prospectus supplement and advise the Commission of the amount and type of securities each time we issue securities under this registration statement. No shares were issued under this registration statement through the date of this filing.

Debt Instruments and Debt Service Requirements

Senior Credit Agreement

On February 7, 2014, SBA Senior Finance II entered into a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with several banks and other financial institutions or entities from time to time parties to the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement to, among other things, incur the 2014 Term Loan and amend certain terms of the existing senior credit agreement (as amended, the "Senior Credit Agreement").

Terms of the Senior Credit Agreement

The Senior Credit Agreement, as amended, requires SBA Senior Finance II to maintain specific financial ratios, including (1) a ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA not to exceed 6.5 times for any fiscal quarter, (2) a ratio of Consolidated Total Debt and Net Hedge Exposure (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement) to Annualized Borrower EBITDA for the most recently ended fiscal quarter not to exceed 6.5 times for 30 consecutive days and (3) a ratio of Annualized Borrower EBITDA to Annualized Cash Interest Expense (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement) of not less than 2.0 times for any fiscal quarter. The Senior Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants that, among other things, limit the ability of SBA Senior Finance II and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, grant certain liens, make certain investments, enter into sale leaseback transactions, merge or consolidate, make certain restricted payments, enter into transactions with affiliates, and engage in certain asset dispositions, including a sale of all or substantially all of their property. As of December 31, 2015, SBA Senior Finance II was in compliance with the financial covenants contained in the Senior Credit Agreement. The Senior Credit Agreement is also subject to customary events of default. Pursuant to the Second Amended and Restated Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, amounts borrowed under the Revolving Credit Facility, the Term Loans and certain hedging transactions that may be entered into by SBA Senior Finance II or the Subsidiary Guarantors (as defined in the Senior Credit Agreement) with lenders or their affiliates are secured by a first lien on the membership interests of SBA Telecommunications, LLC, SBA Senior Finance, LLC and SBA Senior Finance II and on substantially all of the assets (other than leasehold, easement and fee interests in real property) of SBA Senior Finance II and the Subsidiary Guarantors.

The Senior Credit Agreement, as amended, permits SBA Senior Finance II, without the consent of the other lenders, to request that one or more lenders provide SBA Senior Finance II with increases in the Revolving Credit Facility or additional term loans provided that after giving effect to the proposed increase in Revolving Credit Facility commitments or incremental term loans the ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA would not exceed 6.5 times. SBA Senior Finance II's ability to request such increases in the Revolving Credit Facility or additional term loans is subject to its compliance with customary conditions set forth in the Senior Credit Agreement including compliance, on a pro forma basis, with the financial covenants and ratios set forth therein and, with respect to any additional term loan, an increase in the margin on existing term loans to the extent required by the terms of the Senior Credit Agreement. Upon SBA Senior Finance II's request, each lender may decide, in its sole discretion, whether to increase all or a portion of its Revolving Credit Facility commitment or whether to provide SBA Senior Finance II with additional term loans and, if so, upon what terms.

Revolving Credit Facility under the Senior Credit Agreement

On February 5, 2015, SBA Senior Finance II entered into the 2015 Revolving Refinancing Amendment with several banks and other financial institutions or entities from time to time parties to the Senior Credit Agreement to, among other things, (i) increase the borrowing capacity under our Revolving Credit Facility from \$770.0 million to \$1.0 billion, (ii) extend the maturity date of the Revolving Credit Facility to February 5, 2020, (iii) provide for the ability to borrow in U.S. dollars and certain designated foreign currencies, and (iv) lower the applicable interest rate margins and commitment fees under the Revolving Credit Facility.

As amended February 2015, the Revolving Credit Facility consists of a revolving loan under which up to \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to compliance with specific financial ratios and the satisfaction of other cus tomary conditions to borrowing. Amounts borrowed under the Revolving Credit Facility accrue interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either (i) the Eurodollar Rate plus a margin that ranges from 137.5 basis points to 200.0 basis points or (ii) the

Base Rate plus a margin that ranges from 37.5 basis points to 100.0 basis points, in each case based on the ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA, calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement. In addition, SBA Senior Finance II is required to pay a commitment fee of 0.25% per annum on the amount of unused commitment. If not earlier terminated by SBA Senior Finance II, the Revolving Credit Facility will terminate on, and SBA Senior Finance II will repay all amounts outstanding on or before, February 5, 2020. The proceeds available under the Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes. SBA Senior Finance II may, from time to time, borrow from and repay the Revolving Credit Facility. Consequently, the amount outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility at the end of a period may not be reflective of the total amounts outstanding during such period.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we borrowed \$770.0 million and repaid \$895.0 million of the outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2015, the re was no amount outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. The remaining borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility was \$1.0 bi llion at December 31, 2015, subject to compliance with specified financial ratios and satisfaction of other customary conditions to borrowing.

Term Loans under the Senior Credit Agreement

2012-1 Term Loan

The 2012-1 Term Loan consisted of a senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$200.0 million with a maturity date of May 9, 2017. The 2012-1 Term Loan accrue d interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus a margin that ranges from 100 to 150 basis points or the Eurodollar Rate plus a margin that ranges from 200 to 250 basis points, in each case based on the ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement). The 2012-1 Term Loan was issued at par. We incurred deferred financing fees of \$2.7 million in relation to this transaction which we re being amortized through the maturity date.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we repaid the entire \$172.5 million outstanding principal balance on the 2012-1 Term Loan. Included in this amount was a prepayment of \$160.0 million made on November 18, 2015. In connection with the prepayment, we expensed \$0.8 million of net deferred financing fees.

2014 Term Loan

The 2014 Term Loan consists of a senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion that matures on March 24, 2021. The 2014 Term Loan accrues interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus 150 basis points (with a Base Rate floor of 1.75%) or the Eurodollar Rate plus 250 basis points (with a Eurodollar Rate floor of 0.75%). The 2014 Term Loan was issued at 99.75% of par value. As of December 31, 2015, the 2014 Term Loan was accruing interest at 3.25% per annum. Principal payments on the 2014 Term Loan commenced on September 30, 2014 and are being made in quarterly installments on the last day of each March, June, September, and December in an amount equal to \$3.8 million. SBA Senior Finance II has the ability to prepay any or all amounts under the 2014 Term Loan. We incurred deferred financing fees of approximately \$12.9 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we repaid \$15.0 million of principal on the 2014 Term Loan. As of December 31, 2015, the 2014 Term Loan had a principal balance of \$1.5 billion.

2015 Term Loan

On June 10, 2015, SBA Senior Finance II obtained a new senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$500.0 million that matures on June 10, 2022. The 2015 Term Loan accrues interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus 150 basis points (with a Base Rate floor of 1.75%) or the Eurodollar Rate plus 250 basis points (with a Eurodollar Rate floor of 0.75%). The 2015 Term Loan was issued at 99.0% of par value. As of September 30, 2015, the 2015 Term Loan was accruing interest at 3.25% per annum. Principal payments on the 2015 Term Loan commenced on September 30, 2015 and are being made in quarterly installments on the last day of each March, June, September, and December in an amount equal to \$1.3 million. SBA Senior Finance II has the ability to prepay any or all amounts under the 2015 Term Loan. We incurred deferred financing fees of approximately \$5.1 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we repaid \$2.5 million of principal on the 2015 Term Loan. As of December 31, 2015, the 2015 Term Loan had a principal balance of \$497.5 million.

Secured Tower Revenue Securities

Tower Revenue Securities Terms

The mortgage loan underlying the 2010 Tower Securities, 2012 Tower Securities, 2013 Tower Securities, 2014 Tower Securities, and 2015 Tower Securities (together the "Tower Securities") will be paid from the operating cash flows from the aggregate 10,585 tower sites owned by the Borrowers. The mortgage loan is secured by (i) mortgages, deeds of trust, and deeds to secure debt on a substantial portion of the tower sites, (ii) a security interest in the tower sites and substantially all of the Borrowers' personal property and fixtures, (iii) the Borrowers' rights under certain tenant leases, and (iv) all of the proceeds of the foregoing. For each calendar month, SBA Network Management, Inc., an indirect subsidiary ("Network Management"), is entitled to receive a management fee equal to 4.5% of the Borrowers' operating revenues for the immediately preceding calendar month.

The Borrowers may prepay any of the mortgage loan components, in whole or in part, with no prepayment consideration, (i) within nine months (in the case of the components corresponding to the 2010 Tower Securities), twelve months (in the case of the component corresponding to the 2012 Tower Securities, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1C, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1D, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-1C, and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2015-1C), or eighteen months (in the case of the components corresponding to the Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-2C and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-2C) of the anticipated repayment date of such mortgage loan component, (ii) with proceeds received as a result of any condemnation or casualty of any tower owned by the Borrowers or (iii) during an amortization period. In all other circumstances, the Borrowers may prepay the mortgage loan, in whole or in part, upon payment of the applicable prepayment consideration. The prepayment consideration is determined based on the class of the Tower Securities to which the prepaid mortgage loan component corresponds and consists of an amount equal to the excess, if any, of (1) the present value associated with the portion of the principal balance being prepaid, calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in the mortgage loan agreement, on the date of prepayment of all future installments of principal and interest required to be paid from the date of prepayment to and including the first due date within nine months (in the case of the components corresponding to the 2010 Tower Securities), twelve months (in the case of the component corresponding to the 2012 Tower Securities, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1C, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1D, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-1C, and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2015-1C), or eighteen months (in the case of the components corresponding to the Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-2C and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-2C) of the anticipated repayment date of such mortgage loan component over (2) that portion of the principal balance of such class prepaid on the date of such prepayment.

To the extent that the mortgage loan components corresponding to the Tower Securities are not fully repaid by their respective anticipated repayment dates, the interest rate of each such component will increase by the greater of (i) 5% and (ii) the amount, if any, by which the sum of (x) the ten-year U.S. treasury rate plus (y) the credit-based spread for such component (as set forth in the mortgage loan agreement) plus (z) 5%, exceeds the original interest rate for such component.

Pursuant to the terms of the Tower Securities, all rents and other sums due on any of the towers owned by the Borrowers are directly deposited by the lessees into a controlled deposit account and are held by the indenture trustee. The monies held by the indenture trustee after the release date are classified as restricted cash on the Consolidated Balance Sheets (see Note 4). However, if the Debt Service Coverage Ratio, defined as the net cash flow (as defined in the mortgage loan agreement) divided by the amount of interest on the mortgage loan, servicing fees and trustee fees that the Borrowers are required to pay over the succeeding twelve months, as of the end of any calendar quarter, falls to 1.30x or lower, then all cash flow in excess of amounts required to make debt service payments, to fund required reserves, to pay management fees and budgeted operating expenses and to make other payments required under the loan documents, referred to as "excess cash flow," will be deposited into a reserve account instead of being released to the Borrowers. The funds in the reserve account will not be released to the Borrowers unless the Debt Service Coverage Ratio exceeds 1.30x for two consecutive calendar quarters. If the Debt Service Coverage Ratio falls below 1.15x as of the end of any calendar quarter, then an "amortization period" will commence and all funds on deposit in the reserve account will be applied to prepay the mortgage loan until such time that the Debt Service Coverage Ratio exceeds 1.15x for a calendar quarter. In addition, if any of the Tower Securities are not fully repaid by their respective anticipated repayment dates, the cash flow from the towers owned by the Borrowers will be trapped by the trustee for the Tower Securities and applied first to repay the interest, at the original interest rates, on the mortgage loan components underlying the Tower Securities, second to fund all reserve accounts and operating expenses associated with those towers, third to pay the management fees due to Network Management, fourth to repay principal of the Tower Securities and fifth to repay the additional interest discussed above. The mortgage loan agreement, as amended, also includes covenants customary for mortgage loans subject to rated securitizations. Among other things, the Borrowers are prohibited from incurring other indebtedness for borrowed money or further encumbering their assets. As of December 31, 2015, the Borrowers met the required Debt Service Coverage Ratio as set forth in the mortgage loan agreement and were in compliance with all other covenants.

2010 Tower Securities

On April 16, 2010, we, through a New York common law trust (the "Trust"), issued \$550.0 million of Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2010-2C (the "2010 Tower Securities"). The 2010 Tower Securities have an annual interest rate of 5.101%. The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2010 Tower Securities are April 11, 2017 and April 9, 2042, respectively. The sole asset of the Trust consists of a non-recourse mortgage loan made in favor of those entities that are borrowers on the mortgage loan (the "Borrowers"). We incurred deferred financing fees of \$8.1 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of the 2010 Tower Securities.

2012 Tower Securities

On August 9, 2012, we, through the Trust, issued \$610.0 million of Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2012 -1C (the "2012 Tower Securities") which have an anticipated repayment date of December 1 1, 2017 and a final maturity date of December 9, 2042. The fixed interest rate of the 2012 Tower Securities is 2.933% per annum, payable monthly. We incurred deferred financing fees of \$14.9 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of the 2012 Tower Securities.

2013 Tower Securities

On April 18, 2013, we, through the Trust, issued \$425.0 million of 2.240% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1C which have an anticipated repayment date of April 10, 2018 and a final maturity date of April 9, 2043, \$575.0 million of 3.722% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-2C which have an anticipated repayment date of April 11, 2023 and a final maturity date of April 9, 2048, and \$330.0 million of 3.598% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1D which have an anticipated repayment date of April 10, 2018 and a final maturity date of April 9, 2043 (collectively the "2013 Tower Securities"). The aggregate \$1.33 billion of 2013 Tower Securities have a blended interest rate of 3.218% per annum, payable monthly. We incurred deferred financing fees of \$25.5 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of each of the 2013 Tower Securities.

2014 Tower Securities

On October 15, 2014, we, through the Trust, issued \$920.0 million of 2.898% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-1C which have an anticipated repayment date of October 8, 2019 and a final maturity date of October 1 1, 2044, and \$620.0 million of 3.869% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-2C which have an anticipated repayment date of October 8, 2024 and a final maturity date of October 8, 2049, (collectively the "2014 Tower Securities"). The aggregate \$1.54 billion of 2014 Tower Securities have a blended interest rate of 3.289% per annum, payable monthly. We incurred deferred financing fees of \$22.5 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of each of the 2014 Tower Securities.

2015 Tower Securities

On October 14, 2015, we, through the Trust, issued \$500.0 million of Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2015-1C which have an anticipated repayment date of October 8, 2020 and a final maturity date of October 10, 2045 (the "2015 Tower Securities"). The fixed interest rate of the 2015 Tower Securities is 3.156% per annum, payable monthly. We have incurred deferred financing fees of \$10.9 million to date in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of the 2015 Tower Securities. In connection with the issuance of the 2015 Tower Securities, the advance rents reserve requirement was modified such that the Borrowers will only be required to maintain an advance rents reserve at any time the monthly tenant debt service coverage ratio is equal to or less than 2:1 and for two calendar months after such coverage ratio again exceeds 2:1.

In connection with the issuance of the 201 5 Tower Securities, SBA Properties, LLC, SBA Sites, LLC, SBA Structures, LLC, SBA Infrastructure, LLC, SBA Monarch Towers III, LLC, SBA 2012 TC Assets PR, LLC, SBA 2012 TC Assets, LLC, SBA Towers IV, LLC, SBA Monarch Towers I, LLC, SBA Towers USVI, Inc., SBA Towers VII, LLC, SBA GC Towers, LLC, SBA Towers V, LLC, and SBA Towers VI, LLC (collectively, the "Borrowers"), each an indirect subsidiary of SBAC, and Midland Loan Services, a division of PNC Bank, National Association, as servicer, on behalf of the Trustee entered into the First Loan and Security Agreement Supplement and Amendment pursuant to which, among other things, (i) the existing Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement was amended to modify the advance rents reserve as described above, (ii) the outstanding principal amount of the mortgage loan was increased by \$ 50 0 million, and (iii) the Borrowers became jointly and severally liable for the aggregate \$4. 5 billion borrowed under the mortgage loan corresponding to the 2010 Tower Securities, 2012 Tower Securities, 2013 Tower Securities, 2014 Tower Securities, and the newly issued 201 5 Tower Securities.

4.0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2014

On April 24, 2009, we issued \$500.0 million of 4.0% Convertible Senior Notes ("4.0% Notes"). Concurrently with the pricing of the 4.0% Notes, we entered into convertible note hedge and warrant transactions with affiliates of certain of the initial purchasers of the convertible notes. As of December 31, 2014, we settled our conversion obligations and associated convertible note hedges. During the year ended December 31, 2015, we settled the remaining outstanding warrants for \$150.9 million, representing approximately 2.1 million underlying shares.

Senior Notes

5.75% Senior Notes

On July 13, 2012, Telecommunications issued \$800.0 million of unsecured senior notes due July 15, 2020 (the "5.75% Notes"). The 5.75% Notes accrue interest at a rate of 5.75% and were issued at par. Interest on the 5.75% Notes is due semi-annually on July 15 and January 15 of each year. We incurred deferred financing fees of \$14.0 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

The 5.75% Notes are subject to redemption in whole or in part on or after July 15, 2016 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture agreement plus accrued and unpaid interest. If redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on July 15, 2016, July 15, 2017, or July 15, 2018 through maturity, the redemption price will be 102.875%, 101.438%, and 100.000%, respectively, of the principal amount of the 5.75% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest.

SBAC is a holding company with no business operations of its own and its only significant asset is the outstanding capital stock of Telecommunications. Telecommunications is 100% owned by SBAC. SBAC has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the Senior Notes issued by Telecommunications.

5.625% Senior Notes

On September 28, 2012, we issued \$500.0 million of unsecured senior notes due October 1, 2019 (the "5.625% Notes"). The 5.625% Notes accrue interest at a rate of 5.625% per annum and were issued at par. Interest on the 5.625% Notes is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. We incurred deferred financing fees of \$8.6 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

The 5.625% Notes are subject to redemption in whole or in part on or after October 1, 2016 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture agreement plus accrued and unpaid interest. If redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on October 1, 2016, October 1, 2017, or October 1, 2018 until maturity, the redemption price will be 102.813%, 101.406%, and 100.000%, respectively, of the principal amount of the 5.625% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest.

4.875% Senior Notes

On July 1, 2014, we issued \$750.0 million of unsecured senior notes due July 15, 2022 (the "4.875% Notes"). The 4.875% Notes accrue interest at a rate of 4.875% per annum and were issued at 99.178% of par value. Interest on the 4.875% Notes is due semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year. We incurred deferred financing fees of \$11.6 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

The 4.875% Notes are subject to redemption in whole or in part on or after July 15, 2017 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture agreement plus accrued and unpaid interest. Prior to July 15, 2017, we may at our option redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 4.875% Notes originally issued at a redemption price of 104.875% of the principal amount of the 4.875% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest with the net proceeds of certain equity offerings. If redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on July 15, 2017, July 15, 2018, July 15, 2019, or July 15, 2020 until maturity, the redemption price will be 103.656%, 102.438%, 101.219% and 100.000%, respectively, of the principal amount of the 4.875% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest.

Indentures Governing Senior Notes

The Indentures governing the Senior Notes contain customary covenants, subject to a number of exceptions and qualifications, including restrictions on the ability of SBAC and Telecommunications to (1) incur additional indebtedness unless the Consolidated

Indebtedness to Annualized Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Ratio (as defined in the Indenture), pro forma for the additional indebtedness does not exceed, with respect to any fiscal quarter, 9.5x for SBAC and 7.5x for Telecommunications, (2) merge, consolidate or sell assets, (3) make restricted payments, including dividends or other distributions, (4) enter into transactions with affiliates, and (5) enter into sale and leaseback transactions and restrictions on the ability of the Restricted Subsidiaries of SBAC and Telecommunications (as defined in the Indentures) to incur liens securing indebtedness.

Debt Service

As of December 31, 2015, we believe that our cash on hand, capacity available under our Revolving Credit Facility, and our cash flows from operations for the next twelve months will be sufficient to service our outstanding debt during the next twelve months.

The following table illustrates our estimate of our de bt service requirement over the twelve months ended December 31, 2016 based on the amounts outstanding as of December 31, 2015 and the interest rates accruing on those amounts on such date (in thousands):

5.625% Senior Notes due 2019	\$ 28,125
5.750% Senior Notes due 2020	46,000
4.875% Senior Notes due 2022	36,563
5.101% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2010-2C	28,230
2.933% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2012-1C	18,085
2.240% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1C	9,655
3.722% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-2C	21,584
3.598% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1D	11,978
2.898% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-1C	26,954
3.869% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-2C	24,185
3.156% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2015-1C	15,939
Revolving Credit Facility	2,500
2014 Term Loan B	62,836
2015 Term Loan B	21,108
Total debt service for next 12 months	\$ 353,741

Inflation

The impact of inflation on our operations has not been significant to date. However, we cannot assure you that a high rate of inflation in the future will not adversely affect our operating results particularly in light of the fact that our site leasing revenues are governed by long-term contracts with pre-determined pricing that we will not be able to increase in response to increases in inflation other than our contracts in Brazil which have inflationary index based rental escalators.

Commitments and Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our scheduled contractual commitments as of December 31, 2015:

	 2016	 2017 2018 2019		2019	2020			
		(in thousands)						
Principal payments of debt	\$ 20,000	\$ 1,180,000	\$	775,000	\$	1,440,000	\$	1,320,000
Interest payments (1)	333,741	311,991		270,918		251,119		181,371
Operating leases	188,382	190,538		194,228		197,012		198,774
Capital leases	1,619	1,150		799		251		_
Employment agreements	2,100	2,100		1,400		_		_
Total contractual obligations	\$ 545,842	\$ 1,685,779	\$	1,242,345	\$	1,888,382	\$	1,700,145

(1) Represents interest payments based on the 2010 Tower Securities interest rate of 5.1010%, the 2012 Tower Securities interest rate of 2.933%, the 2013-1C Tower Securities interest rate of 2.240%, the 2013-2C Tower Securities interest rate of 3.722%, the 2013-1D Tower Securities interest rate of 3.598%, the 2014-1C Tower Securities interest rate of 2.898%, the 2014-2C Tower Securities interest rate of 3.869%, the 2015 Tower Securities interest rate of 3.156%, the 2014 Term Loan at an interest rate of 3.25% as of December 31, 2015, the 2015 Term Loan at an interest rate of 3.25% as of December 31, 2015, and the Senior Notes interest rates of 5.625%, 5.750% and 4.875%.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We are not involved in any off-balance sheet arrangements.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to certain market risks that are inherent in our financial instruments. These instruments arise from transactions entered into in the normal course of business.

The following table presents the future principal payment obligations and fair values associated with our long-term debt instruments assuming our actual level of long-term indebtedness as of December 31, 2015:

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value
Debt:				(in the	ousands)			
5.625% Senior Notes due 2019	\$ —	\$ \$	S –	\$ 500,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 500,000	\$ 521,250
5.750% Senior Notes due 2020	_	_	_	_	800,000	_	800,000	832,000
4.875% Senior Notes due 2022	_	_	_	_	_	750,000	750,000	744,375
5.101% 2010-2 Tower								
Securities (1)	_	550,000	_	_	_	_	550,000	558,223
2.933% 2012 Tower								
Securities (1)	_	610,000	_	_	_	_	610,000	611,879
2.240% 2013-1C Tower								
Securities (1)	_	_	425,000	_	_	_	425,000	416,959
3.722% 2013-2C Tower								
Securities (1)	_	_	_	_	_	575,000	575,000	565,541
3.598% 2013-1D Tower								
Securities (1)	_	_	330,000	_	_	_	330,000	332,676
2.898% 2014-1C Tower								
Securities (1)	_	_	_	920,000	_	_	920,000	910,368
3.869% 2014-2C Tower								
Securities (1)	_	_	_	_	_	620,000	620,000	608,084
3.156% 2015-1C Tower								
Securities (1)	_	_	_	_	500,000	_	500,000	489,680
2014 Term Loan	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	1,402,500	1,477,500	1,447,950
2015 Term Loan	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	472,500	497,500	486,306
Total debt obligation	\$ 20,000	\$ 1,180,000	775,000	\$ 1,440,000	\$ 1,320,000	\$ 3,820,000	\$ 8,555,000	\$ 8,525,291

(1) The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2010-2 Tower Securities is April 1 1, 2017 and April 9, 2042, respectively.

The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2012 Tower Securities is December 1 1, 2017 and December 9, 2042, respectively.

The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2013-1C Tower Securities is April 1 0, 2018 and April 9, 2043, respectively.

The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2013-2C Tower Securities is April 1 1, 2023 and April 9, 2048, respectively.

The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2013-1D Tower Securities is April 1 0, 2018 and April 9, 2043, respectively.

The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2014-1C Tower Securities is October 8, 2019 and October 11, 2044, respectively.

The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2014-2C Tower Securities is October 8, 2024 and October 8, 2049, respectively.

The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2015-1C Tower Securities is October 8, 2020 and October 10, 2049, respectively.

Our current primary market risk exposure is interest rate risk relating to (1) our ability to refinance our debt at commercially reasonable rates, if at all, (2) interest rate risk relating to the impact of interest rate movements on our 201 4 Term Loan and 201 5 Term Loan and any borrowings that we may incur under our Revolving Credit Facility, which are at floating rates. We manage the interest rate risk on our outstanding debt through our large percentage of fixed rate debt. While we cannot predict our ability to refinance

existing debt or the impact interest rate movements will have on our existing debt, we continue to evaluate our financial position on an ongoing basis.

We are exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates in connection with our operations in Brazil, Canada, Costa Rica, Guatemala, and Nicaragua. In each of these countries, we pay most of our selling, general, and administrative expenses and a portion of our operating expenses, such as taxes and utilities incurred in the country in local currency. In addition, in Brazil and Canada, we receive significantly all of our revenue and pay significantly all of our operating expenses in local currency. All transactions denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar are reported in U.S. Dollars at the applicable exchange rate. All assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars at exchange rates in effect at the end of the applicable fiscal reporting period and all revenues and expenses are translated at average rates for the period. The cumulative translation effect is included in equity as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). For the year ended December 31, 2015, approximately 11.0% of our revenues and approximately 11.7% of our total operating expenses were denominated in foreign currencies.

We have performed a sensitivity analysis assuming a hypothetical 10% adverse movement in the Brazilian Real from the quoted foreign currency exchange rates at December 31, 2015. As of December 31, 2015, the analysis indicated that such an adverse movement would have caused our revenues and operating results to fluctuate by less than 2.0 % for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Durin g 2014, we incurred intercompany debt, which is denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the subsidiary in which it is recorded. As this debt had not been designated as being a long-term investment in nature, any changes in the foreign currency exchange rates will result in unrealized gains or losses, which will be included in our determination of net income. A change of 10% in the underlying exchange rates of our unsettled intercompany debt at December 31, 2015 would have resulted in approximately \$46.6 million of unrealized gains or losses that would have been included in Other expense in our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This annual report contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These statements concern expectations, beliefs, projections, plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. Specifically, this annual report contains forward-looking statements regarding:

- our expectations on the future growth and financial health of the wireless industry and the industry participants, the drivers of such growth, and the trends developing in our industry;
- our expectations regarding the opportunities in the international wireless markets in which we currently operate or have targeted for growth, our beliefs regarding how we can capitalize on such opportunities, and our intent to continue expanding internationally through new builds and acquisitions;
- our beliefs regarding our ability to capture and capitalize on industry growth and the impact of such growth on our financial and operational results;
- our expectation that over the long-term, site leasing revenues will continue to grow as wireless service providers lease additional antenna space on our towers due to increasing minutes of network use and data transfer, network expansion and network coverage requirements and the rate of such growth, on an organic basis, in our domestic and international segments;
- our belief that our site leasing business is characterized by stable and long-term recurring revenues, predictable operating costs, and minimal non-discretionary capital expenditures;
- our expectation that, due to the relatively young age and mix of our tower portfolio, future expenditures required to maintain these towers will be minimal;
- our expectation that we will grow our cash flows by adding tenants to our towers at minimal incremental costs and executing monetary amendments;
- our expectations regarding the churn rate of our non-iDEN tenant leases;

- our intent to grow our tower portfolio, domestically and internationally, and our expectations regarding the pace of such growth;
- our expectation that we will continue our ground lease purchase program and the estimates of the impact of such program on our financial results;
- our expectation that we will continue to incur losses;
- our expectations regarding our future cash capital expenditures, both discretionary and non-discretionary, including expenditures
 required to maintain, improve, and modify our towers, ground lease purchases, and general corporate expenditures, and the source
 of funds for these expenditures;
- our intended use of our liquidity;
- our expectations regarding our annual debt service in 2016 and thereafter, and our belief that our cash on hand, cash flows from
 operations for the next twelve months and availability under our Revolving Credit Facility will be sufficient to service our
 outstanding debt during the next twelve months;
- · our belief regarding our credit risk; and
- our estimates regarding certain accounting and tax matters.

These forward-looking statements reflect our current views about future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions. We wish to caution readers that certain important factors may have affected and could in the future affect our actual results and could cause actual results to differ significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statement. The most important factors that could prevent us from achieving our goals, and cause the assumptions underlying forward-looking statements and the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by those forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the impact of consolidation among wireless service providers on our leasing revenue;
- our ability to continue to comply with covenants and the terms of our credit instruments and our ability to obtain additional financing to fund our capital expenditures;
- our ability to successfully manage the risks associated with international operations, including risks relating to political or economic conditions, tax laws, currency restrictions, legal or judicial systems, and land ownership;
- our ability to successfully manage the risks associated with our acquisition initiatives, including our ability to effectively integrate acquired towers into our business and to achieve the financial results projected in our valuation models for the acquired towers;
- developments in the wireless communications industry in general, and for wireless communications infrastructure providers in
 particular, that may slow growth or affect the willingness or ability of the wireless service providers to expend capital to fund
 network expansion or enhancements;
- our ability to secure as many site leasing tenants as anticipated, recognize our expected economies of scale with respect to new tenants on our towers, and retain current leases on towers;
- our ability to secure and deliver anticipated services business at contemplated margins;
- our ability to build new towers, including our ability to identify and acquire land that would be attractive for our clients and to successfully and timely address zoning, permitting, weather, availability of labor and supplies and other issues that arise in connection with the building of new towers;

- competition for the acquisition of towers and other factors that may adversely affect our ability to purchase towers that meet our investment criteria and are available at prices which we believe will be accretive to our shareholders and allow us to maintain our long-term target leverage ratios;
- our ability to protect our rights to the land under our towers, and our ability to acquire land underneath our towers on terms that are accretive;
- our ability to sufficiently increase our revenues and maintain expenses and cash capital expenditures at appropriate levels to permit
 us to meet our anticipated uses of liquidity for operations, debt service and estimated portfolio growth;
- our ability to successfully estimate the impact of regulatory and litigation matters;
- our ability to successfully estimate the impact of certain accounting and tax matters, including the effect on our company of adopting certain accounting pronouncements and the availability of sufficient net operating losses to offset future taxable income;
- natural disasters and other unforeseen damage for which our insurance may not provide adequate coverage;
- · a decrease in demand for our towers; and
- the introduction of new technologies or changes in a tenant's business model that may make our tower leasing business less desirable to potential tenants.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Financial statements and supplementary data are on pages F-1 through F-38.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures – We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, as ours are designed to do, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

In connection with the preparation of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, as of December 31, 2015, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the CEO and CFO, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on such evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that, as of December 31, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting – Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, and for performing an assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Our system of internal control over financial reporting includes those

policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of SBAC; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of SBAC are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of SBAC; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of SBAC's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Management performed an assessment of the effectiveness of SBAC's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015 based upon criteria in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* (2013 Framework) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on our assessment, management determined that SBAC's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2015 based on the criteria in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* (2013 Framework) issued by COSO.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Ernst & Young LLP, the independent registered public accounting firm that audited the financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, has issued an attestation report on SBAC's internal control over financial reporting.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries

We have audited SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries' management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive loss, shareholders' equity (deficit) and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015 of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries and our report dated February 26, 2016 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP
Certified Public Accountants

Boca Raton, Florida February 26, 2016

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 5.02 Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.

Item 5.02 (e)

On December 7, 2015, we entered into amended and restated employment agreements with each of Brendan Cavanagh, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Thomas P. Hunt, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Chief Administrative Officer, and Kurt L. Bagwell, Executive Vice President and President of International. The prior employment agreements with each of Messrs. Cavanagh, Hunt and Bagwell were set to expire by their terms on December 31, 2015. The amended and restated employment agreements, which provide for each of Messrs. Cavanagh, Hunt and Bagwell to continue to serve in their present positions, became effective on December 31, 2015 and expire on December 31, 2018. All other material terms of the employment agreements remained the same.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERANCE

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer. The Code of Ethics is located on our internet web site at www.sbasite.com under "Investor Relations – Corporate Governance – Governance Documents." We intend to provide disclosure of any amendments or waivers of our Code of Ethics on our website within four business days following the date of the amendment or waiver.

The remaining items required by Part III, Item 10 are incorporated herein by reference from the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed on or before April 29, 2016.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The items required by Part III, Item 11 are incorporated herein by reference from the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed on or before April 29, 2016.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The items required by Part III, Item 12 are incorporated herein by reference from the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed on or before April 29, 2016.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The items required by Part III, Item 13 are incorporated herein by reference from the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed on or before April 29, 2016.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

The items required by Part III, Item 14 are incorporated herein by reference from the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed on or before April 29, 2016.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

- (a) Documents filed as part of this report:
- (1) Financial Statements

See Item 8 for Financial Statements included with this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(2) Financial Statement Schedules

None.

(3) Exhibits

		Incorpora	ited by Reference
Exhibit	7.11.1.7. A.4		Period Covered or
Nb.	Exhibit Description	Form	Date of Filing
3.4	Fourth Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, as Amended, of SBA Communications Corporation.	S-4 (333-166966)	05/19/10
3.6	Amended and Restated Bylaws of SBA Communications Corporation, effective as of July 28, 2015.	8-K	07/31/15
4.15A	Form of Senior Indenture.	S-3ASR (333-202477)	03/03/15
4.16A	Form of Subordinated Indenture.	S-3ASR (333-202477)	03/03/15
4.20	Indenture, dated July 13, 2012, between SBA Telecommunications, Inc., SBA Communications Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association.	8-K	07/16/12
4.21	Form of 5.75% Senior Notes due 2020 (included in Exhibit 4.20).	8-K	07/16/12
4.22	Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2012, between SBA Communications Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association.	8-K	09/28/12
4.23	Form of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2019 (included in Exhibit 4.22).	8-K	09/28/12
4.24	Indenture, dated July 1, 2014, between SBA Communications Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association.	8-K	07/01/14
4.25	Form of 4.875% Senior Notes due 2022 (included in Exhibit 4.24).	8-K	07/01/14
10.1	SBA Communications Corporation Registration Rights Agreement dated as of March 5, 1997, among the Company, Steven E. Bernstein, Ronald G. Bizick, II and Robert Grobstein.	S-4 (333-50219)	04/15/98
10.2	Purchase Agreement, dated July 26, 2012, among SBA Senior Finance, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, and the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule I thereto.	10-Q	Quarter ended September 30, 2012
10.3	2015 Revolving Refinancing Amendment, dated as of February 5, 2015, among SBA Senior Finance II, as borrower, the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, and Toronto Dominion (Texas) LLC, as administrative agent.	10-K	Year ended Decembe 31, 2014
10.4	Purchase Agreement, dated April 4, 2013, among SBA Senior Finance, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, and the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule I thereto.	8-K	04/23/13

Table of Co	antants.		
10.5	Incremental Term Loan B-2 Amendment, dated as of June 10, 2015, among SBA Senior Finance II LLC, as borrower, the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, and Toronto Dominion (Texas) LLC, as administrative agent.	10-Q	Quarter ended June 30, 2015
10.6	Purchase Agreement, dated October 6, 2015, among SBA Senior Finance, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee, and the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule I thereto.	8-K	10/09/15
10.7	Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of February 7, 2014, among SBA Senior Finance II LLC, as borrower, the several lenders from time to time parties thereto, Citigroup Global Capital Markets Inc. and Barclays Bank PLC, as incremental tranche B-1 term loan joint lead arrangers and syndication agents, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, TD Securities (USA) LLC, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as co-incremental Tranche B-1 term loan documentation agents, and Toronto Dominion (Texas) LLC, as administrative agent.	8-K	02/13/14
10.8	Second Amended and Restated Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, dated as of February 7, 2014, among SBA Communications Corporation, SBA Telecommunications, LLC, SBA Senior Finance, LLC, SBA Senior Finance II LLC and certain of its subsidiaries, as identified in the Second Amended and Restated Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, in favor of Toronto Dominion (Texas) LLC, as administrative agent.	8-K	02/13/14
10.9	Purchase Agreement, dated June 17, 2014, among SBA Communications Corporation, U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, and the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule I thereto.	8-K	06/23/14
10.10	Registration Rights Agreement, dated July 1, 2014, among SBA Communications Corporation and the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule I thereto.	8-K	07/01/14
10.11	Purchase Agreement, dated October 7, 2014, among SBA Senior Finance, LLC, Deutsche Bank Trust Company, as trustee, and several initial purchasers listed on Schedule I thereto.	8-K	10/10/14
10.12	Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of October 15, 2014, among SBA Properties, LLC, SBA Sites, LLC, SBA Structures, LLC, SBA Infrastructure, LLC, SBA Monarch Towers III, LLC, SBA 2012 TC Assets PR, LLC, SBA 2012 TC Assets, LLC, SBA Towers IV, LLC, SBA Monarch Towers I, LLC, SBA Towers USVI, Inc., SBA GC Towers, LLC, SBA Towers VII, LLC and any Additional Borrower or Borrowers that may become a party thereto and Midland Loan Services, as Servicer on behalf of Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee.	10-Q	Quarter ended September 30, 2014
10.12A	First Loan and Security Agreement Supplement and Amendment, dated as of October 14, 2015, by and among the Borrowers named therein and Midland Loan Services, a division of PNC Bank, National Association, as Servicer on behalf of Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Trustee.	8-K	10/20/15
10.33	2001 Equity Participation Plan as Amended and Restated on May 16, 2002.†	DEF 14A	04/16/02

Year ended December 31, 2014

10-K

Employment Agreement, dated October 30, 2014, between SBA Communications Corporation and Jeffrey A. Stoops. $\dot{\tau}$

10.35F

Table of Co	intents		
10.50	Management Agreement, dated as of November 18, 2005, by and among SBA Properties, Inc., SBA Network Management, Inc. and SBA Senior Finance, Inc.	10-K	Year ended December 31, 2005
10.57D	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of December 7, 2015, between SBA Communications Corporation and Kurt L. Bagwell.†*		
10.58D	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of December 7, 2015, between SBA Communications Corporation and Thomas P. Hunt.†*		
10.60	Joinder and Amendment to Management Agreement, dated November 6, 2006, by and among SBA Properties, Inc., SBA Towers, Inc., SBA Puerto Rico, Inc., SBA Sites, Inc., SBA Towers USVI, Inc., and SBA Structures, Inc., and SBA Network Management, Inc., and SBA Senior Finance, Inc.	10-K	Year ended December 31, 2006
10.75A	SBA Communications Corporation 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended on May 4, 2011. $\!$	10-Q	Quarter ended June 30, 2011
10.76	Form of Indemnification Agreement dated January 15, 2009 between SBA Communications Corporation and its directors and certain officers.	10-K	Year ended December 31, 2008
10.85C	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of December 7, 2015, between SBA Communications Corporation and Brendan T. Cavanagh.†*		
10.89	SBA Communications Corporation 2010 Performance and Equity Incentive Plan.†	S-8 (333-166969)	05/20/10
10.96	Purchase Agreement, dated July 10, 2012, among SBA Communications Corporation, SBA Telecommunications, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as representative of the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule 1 thereto.	8-K	07/16/12
10.97	Registration Rights Agreement, dated July 13, 2012, among SBA Communications Corporation, SBA Telecommunications, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as representative of the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule 2 thereto.	8-K	07/16/12
10.98	Purchase Agreement, dated September 20, 2012, between SBA Communications Corporation and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as representative of the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule 1 thereto.	8-K	09/26/12
10.99	Registration Rights Agreement, dated September 28, 2012, between SBA Communications Corporation and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, as representative of the several initial purchasers listed on Schedule 2 thereto.	8-K	09/28/12
21	Subsidiaries.*		
23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP.*		
31.1	Certification by Jeffrey A. Stoops, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*		
31.2	Certification by Brendan T. Cavanagh, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*		
32.1	Certification by Jeffrey A. Stoops, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*		

32.2	Certification by Brendan T. Cavanagh, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.**
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.**
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.**
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.**
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.**
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.**

[†] Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
* Filed herewith.
** Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Stoops

Jeffrey A. Stoops

Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: February 2 6, 2016

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
/s/ Steven E. Bernstein	Chairman of the Board of Directors	February 2 6, 2016
Steven E. Bernstein		
/s/ Jeffrey A. Stoops	Chief Executive Officer and President	February 2 6, 2016
Jeffrey A. Stoops	(Principal Executive Officer)	
/s/ Brendan T. Cavanagh	Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President	February 2 6, 2016
Brendan T. Cavanagh	(Principal Financial Officer)	
/s/ Brian D. Lazarus	Chief Accounting Officer and Senior Vice President	February 2 6, 2016
Brian D. Lazarus	(Principal Accounting Officer)	
/s/ Brian C. Carr	Director	February 2 6, 2016
Brian C. Carr		
/s/ Mary S. Chan	Director	February 2 6, 2016
Mary S. Chan		
/s/ Duncan H. Cocroft	Director	February 2 6, 2016
Duncan H. Cocroft		
/s/ George R. Krouse Jr.	Director	February 2 6, 2016
George R. Krouse Jr.		
/s/ Jack Langer	Director	February 2 6, 2016
Jack Langer		
/s/ Kevin L. Beebe	Director	February 2 6, 2016
Kevin L. Beebe		

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive loss, shareholders' equity (deficit) and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries at December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2015, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework), and our report dated February 26, 2016 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Boca Raton, Florida February 26, 2016 /s/ Ernst & Young LLP
Certified Public Accountants

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except par values)

	December 31, 2015		 December 31, 2014
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	118,039	\$ 39,443
Restricted cash		25,353	52,519
Short-term investments		706	5,549
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$1,681 and \$889			
at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively		83,326	104,268
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts		16,934	30,078
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		49,602	 95,031
Total current assets		293,960	326,888
Property and equipment, net		2,782,353	2,762,417
Intangible assets, net		3,735,413	4,189,540
Deferred financing fees, net		94,152	95,237
Other assets		497,337	467,043
Total assets	\$	7,403,215	\$ 7,841,125
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	27,105	\$ 42,851
Accrued expenses		63,755	65,553
Current maturities of long-term debt		20,000	32,500
Deferred revenue		97,083	120,047
Accrued interest		53,365	53,178
Other current liabilities		12,063	16,921
Total current liabilities		273,371	331,050
Long-term liabilities:		•	,
Long-term debt		8,522,305	7,828,299
Other long-term liabilities		313,683	342,576
Total long-term liabilities		8,835,988	 8,170,875
Shareholders' deficit:		, ,	, ,
Preferred stock - par value \$.01, 30,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding			_
Common stock - Class A, par value \$.01, 400,000 shares authorized, 125,743 and			
129,134 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2015 and			
December 31, 2014, respectively		1,257	1,291
Additional paid-in capital		1,962,713	2,062,775
Accumulated deficit		(3,168,069)	(2,542,380)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net		(502,045)	(182,486)
Total shareholders' deficit		(1,706,144)	(660,800)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	\$	7,403,215	\$ 7,841,125

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the year ended December 31,					
		2015		2014		2013
Revenues:						
Site leasing	\$	1,480,634	\$	1,360,202	\$	1,133,013
Site development		157,840		166,794		171,853
Total revenues		1,638,474		1,526,996		1,304,866
Operating expenses:						
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation, accretion, and						
amortization shown below):						
Cost of site leasing		324,655		301,313		270,772
Cost of site development		119,744		127,172		137,481
Selling, general, and administrative		114,951		103,317		85,476
Acquisition related adjustments and expenses		11,864		7,798		19,198
Asset impairment and decommission costs		94,783		23,801		28,960
Depreciation, accretion, and amortization		660,021		627,072		533,334
Total operating expenses		1,326,018		1,190,473		1,075,221
Operating income		312,456		336,523		229,645
Other income (expense):						
Interest income		3,894		677		1,794
Interest expense		(322,366)		(292,600)		(249,051)
Non-cash interest expense		(1,505)		(27,112)		(49,085)
Amortization of deferred financing fees		(19,154)		(17,572)		(15,560)
Loss from extinguishment of debt, net		(783)		(26,204)		(6,099)
Other (expense) income, net		(139,137)		10,628		31,138
Total other expense, net		(479,051)		(352,183)		(286,863)
Loss before provision for income taxes		(166,595)		(15,660)		(57,218)
(Provision) benefit for income taxes		(9,061)		(8,635)		1,309
Net loss	\$	(175,656)	\$	(24,295)	\$	(55,909)
Net loss per common share	\$	(1.37)	\$	(0.19)	\$	(0.44)
Basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares		127,794		128,919		127,769

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (in thousands)

	 For the year ended December 31,						
	 2015		2014	2013			
Net loss	\$ (175,656)	\$	(24,295)	\$	(55,909)		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(319,559)		(148,807)		(36,470)		
Comprehensive loss	\$ (495,215)	\$	(173,102)	\$	(92,379)		

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (in thousands)

					Accumulated	
	Clas	s A	Additional		Other	
	Commo	n Stock	Paid-In	Accumulated	Comprehensive	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	(Loss) Income	Total
BALANCE, December 31, 2012	126,933	1,269	3,111,107	(2,462,176)	2,791	652,991
Net loss	_	_	_	(55,909)	_	(55,909)
Common stock issued in connection with						
stock purchase/option plans	740	7	10,198	_	_	10,205
Non-cash stock compensation	_	_	17,422	_	_	17,422
Adjustment associated with the acquisition						
of noncontrolling interest	_		5,703	_	_	5,703
Settlement of convertible notes	439	4	(321,925)	_	_	(321,921)
Settlement of convertible note hedges	(82)	_	182,856	_	_	182,856
Settlement of common stock warrants	402	4	(97,915)	_	_	(97,911)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_	_	_	_	(36,470)	(36,470)
BALANCE, December 31, 2013	128,432	1,284	2,907,446	(2,518,085)	(33,679)	356,966
Net loss	_	_	_	(24,295)	_	(24,295)
Common stock issued in connection with						
stock purchase/option plans	696	7	7,741	_	_	7,748
Non-cash stock compensation	_	_	22,999	_	_	22,999
Settlement of convertible notes	11,742	117	9,450	_	_	9,567
Settlement of convertible note hedges	(11,737)	(117)	124	_	_	7
Settlement of common stock warrants	1	_	(884,985)	_	_	(884,985)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_	_	_	_	(148,807)	(148,807)
BALANCE, December 31, 2014	129,134	1,291	2,062,775	(2,542,380)	(182,486)	(660,800)
Net loss		_	_	(175,656)		(175,656)
Common stock issued in connection with						
stock purchase/option plans	591	6	21,604	_	_	21,610
Non-cash stock compensation		_	29,208	_		29,208
Settlement of common stock warrants	_	_	(150,874)	_	_	(150,874)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(3,982)	(40)	_	(450,033)	_	(450,073)
Foreign currency translation adjustments					(319,559)	(319,559)
BALANCE, December 31, 2015	125,743	\$ 1,257	\$ 1,962,713	\$ (3,168,069)	\$ (502,045)	\$ (1,706,144)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

		For the year ended December 31,				
		2015	2014	2013		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Net loss	\$	(175,656)	\$ (24,295)	\$ (55,909)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation, accretion, and amortization		660,021	627,072	533,334		
Non-cash interest expense		1,505	27,112	49,085		
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense		(5)	530	(6,642)		
Non-cash asset impairment and decommission costs		89,406	18,384	23,819		
Non-cash compensation expense		28,747	22,671	17,205		
Amortization of deferred financing fees		19,154	17,572	15,560		
Loss on remeasurement of U.S. denominated intercompany loan		178,854	22,965	_		
Gain on sale of cost method investments		(38,326)	(12,461)	_		
Other non-cash items reflected in the Statements of Operations		(4,892)	924	(23,681)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:						
AR and costs and est. earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts, net		15,975	(36,245)	(29,097)		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(48,975)	(64,882)	(81,458)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		7,366	5,475	7,711		
Other liabilities		3,999	66,821	47,660		
Net cash provided by operating activities		737,173	671,643	497,587		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisitions		(609,530)	(1,585,222)	(677,379)		
Capital expenditures		(208,707)	(211,251)	(168,893)		
Proceeds from sale of cost method investments		89,728	20,889	_		
Other investing activities		(6,012)	15,457	29,074		
Net cash used in investing activities	<u> </u>	(734,521)	(1,760,127)	(817,198)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Borrowings under Revolving Credit Facility		770,000	700,000	340,000		
Repayments under Revolving Credit Facility		(895,000)	(790,000)	(225,000)		
Repayment of Term Loans		(190,000)	(310,500)	(512,000)		
Proceeds from Term Loans, net of fees		489,884	1,483,337	<u> </u>		
Payments on settlement of convertible debt		_	(499,721)	(794,997)		
Proceeds from settlement of convertible note hedges		_	7	182,855		
Payments for settlement of common stock warrants		(150,874)	(884,985)	(97,912)		
Payment for the redemption of 8.25% Notes		_	(253,805)	_		
Proceeds from 4.875% Senior Notes, net of fees		_	732,325	_		
Proceeds from issuance of Tower Securities		489,100	1,518,229	1,304,665		
Repayment of 2010 Tower Securities		_	(680,000)			
Repurchase and retirement of common stock, inclusive of fees		(450,073)	_			
Other financing activities		25,900	(23,049)	13,226		
Net cash provided by financing activities		88,937	991,838	210,837		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(12,993)	13,977	(2,213)		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		78,596	(82,669)	(110,987)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		. 2,270	(==,007)	(===,,,,,,,)		
Beginning of year		39,443	122,112	233,099		
End of year	\$		\$ 39,443	\$ 122,112		
v- y	<u> </u>	,				

(continued)

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

	For the year ended December 31,						
		2015		2014		2013	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:							
Cash paid during the period for:							
Interest	\$	322,396	\$	278,359	\$	244,123	
Income taxes	\$	9,431	\$	7,525	\$	6,645	
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES:							
Assets acquired through capital leases	\$	2,627	\$	1,290	\$	1,239	
Issuance of stock for settlement of convertible debt and warrants, net of hedges	\$		\$	229	\$	18,159	

The accompanying condensed notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. GENERAL

SBA Communications Corporation (the "Company" or "SBA C") was incorporated in the State of Florida in March 1997. The Company is a holding company that holds all of the outstanding capital stock of SBA Telecommunications, LLC ("Telecommunications"). Telecommunications is a holding company that holds the outstanding capital stock of SBA Senior Finance, LLC ("SBA Senior Finance"), and other operating subsidiar ies which are not a party to any loan agreement. SBA Senior Finance is a holding company that holds, directly or indirectly, the equity interest in certain subsidiaries that issued the Tower Securities (see Note 1 2) and certain subsidiaries that were not involved in the issuance of the Tower Securities. With respect to the subsidiaries involved in the issuance of the Tower Securities, SBA Senior Finance is the sole member of SBA Holdings, LLC and SBA Depositor, LLC. SBA Holdings, LLC is the sole member of SBA Guarantor, LLC. SBA Guarantor, LLC directly or indirectly holds all of the capital stock of the companies referred to as the "Borrow ers" under the Tower Securities. With respect to subsidiaries not involved in the issuance of the Tower Securities, SBA Senior Finance holds all of the membership interests in SBA Senior Finance II, LLC ("SBA Senior Finance II") and certain non-operating subsidiaries. SBA Senior Finance II holds, directly or indirectly, all the capital stock of certain international subsidiaries and certain other tower companies (known as "Tower Companies"). SBA Senior Finance II also holds, directly or indirectly, all the capital stock and/or membership interests of certain other subsidiaries involved in providing services, including SBA Network Services, LLC ("Network Services") as well as SBA Network Management, Inc. ("Network Management") which manages and administers the operations of the Borrowers.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company owned and operated wireless towers in the United States and its territories. In addition, the Company owned towers in Brazil, Canada, Costa Rica, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Nicaragua, and Panama. Space on these towers is leased primarily to wireless service providers. As of December 31, 2015, the Company owned and operated 25,465 towers of which 15,778 are domestic and 9,687 are international.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements is as follows:

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") and include the Company and its majority and wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The significant estimates made by management relate to the allowance for doubtful accounts, the costs and revenue relating to the Company's construction contracts, stock-based compensation assumptions, valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets, fair value of long-lived assets, the useful lives of towers and intangible assets, anticipated property tax assessments, fair value of investments and asset retirement obligations. Management develops estimates based on historical experience and on various assumptions about the future that are believed to be reasonable based on the information available. These estimates ultimately may differ from actual results and such differences could be material.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of cash in banks, money market funds, commercial paper and other marketable securities with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase. These investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments

Investments securities with original maturities of more than three months but less than one year at time of purchase are considered short-term investments. The Company's short-term investments primarily consist of certificates of deposit with maturities of less than a year. Investment securities with maturities of more than a year are considered long-term investments and are classified in other assets on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Long-term investments primarily consist of U.S. Treasuries, mutual funds, and preferred securities. Gross purchases and sales of the Company's investments are presented within "Cash flows from investing activities" on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

During the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company received proceeds related to the sale or maturity of investments of \$89.7 million and \$20.9 million, respectively, and recorded gains of \$38.3 million and \$12.5 million, respectively. The proceeds are reflected in Net cash used in investing activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and the related gain on sale or maturity is reflected in Other (expense) income, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. The aggregate carrying value of the Company's investments was approximately \$8.8 million and \$49.6 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and is classified within other assets on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The Company accounts for its investments in privately held companies under the cost-method as it does not exert significant influence. The Company evaluates its cost-method investments for impairment at least annually. The Company determines the fair value of its cost-method investments by considering available evidence, including general market conditions, the investee's financial condition, near-term prospects, market comparables and subsequent rounds of financing. The Company measures and records its cost-method investments at fair value when they are deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired. The Company did not recognize any impairment loss associated with its cost-method investments during the years ended December 31, 2015 , 2014 , and 2013 .

Restricted Cash

The Company classifies all cash pledged as collateral to secure certain obligations and all cash whose use is limited as restricted cash. This includes cash held in escrow to fund certain reserve accounts relating to the Tower Securities as well as for payment and performance bonds and surety bonds issued for the benefit of the Company in the ordinary course of business (see Note 4).

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost or at estimated fair value (in the case of acquired properties), adjusted for asset impairment and estimated asset retirement obligations. Costs for self-constructed towers include direct materials and labor, indirect costs and capitalized interest. Approximately \$0.8 million, \$0.3 million, and \$0.1 million of interest cost was capitalized in 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Depreciation on towers and related components is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives, not to exceed the minimum lease term of the underlying ground lease. The Company defines the minimum lease term as the shorter of the period from lease inception through the end of the term of all tenant lease obligations in existence at ground lease inception, including renewal periods, or the ground lease term, including renewal periods. If no tenant lease obligation exists at the date of ground lease inception, the initial term of the ground lease is considered the minimum lease term. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the improvement or the minimum lease term of the lease. For all other property and equipment, depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

The Company performs ongoing evaluations of the estimated useful lives of its property and equipment for depreciation purposes. The estimated useful lives are determined and continually evaluated based on the period over which services are expected to be rendered by the asset. If the useful lives of assets are reduced, depreciation may be accelerated in future years. Property and equipment under capital leases are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease or the remaining estimated life of the leased property, whichever is shorter, and the related amortization is included in depreciation expense. Expenditures for maintenance and repair are expensed as incurred.

Asset classes and related estimated useful lives are as follows:

Towers and related components	3 - 15 years
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	2 - 7 years
Buildings and improvements	5 - 30 years

Betterments, improvements, and significant repairs, which increase the value or extend the life of an asset, are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining estimated useful life of the respective asset. Changes in an asset's estimated useful life are accounted for prospectively, with the book value of the asset at the time of the change being depreciated over the revised remaining useful life. There has been no material impact for changes in estimated useful lives for any years presented.

Deferred Financing Fees

Financing fees related to the issuance of debt have been deferred and are being amortized using the effective interest rate method over the expected duration of the related indebtedness (see Note 12).

Deferred Lease Costs

The Company defers certain initial direct costs associated with the origination of tenant leases and lease amendments and amortizes these costs over the initial lease term or over the lease term remaining if related to a lease amendment. Such deferred costs were approximately \$10.9 million, \$12.4 million, and \$12.8 million in 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. Amortization expense was \$9.0 million, \$6.8 million, and \$5.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and is included in cost of site leasing on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, unamortized deferred lease costs were \$30.6 million and \$28.5 million, respectively, and are included in other assets on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Intangible Assets

The Company classifies as intangible assets the fair value of current leases in place at the acquisition date of towers and related assets (referred to as the "Current contract intangibles"), and the fair value of future tenant leases anticipated to be added to the acquired towers (referred to as the "Network location intangibles"). These intangibles are estimated to have a useful life consistent with the useful life of the related tower assets, which is typically 15 years. For all intangible assets, amortization is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as the benefit associated with these intangible assets is anticipated to be derived evenly over the life of the asset.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company evaluates its individual long-lived and related assets with finite lives for indicators of impairment to determine when an impairment analysis should be performed. The Company evaluates its tower assets and Current contract intangibles at the tower level, which is the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows exists. The Company evaluates its Network location intangibles for impairment at the tower leasing business level whenever indicators of impairment are present. The Company has established a policy to at least annually evaluate its tower assets and Current contract intangibles for impairment.

The Company records an impairment charge when the Company believes an investment in towers or related assets has been impaired, such that future undiscounted cash flows would not recover the then current carrying value of the investment in the tower and related intangible. If the future undiscounted cash flows are lower than the carrying value of the investment in the tower and related intangible, the Company calculates future discounted cash flows and compares those amounts to the carrying value. The Company records an impairment charge for any amounts lower than the carrying value. Estimates and assumptions inherent in the impairment evaluation include, but are not limited to, general market and economic conditions, historical operating results, geographic location, lease-up potential and expected timing of lease-up. In addition, the Company makes certain assumptions in determining an asset's fair value for the purpose of calculating the amount of an impairment charge.

The Company recognized impairment charges of \$94.8 million, \$23.8 million, and \$29.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Refer to Note 3 for further detail of these amounts.

Fair Value Measurements

The Company determines the fair market values of its financial instruments based on the fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The following three levels of inputs may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from site leasing is recorded monthly and recognized on a straight-line basis over the current term of the related lease agreements, which are generally five to ten years. Receivables recorded related to the straight-lining of site leases are reflected in other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Rental amounts received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Site development projects in which the Company performs consulting services include contracts on a time and materials basis or a fixed price basis. Time and materials based contracts are billed at contractual rates and revenue is recognized as the services are rendered. For those site development contracts in which the Company performs work on a fixed price basis, site development billing (and revenue recognition) is based on the completion of agreed upon phases of the project on a per site basis. Upon the completion of each phase on a per site basis, the Company recognizes the revenue related to that phase. Site development projects generally take from 3 to 12 months to complete. Amounts billed in advance (collected or uncollected) are recorded as deferred revenue on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Revenue from construction projects is recognized on the percentage-of-completion method of accounting, determined by the percentage of cost incurred to date compared to management's estimated total cost for each contract. This method is used because management considers total cost to be the best available measure of progress on the contracts. These amounts are based on estimates, and the uncertainty inherent in the estimates initially is reduced as work on the contracts nears completion. The asset "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts" represents costs incurred and revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. The liability "billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts," included within other current liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets, represents billings in excess of costs incurred and revenues recognized. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts are made in the period in which such losses are determined to be probable.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers. The Company monitors collections and payments from its customers and maintains a provision for estimated credit losses based upon historical experience, specific customer collection issues identified, and past due balances as determined based on contractual terms. Interest is charged on outstanding receivables from customers on a case by case basis in accordance with the terms of the respective contracts or agreements with those customers. Amounts determined to be uncollectible are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts in the period in which uncollectibility is determined to be probable.

The following is a rollforward of the allowance for doubtful accounts:

	-	For the year ended December 31,								
	2015			2014	2013					
				(in thousands)						
Beginning balance	\$	889	\$	686	\$	246				
Provision for doubtful accounts		864		338		770				
Write-offs, net of recoveries		(72)		(135)		(330)				
Ending balance	\$	1,681	\$	889	\$	686				

Cost of Revenue

Cost of site leasing revenue includes ground lease rent, property taxes, amortization of deferred lease costs, maintenance and other tower operating expenses. All ground lease rental obligations due to be paid out over the lease term, including fixed escalations, are recorded on a straight-line basis over the minimum lease term. Liabilities recorded related to the straight-lining of ground leases are reflected in other long-term liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Cost of site development revenue includes the cost of

materials, salaries and labor costs, including payroll taxes, subcontract labor, vehicle expense and other costs directly and indirectly related to the projects. All costs related to site development projects are recognized as incurred.

Income Taxes

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded to reduce the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets if it is "more-likely-than-not" that those assets will not be realized. The Company considers many factors when assessing the likelihood of future realization, including the Company's recent cumulative earnings experience by taxing jurisdiction, expectations of future taxable income, prudent and feasible tax planning strategies that are available, the carryforward periods available to the Company for tax reporting purposes and other relevant factors.

The Company had taxable income for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and utilized net operating loss carry-forwards. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company had taxable losses and generated a net operating loss which was carried forward for use in future years. The majority of these net operating loss carry-forwards are fully reserved by a valuation allowance. The U.S. tax losses generated in tax years 1999 through 2013 remain subject to adjustment and tax years 2012 through 2014 are open to examination by the major jurisdictions in which the Company operates.

The Company records a liability for unrecognized tax benefits resulting from uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Company has not identified any tax exposures that require a reserve. To the extent that the Company records unrecognized tax exposures, any related interest and penalties will be recognized as interest expense in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company does not calculate U.S. taxes on undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries because substantially all such earnings are expected to be reinvested indefinitely.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company measures and recognizes compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors, including stock options, restricted stock units and employee stock purchases under employee stock purchase plans. The Company records compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, for stock options and restricted stock units on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Compensation expense for employee stock options is based on the estimated fair value of the options on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Any stock options granted to non-employees would be valued using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model based on the market price of the underlying common stock on the "valuation date," which for options to non-employees is the vesting date. Expense related to options granted to non-employees would be recognized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the period over which services are to be received or the vesting period. Compensation expense for restricted stock units is based on the fair market value of the units awarded at the date of the grant.

Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company has entered into ground leases for the land underlying the majority of the Company's towers. A majority of these leases require the Company to restore land interests to their original condition upon termination of the ground lease.

The Company recognizes asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred, if a reasonable estimate of a fair value can be made, and accretes such liability through the obligation's estimated settlement date. The associated asset retirement costs are capitalized as part of the carrying amount of the related tower fixed assets, and over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the estimated useful life of the tower.

The asset retirement obligation is included in other long-term liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Upon settlement of the obligations, any difference between the cost to retire an asset and the recorded liability is recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as a gain or loss. In determining the measurement of the asset retirement obligations, the Company considered the nature and scope of the contractual restoration obligations contained in the Company's third party ground leases, the historical retirement experience as an indicator of future restoration probabilities, intent in renewing existing ground leases through lease termination dates, current and future value and timing of estimated restoration costs and the credit adjusted risk-free rate used to discount future obligations.

The following summarizes the activity of the asset retirement obligation liability:

	 For the year ended December 31,						
	 2015		2014		2013		
			(in thousands)				
Beginning balance	\$ 5,856	\$	5,312	\$	7,506		
Additions	781		599		597		
Currency translation adjustment	(57)		(161)		(42)		
Accretion expense	373		446		512		
Removal	(50)		(188)		(407)		
Revision in estimates	(594)		(152)		(2,854)		
Ending balance	\$ 6,309	\$	5,856	\$	5,312		

Loss Per Share

The Company has potential common stock equivalents related to its outstanding stock options and until October 2014, its convertible senior notes. These potential common stock equivalents, including 3.8 million shares of stock options outstanding and 0.3 million shares of restricted stock outstanding, were not included in diluted loss per share for the year ended December 31, 2015, because the effect would have been anti-dilutive in calculating the full year earnings per share. Accordingly, basic and diluted loss per common share and the weighted average number of shares used in the computations are the same for all periods presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is defined as the change in equity (net assets) of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources, and is comprised of net income (loss) and other foreign currency adjustments.

Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency for the Company's Central American subsidiaries is the U.S. dollar. Monetary assets and liabilities of such subsidiaries which are not denominated in U.S. dollars are remeasured at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and revenues and expenses are remeasured at monthly average rates prevailing during the year. Unrealized translation gains and losses are reported as other income/expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

All assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries that do not utilize the U.S. dollar as its functional currency are translated at period-end rates of exchange, while revenues and expenses are translated at monthly average rates of exchange prevailing during the year. Unrealized translation gains and losses are reported as foreign currency translation adjustments through accumulated other comprehensive loss in shareholders' deficit.

Business Combinations

The Company accounts for business combinations under the acquisition method of accounting. The assets and liabilities acquired are recorded at fair market value at the date of each acquisition and the results of operations of the acquired assets are included with those of the Company from the dates of the respective acquisitions. The Company continues to evaluate all acquisitions for a period not to exceed one year after the applicable closing date of each transaction to determine whether any additional adjustments are needed to the allocation of the purchase price paid for the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as a result of information available at the acquisition date. The intangible assets represent the value associated with the current leases at the acquisition date ("Current contract intangibles") and future tenant leases anticipated to be added to the towers ("Network location intangibles") and were calculated using the discounted values of the current or future expected cash flows. The intangible assets are estimated to have a useful life consistent with the useful life of the related tower assets, which is typically 15 years.

In connection with certain acquisitions, the Company may agree to pay contingent consideration (or earnouts) in cash or stock if the communication sites or businesses that are acquired meet or exceed certain performance targets over a period of one to three years after they have been acquired. The Company accrues for contingent consideration in connection with acquisitions at fair value as of

the date of the acquisition. All subsequent changes in fair value of contingent consideration payable in cash are recorded through Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Intercompany Loans

On November 25, 2014, two wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, Brazil Shareholder I, LLC, a Florida limited liability company, and SBA Torres Brasil, Limitada, a limitada existing under the laws of the Republic of Brazil, entered into an intercompany loan agreement where from time to time the entities may agree to lend/borrow amounts up to \$750.0 million. As of December 31, 2015, the outstanding balance under this agreement was \$455.8 million.

In accordance with ASC 830, the Company remeasures foreign denominated intercompany loans with the corresponding change in the balance being recorded in Other income (expenses), net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded \$178.9 million and \$23.0 million, respectively, of foreign exchange losses on the remeasurement of intercompany loans.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") released updated guidance regarding the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers, exclusive of those contracts within lease accounting. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To achieve that core principle, an entity should apply the following steps: (1) identify the contracts with the customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the contract price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2017 for public companies. Under the proposal, the standard would be required to be adopted by public business entities in annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted but not before interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. This guidance is required to be applied (1) retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented, or (2) with the cumulative effect being recognized at the date of initial application. The Company is evaluating the guidance including the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Interest—Imputation of Interest. The standard requires debt issuance costs to be presented on the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset. Once adopted, entities are required to apply the new guidance retrospectively to all prior periods presented. ASU 2015-03 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and early application is permitted. The Company has not elected to early adopt the standard.

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, Interest - Imputation of Interest - Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements. The standard indicates the SEC staff would not object to presenting deferred debt issuance costs for a line of credit arrangement as an asset in the balance sheet. ASU 2015-15 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and early application is permitted. The Company has not elected to early adopt the standard.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, Business Combinations. The standard requires that the acquirer (1) recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined, (2) record, in the same period's financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date, and (3) to present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date. ASU 2015-16 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and early application is permitted. The Company has not elected to early adopt the standard.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. The standard amends the existing accounting standards for lease accounting, including requiring lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets and making targeted changes to lessor accounting. This standard requires a modified retrospective transition approach for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application, with an option to use certain transition relief. ASU 2016-02 is effective for annual and interim periods beginning

after December 15, 2018 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the guidance including the impact on its consolidated financial statements.

3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis — The Company's earnout liabilities related to acquisitions are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using Level 3 inputs and are recorded in Accrued expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. Changes in estimate are recorded in Acquisition related adjustments and expenses in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. The Company determines the fair value of acquisition-related earnouts (contingent consideration) and any subsequent changes in fair value using a discounted probability-weighted approach using Level 3 inputs. Level 3 valuations rely on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The fair value of the earnouts is reviewed quarterly and is based on the payments the Company expects to make based on historical internal observations related to the anticipated performance of the underlying assets. The Company's estimate of the fair value of its obligation contained in various acquisition s was \$7.2 million and \$15.1 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The maximum potential obligation related to the performance targets was \$10.2 million and \$23.1 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The following summarizes the activity of the accrued earnouts:

	·	For the year ended December 31,							
		2015		2014	_	2013			
				(in thousands)					
Beginning balance	\$	15,086	\$	30,063	\$	9,840			
Additions		3,295		11,048		31,704			
Payments		(4,094)		(18,724)		(9,324)			
Change in estimate		(6,468)		(7,310)		(1,585)			
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(589)		9		(572)			
Ending balance	\$	7,230	\$	15,086	\$	30,063			

Items Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis — The Company's long-lived assets, intangibles, and asset retirement obligations are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis using Level 3 inputs. The Company considers many factors and makes certain assumptions when making this assessment, including but not limited to: general market and economic conditions, historical operating results, geographic location, lease-up potential and expected timing of lease-up. The fair value of the long-lived assets, intangibles, and asset retirement obligations is calculated using a discounted cash flow model.

During the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, the Company recognized impairment charges of \$94.8 million, \$23.8 million, and \$29.0 million, respectively. The impairment charges include the write off of \$31.6 million, \$18.4 million, and \$23.5 million in carrying value of decommissioned towers for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively, a \$56.7 million impairment charge recorded in the third quarter of 2015 related to fiber assets acquired in the 2012 Mobilitie transaction, \$1.2 million in exit costs related to the Company's former corporate headquarters building during 2015, and \$5.3 million, \$5.4 million, and \$5.5 million of other third party decommission costs incurred related to the Company's long-lived assets and intangibles for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. The impairment review of the fiber assets was triggered by a strategic decision made by the Company during the third quarter. The undiscounted cash flows were not sufficient to recover the carrying amount of the assets and thus a discounted cash flow valuation was used to determine the fair value. Key assumptions used in the valuation include forecasts of revenue and expenses over an extended period of time, and estimated costs of debt and equity capital to discount the projected cash flows. Certain of these assumptions involve significant judgment, are based on management's estimate of current and forecasted market conditions and are sensitive and susceptible to change. The write offs result from the Company's analysis that the future cash flows from certain towers would not recover the carrying value of the investment in those towers. Asset impairment and decommission costs for all periods presented and the related impaired assets relate to the Company's site leasing operating segment.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments — The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, restricted cash, accounts payable, and short-term investments approximate their estimated fair values due to the short maturity of these instruments. Short-term investments consisted of \$0.5 million and \$5.3 million in certificate of deposits as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$0.2 million in Treasury securities as of December 31, 2015 and 2014. The Company's estimate of the fair value of its held-to-maturity investments in treasury and corporate bonds, including current portion, are based primarily upon Level 1 reported market values. As of December 31, 2015, the carrying value and fair value of the held-to-maturity investments, including current portion, were \$0.8 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2014, the carrying value and fair value of the held-to-

maturity investments, including current portion, was \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. These amounts are recorded in Other Assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company determines fair value of its debt instruments utilizing various Level 2 sources including quoted prices and indicative quotes (non-binding quotes) from brokers that require judgment to interpret market information including implied credit spreads for similar borrowings on recent trades or bid/ask prices. The fair value of the Revolving Credit Facility is considered to approximate the carrying value because the interest payments are based on Eurodollar rates that reset every month. The Company does not believe its credit risk has changed materially from the date the applicable Eurodollar Rate plus 1 3 7.5 to 2 00 . 0 basis points was set for the Revolving Credit Facility. Refer to Note 1 2 for the fair values, principal balances, and carrying values of the Company's debt instruments.

4. RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash consists of the following:

		As of		As of	
	Dece	mber 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014	Included on Balance Sheet
		(in the			
Securitization escrow accounts	\$	25,135	\$	52,117	Restricted cash - current asset
Payment and performance bonds		218		402	Restricted cash - current asset
Surety bonds and workers compensation		3,227		5,934	Other assets - noncurrent
Total restricted cash	\$	28,580	\$	58,453	

Pursuant to the terms of the Tower Securities (see Note 12), the Company is required to establish a securitization escrow account, held by the indenture trustee, into which all rents and other sums due on the towers that secure the Tower Securities are directly deposited by the lessees. These restricted cash amounts are used to fund reserve accounts for the payment of (1) debt service costs, (2) ground rents, real estate and personal property taxes and insurance premiums related to towers, (3) trustee and servicing expenses, and (4) mana gement fees. The restricted cash in the securitization escrow account in excess of required reserve balances is subsequently released to the Borrowers (as defined in Note 1 2) monthly, provided that the Borrowers are in compliance with their debt service coverage ratio and that no event of default has occurred. All monies held by the indenture trustee are classified as restricted cash on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Payment and performance bonds relate primarily to collateral requirements for tower construction currently in process by the Company. Cash is pledged as collateral related to surety bonds issued for the benefit of the Company or its affiliates in the ordinary course of business and primarily related to the Company's tower removal obligations. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had \$38.6 million in surety, payment and performance bonds for which it is only required to post \$0.7 million in collateral. As of December 31, 2014, the Company had \$38.3 million in surety, payment and performance bonds for which it is only required to post \$1.7 million in collateral. The Company periodically evaluates the collateral posted for its bonds to ensure that it meets the minimum requirements. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company had also pledged \$2.5 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, as collateral related to its workers compensation policy. Restricted cash for surety bonds and workers compensation are included in other assets on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

5. OTHER ASSETS

The Company's other assets are comprised of the following:

	 As of		As of nber 31, 2014
	(in th	ousands)	
Long-term investments	\$ 8,140	\$	44,095
Prepaid land rent	158,176		134,148
Straight-line rent receivable	267,682		230,384
Deferred lease costs, net	30,577		28,517
Other	32,762		29,899
Total other assets	\$ 497,337	\$	467,043

6. ACQUISITIONS

The following table summarizes the Company's acquisition activity:

	For the year ended December 31,					
	2015	2014	2013			
Tower acquisitions (number of towers)	893	4,030	2,502			

The following table summarizes the Company's cash acquisition capital expenditures:

	For the year ended December 31,							
	2015			2014		2013		
				(in thousands)				
Towers and related intangible assets (1)	\$	525,802	\$	1,540,258	\$	628,423		
Land buyouts (2)		83,728		44,964		48,956		
Total cash acquisition capital expenditures	\$	609,530	\$	1,585,222	\$	677,379		

- (1) Total acquisition capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2013, included \$175.9 million related to an acquisition in Brazil which closed in the fourth quarter of 2012 and funded on January 4, 2013.
- (2) In addition, the Company paid \$16.3 million, \$10.8 million, and \$9.1 million for ground lease extensions during the years ending 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. The Company recorded these amounts in prepaid rent on its Consolidated Balance Sheet.

During the year ended December 31,2015, the Company acquired 893 completed towers and related assets and liabilities for \$525.8 million in cash consisting of \$176.3 million of property and equipment, \$351.0 million of intangible assets, and \$1.5 million of working capital adjustments.

On March 31, 2014, the Company acquired 2,007 towers in Brazil from Oi S.A. for an aggregate purchase price of \$673.9 million in cash. The fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed relating to the Oi S.A. acquisition is summarized below (in thousands):

Property and equipment	\$ 86,787
Intangible assets	587,111
Net assets acquired	\$ 673,898

For the year ended December 31, 2014, total revenue for this acquisition was \$60.7 million.

On December 1, 2014, the Company acquired 1,641 towers in Brazil from Oi S.A. for an aggregate purchase price of \$463.2 million in cash. The fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed relating to the Oi S.A. acquisition is summarized below (in thousands):

Property and equipment	\$ 99,810
Intangible assets	363,352
Net assets acquired	\$ 463,162

For the year ended December 31, 2014, total revenue for this acquisition was \$4.8 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, in addition to the Oi S.A. acquisitions, the Company acquired 382 completed towers and related assets and liabilities for \$403.2 million in cash.

On November 26, 2013, the Company acquired the rights to use 2,113 towers in Brazil from Oi S.A. for an aggregate purchase price of \$317.0 million. During the year ended December 31, 2013, in addition to the Oi S.A. acquisition, the Company acquired 389 completed towers and related assets and liabilities for \$311.4 million in cash.

The Company evaluates all acquisitions after the applicable closing date of each transaction to determine whether any additional adjustments are needed to the allocation of the purchase price paid for the assets acquired and liabilities assumed by major balance sheet caption, as well as the separate recognition of intangible assets from goodwill if certain criteria are met.

The estimates of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of an acquisition are subject to adjustment during the measurement period (up to one year from the particular acquisition date). The primary areas of the preliminary purchase price allocations that are not yet finalized relate to the fair value of certain tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including contingent consideration and any related tax impact. The fair values of these net assets acquired are based on management's estimates and assumptions, as well as other information compiled by management, including valuations that utilize customary valuation procedures and techniques. During the measurement period, the Company will adjust assets and/or liabilities if new information is obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have resulted in a revised estimated value of those assets and/or liabilities as of that date. The effect of material measurement period adjustments to the estimated fair values is reflected as if the adjustments had been completed on the acquisition date. The impact of all changes that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments are included in current period earnings. If the actual results differ from the estimates and judgments used in these fair values, the amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements could be subject to a possible impairment of the intangible assets, or require acceleration of the amortization expense of intangible assets in subsequent periods.

Subsequent to December 31, 2015, the Company acquired 102 towers and related assets for \$62.5 million in cash.

Foreign Currency Forward Contract

On March 26, 2014, the Company settled two foreign currency contracts entered into during the quarter with an aggregate notional amount of R\$ 1,525.0 million in order to hedge the purchase price of the Oi S.A. acquisition in Brazil, which closed on March 31, 2014. The Company realized a gain of \$17.9 million related to these foreign currency forward contracts which is included in other income in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations and Net cash used in investing activities on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

On September 29, 2014, the Company executed put and call option contracts settling on November 25, 2014 which created a "costless collar" based on the cost to purchase \$1.17 billion Brazilian Reais with US Dollars. The options were intended to limit exposure to movements in the related exchange rates and were entered into in contemplation of the purchase of the Oi S.A. acquisition that closed on December 1, 2014. These options created a floor price for the purchase of Brazilian Reais of 2.4 and a ceiling price of 2.5665. Since the closing price was within the floor and ceiling price, no gain or loss was realized.

The Company measures its foreign currency forward contracts, which are recorded in Prepaid and other current assets, at fair value based on indicative prices in active markets (Level 2 inputs). These contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting and as such any gains and losses are reflected within Other Income, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations. As of December 31, 2015, the Company does not have any pending forward contracts.

7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

The following table provides the gross and net carrying amounts for each major class of intangible assets:

		As of December 31, 2015					As	of l	December 31, 20	14		
	Gross carrying amount			Accumulated Net book amortization value		G	ross carrying amount		Accumulated amortization		Net book value	
	(in thousands)											
Current contract intangibles	\$	3,904,864	\$	(1,118,493)	\$	2,786,371	\$	4,090,129	\$	(891,374)	\$	3,198,755
Network location intangibles		1,446,293		(497,251)		949,042		1,402,704		(411,919)		990,785
Intangible assets, net	\$	5,351,157	\$	(1,615,744)	\$	3,735,413	\$	5,492,833	\$	(1,303,293)	\$	4,189,540

All intangible assets noted above are included in the Company's site leasing segment. The Company amortizes its intangible assets using the straight-line method over 15 years. Amortization expense relating to the intangible assets above was \$363.1 million, \$338.4 million, and \$266.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Estimated amortization expense on the Company's intangibles assets is as follows:

For the year ended December 31,	 (in thousands)
2016	\$ 357,963
2017	355,914
2018	355,811
2019	355,467
2020	354,620

8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net (including assets held under capital leases) consists of the following:

		As of		As of	
	Decem	ber 31, 2015	De	ecember 31, 2014	
		(in thousands)			
Towers and related components	\$	4,370,664	\$	4,194,375	
Construction-in-process		32,730		35,855	
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles		48,018		51,832	
Land, buildings, and improvements		524,847		426,974	
Total property and equipment		4,976,259		4,709,036	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,193,906)		(1,946,619)	
Property and equipment, net	\$	2,782,353	\$	2,762,417	

Construction-in-process represents costs incurred related to towers that are under development and will be used in the Company's operations. Depreciation expense was \$296.5 million, \$287.8 million, and \$266.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, non-cash capital expenditures that are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses were \$9.5 million and \$29.0 million, respectively.

9. COSTS AND ESTIMATED EARNINGS ON UNCOMPLETED CONTRACTS

Costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts consist of the following:

		As of		As of			
	Decemb	Dec	ember 31, 2014				
		(in thousands)					
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$	78,849	\$	113,654			
Estimated earnings		29,333		48,949			
Billings to date		(95,055)		(143,323)			
	\$	13,127	\$	19,280			

These amounts are included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets under the following captions:

		As of		As of
	Decem	Decem	ber 31, 2014	
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	\$	16,934	\$	30,078
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on				
uncompleted contracts (included in Other current liabilities)		(3,807)		(10,798)
	\$	13,127	\$	19,280

At December 31, 2015, eight significant customers comprised 95.9% of the costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts, net of billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings, while at December 31, 2014, eight significant customers comprised 92.7% of the costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts, net of billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings.

10. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company's credit risks consist primarily of accounts receivable with national, regional, and local wireless service providers and federal and state government agencies. The Company performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and provides allowances for doubtful accounts, as required, based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends, and other information. The Company generally does not require collateral.

The following is a list of significant customers (representing at least 10% of revenue for a ny period reported) and the percentage of total revenue for the specified time periods derived from such customers:

	For the ye	For the year ended December 31,						
Percentage of Total Revenues	2015	2014	2013					
AT&T Wireless (1)	24.2%	23.0%	20.5%					
Sprint	19.6%	23.4%	25.0%					
T-Mobile	16.0%	15.5%	17.3%					
Verizon Wireless	13.8%	12.0%	11.3%					

The Company's site leasing and site development segments derive revenue from these customers. Client percentages of total revenue in each of the segments are as follows:

	For the year	For the year ended December 31						
Percentage of Domestic Site Leasing Revenue	2015	2014	2013					
AT&T Wireless (1)	31.9%	30.1%	25.5%					
Sprint	22.3%	25.6%	30.9%					
T-Mobile	19.0%	19.2%	20.2%					
Verizon Wireless	16.3%	14.4%	13.3%					
	For the year	For the year ended December 31,						

		ii chaca becch	
Percentage of International Site Leasing Revenue	2015	2014	2013
Oi S.A.	48.8%	44.3%	6.3%
Telefonica	24.7%	28.8%	44.2%
Digicel	4.6%	4.9%	11.2%

	For the year ended December 31,						
Percentage of Site Development Revenue	2015	2014	2013				
Sprint	28.5%	36.7%	1.5%				
T-Mobile	17.6%	8.5%	8.4%				
Ericsson, Inc.	15.3%	16.8%	34.5%				
Verizon Wireless	14.8%	10.1%	4.8%				

⁽¹⁾ Prior year amounts have been adjusted to reflect the merger of AT&T Wireless and Leap Wireless (Cricket Wireless).

Five significant customers comprised 62.1% of total gross accounts receivable at December 31, 2015 compared to five significant customers which comprised 63.5% of total gross accounts receivable at December 31, 2014.

11. ACCRUED EXPENSES

The Company's accrued expenses are comprised of the following:

		As of		As of		
	<u> </u>	December 31, 2015	Decen	nber 31, 2014		
		(in thousands)				
Accrued earnouts	\$	7,230	\$	15,086		
Salaries and benefits		14,253		13,440		
Real estate and property taxes		7,899		5,331		
Other		34,373		31,696		
Total accrued expenses	\$	63,755	\$	65,553		

12. DEBT

The carrying and principal values of debt consist of the following (in thousands):

		As of December 31, 2015							Dec	As of ember 31, 201	4	
	Maturity Date	Principal Balance		Fair Value		rrying Value		Principal Balance		Fair Value		nrrying Value
5.625% Senior Notes	Oct. 1, 2019	\$ 500,000	\$	521,250	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	511,250	\$	500,000
5.750% Senior Notes	July 15, 2020	800,000		832,000		800,000		800,000		816,000		800,000
4.875% Senior Notes	July 15, 2022	750,000		744,375		744,806		750,000		721,875		744,150
2010-2C Tower Securities	April 11, 2017	550,000		558,223		550,000		550,000		576,901		550,000
2012-1C Tower Securities	Dec. 11, 2017	610,000		611,879		610,000		610,000		620,175		610,000
2013-1C Tower Securities	April 10, 2018	425,000		416,959		425,000		425,000		420,776		425,000
2013-2C Tower Securities	April 11, 2023	575,000		565,541		575,000		575,000		584,344		575,000
2013-1D Tower Securities	April 10, 2018	330,000		332,676		330,000		330,000		330,551		330,000
2014-1C Tower Securities	Oct. 8, 2019	920,000		910,368		920,000		920,000		920,515		920,000
2014-2C Tower Securities	Oct. 8, 2024	620,000		608,084		620,000		620,000		629,474		620,000
2015-1C Tower Securities	Oct. 8, 2020	500,000		489,680		500,000		_		_		_
Revolving Credit Facility	Feb. 5, 2020	_		_		_		125,000		125,000		125,000
2012-1 Term Loan	May 9, 2017	_		_		_		172,500		171,422		172,500
2014 Term Loan	Mar. 24, 2021	1,477,500		1,447,950		1,474,641		1,492,500		1,458,919		1,489,149
2015 Term Loan	June 10, 2022	497,500		486,306		492,858		_		_		_
Total debt		\$ 8,555,000	\$	8,525,291	\$	8,542,305	\$	7,870,000	\$	7,887,202	\$	7,860,799
Less: current maturities of lor	ng-term debt					(20,000)						(32,500)
Total long-term debt, net of	current maturities				\$	8,522,305					\$	7,828,299

The Company's future principal payment obligations (based on the outstanding debt as of December 31, 2015 and assuming the Tower Securities are repaid at their respective anticipated repayment dates) are as follows:

For the year ended December 31,	(i	n thousands)
2016	\$	20,000
2017		1,180,000
2018		775,000
2019		1,440,000
2020		1,320,000

The table below reflects cash and non-cash interest expense amounts recognized by debt instrument for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively:

	For the year ended December 31,											
		20)15				14		2013			
]	Cash Interest				Cash Interest		Non-cash Interest		Cash Interest		on-cash Interest
						(in tho	ısand	ls)				
1.875% Convertible Senior Notes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	· —	\$	_	\$	2,670	\$	10,434
4.0% Convertible Senior Notes		_		_		12,520		26,266		19,998		38,307
8.25% Senior Notes		_		_		12,513		121		20,109		182
5.625% Senior Notes		28,125		_		28,125		_		28,125		_
5.75% Senior Notes		46,000		_		46,000		_		46,000		_
4.875% Senior Notes		36,563		655		18,281		315		_		_
2010 Tower Securities		28,230		_		51,237		_		57,383		_
2012 Tower Securities		18,111		_		18,085		_		18,085		_
2013 Tower Securities		43,217		_		43,217		_		30,392		
2014 Tower Securities		51,138		_		10,796		_		_		_
2015 Tower Securities		3,453		_		_		_		_		_
Revolving Credit Facility		5,552		_		4,591		_		4,515		_
2011 Term Loan		_		_		696		7		10,533		101
2012-1 Term Loan		3,959		_		4,534		_		4,557		
2012-2 Term Loan		_		_		424		4		6,416		61
2014 Term Loan		48,992		492		41,338		399		_		
2015 Term Loan		9,243		358		_		_		_		_
Other		(217)		_		243		_		268		_
Total	\$	322,366	\$	1,505	\$	292,600	\$	27,112	\$	249,051	\$	49,085

Senior Credit Agreement

On February 7, 2014, SBA Senior Finance II entered into a Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement with several banks and other financial institutions or entities from time to time parties to the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement to, among other things, incur the 2014 Term Loan and amend certain terms of the existing senior credit agreement (as amended, the "Senior Credit Agreement").

Terms of the Senior Credit Agreement

The Senior Credit Agreement, as amended, requires SBA Senior Finance II to maintain specific financial ratios, including (1) a ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA not to exceed 6.5 times for any fiscal quarter, (2) a ratio of Consolidated Total Debt and Net Hedge Exposure (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement) to Annualized Borrower EBITDA for the most recently ended fiscal quarter not to exceed 6.5 times for 30 consecutive days and (3) a ratio of Annualized Borrower EBITDA to Annualized Cash Interest Expense (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement) of not less than 2.0 times for any fiscal quarter. The Senior Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants that, among other things, limit the ability of SBA Senior Finance II and its subsidiaries to incur indebtedness, grant certain liens, make certain investments, enter into sale leaseback transactions, merge or consolidate, make certain restricted payments, enter into transactions with affiliates, and engage in certain asset dispositions, including a sale of all or substantially all of their property. As of December 31, 2015, SBA Senior Finance II was in compliance with the financial covenants contained in the Senior Credit Agreement. The Senior Credit Agreement is also subject to customary events of default. Pursuant to the Second Amended and Restated Guarantee and Collateral Agreement, amounts borrowed under the Revolving Credit Facility, the Term Loans and certain hedging transactions that may be entered into by SBA Senior Finance II or the Subsidiary Guarantors (as defined in the Senior Credit Agreement) with lenders or their affiliates are secured by a first lien on the membership interests of SBA Telecommunications, LLC, SBA Senior Finance, LLC and SBA Senior Finance II and on substantially all of the assets (other than leasehold, easement and fee interests in real property) of SBA Senior Finance II and the Subsidiary Guarantors.

The Senior Credit Agreement, as amended, permits SBA Senior Finance II, without the consent of the other lenders, to request that one or more lenders provide SBA Senior Finance II with increases in the Revolving Credit Facility or additional term loans

provided that after giving effect to the proposed increase in Revolving Credit Facility commitments or incremental term loans the ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA would not exceed 6.5 times. SBA Senior Finance II's ability to request such increases in the Revolving Credit Facility or additional term loans is subject to its compliance with customary conditions set forth in the Senior Credit Agreement including compliance, on a pro forma basis, with the financial covenants and ratios set forth therein and, with respect to any additional term loan, an increase in the margin on existing term loans to the extent required by the terms of the Senior Credit Agreement. Upon SBA Senior Finance II's request, each lender may decide, in its sole discretion, whether to increase all or a portion of its Revolving Credit Facility commitment or whether to provide SBA Senior Finance II with additional term loans and, if so, upon what terms.

Revolving Credit Facility under the Senior Credit Agreement

On February 5, 2015, SBA Senior Finance II entered into the 2015 Revolving Refinancing Amendment with several banks and other financial institutions or entities from time to time parties to the Senior Credit Agreement to, among other things, (i) increase the borrowing capacity under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility from \$770.0 million to \$1.0 billion, (ii) extend the maturity date of the Revolving Credit Facility to February 5, 2020, (iii) provide for the ability to borrow in U.S. dollars and certain designated foreign currencies, and (iv) lower the applicable interest rate margins and commitment fees under the Revolving Credit Facility.

As amended February 2015, the Revolving Credit Facility consists of a revolving loan under which up to \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount may be borrowed, repaid and redrawn, subject to compliance with specific financial ratios and the satisfaction of other customary conditions to borrowing. Amounts borrowed under the Revolving Credit Facility accrue interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either (i) the Eurodollar Rate plus a margin that ranges from 137.5 basis points to 200.0 basis points or (ii) the Base Rate plus a margin that ranges from 37.5 basis points to 100.0 basis points, in each case based on the ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA, calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement. In addition, SBA Senior Finance II is required to pay a commitment fee of 0.25% per annum on the amount of unused commitment. If not earlier terminated by SBA Senior Finance II, the Revolving Credit Facility will terminate on, and SBA Senior Finance II will repay all amounts outstanding on or before, February 5, 2020. The proceeds available under the Revolving Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes. SBA Senior Finance II may, from time to time, borrow from and repay the Revolving Credit Facility. Consequently, the amount outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility at the end of a period may not be reflective of the total amounts outstanding during such period.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company borrowed \$770.0 million and repaid \$895.0 million of the outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2015, the re was no amount outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility. The remaining borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility was \$1.0 b illion at December 31, 2015, subject to compliance with specified financial ratios and satisfaction of other customary conditions to borrowing.

Term Loans under the Senior Credit Agreement

2011 Term Loan

The 2011 Term Loan consisted of a senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$500.0 million with a maturity date of June 30, 2018. The 2011 Term Loan accrued interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus a margin of 175 basis points (with a Base Rate floor of 2%) or Eurodollar Rate plus a margin of 275 basis points (with a Eurodollar Rate floor of 1%). The 2011 Term Loan was issued at 99.75% of par value. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$4.9 million associated with this transaction which were being amortized through the maturity date.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company repaid \$312.0 million on the 2011 Term Loan. Included in this amount was a prepayment of \$310.7 million made on April 24, 2013 using proceeds from the 2013 Tower Securities. In connection with the prepayment, the Company expensed \$2.3 million of net deferred financing fees and \$0.6 million of discount related to the debt. As a result of the prepayment, no further scheduled quarterly principal payments were required until the maturity date.

On February 7, 2014, the Company repaid the entire \$180.5 million outstanding principal balance of the 2011 Term Loan. In connection with the prepayment, the Company expensed \$1.1 million of net deferred financing fees and \$0.3 million of discount related to the debt.

2012-1 Term Loan

The 2012-1 Term Loan consist ed of a senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$200.0 million that matures on May 9, 2017. The 2012-1 Term Loan accrue d interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus a

margin that ranges from 100 to 150 basis points or the Eurodollar Rate plus a margin that ranges from 200 to 250 basis points, in each case based on the ratio of Consolidated Total Debt to Annualized Borrower EBITDA (calculated in accordance with the Senior Credit Agreement). The 2012-1 Term Loan was issued at par. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$2.7 million in relation to this transaction which we re being amortized through the maturity date.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company repaid \$172.5 million on the 2012-1 Term Loan. Included in this amount was a prepayment of \$160.0 million made on November 18, 2015. In connection with the prepayment, the Company expensed \$0.8 million of net deferred financing fees.

2012-2 Term Loan

The 2012-2 Term Loan consisted of a senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$300.0 million with a maturity date of September 28, 2019. The 2012-2 Term Loan accrued interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus 175 basis points (with a Base Rate floor of 2%) or Eurodollar Rate plus 275 basis points (with a Eurodollar Rate floor of 1%). The 2012-2 Term Loan was issued at 99.75% of par value. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of approximately \$3.5 million in relation to this transaction which were being amortized through the maturity date.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company repaid \$190.0 million on the 2012-2 Term Loan. Included in this amount was a prepayment of \$189.3 million made on April 24, 2013 using proceeds from the 2013 Tower Securities. In connection with the prepayment, the Company expensed \$2.0 million of net deferred financing fees and \$0.4 million of discount related to the debt. As a result of the prepayment, no further scheduled quarterly principal payments were required until the maturity date.

On February 7, 2014, the Company repaid the entire \$110.0 million outstanding principal balance of the 2012-2 Term Loan. In connection with the prepayment, the Company expensed \$1.0 million of net deferred financing fees and \$0.2 million of discount related to the debt.

2014 Term Loan

The 2014 Term Loan consists of a senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$1.5 billion that matures on March 24, 2021 . The 2014 Term Loan accrues interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus 150 basis points (with a Base Rate floor of 1.75%) or the Eurodollar Rate plus 250 basis points (with a Eurodollar Rate floor of 0.75%). The 2014 Term Loan was issued at 99.75% of par value. As of December 31, 2015, the 2014 Term Loan was accruing interest at 3.25% per annum. Principal payments on the 2014 Term Loan commenced on September 30, 2014 and are being made in quarterly installments on the last day of each March, June, September, and December in an amount equal to \$3.8 million. SBA Senior Finance II has the ability to prepay any or all amounts under the 2014 Term Loan. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of approximately \$12.9 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

Net proceeds from the 2014 Term Loan were used (1) to repay in full the remaining \$180.5 million balance of the 2011 Term Loan, (2) to repay in full the remaining \$110.0 million balance of the 2012-2 Term Loan, (3) to repay the \$390.0 million outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility, (4) to pay the cash consideration in connection with SBAC's acquisition of towers from Oi S.A. in Brazil, and (5) for general corporate purposes.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company repaid \$15.0 million of principal on the 2014 Term Loan. As of December 31, 2015, the 2014 Term Loan had a principal balance of \$1.5 billion.

2015 Term Loan

On June 10, 2015, SBA Senior Finance II obtained a new senior secured term loan with an initial aggregate principal amount of \$500.0 million that matures on June 10, 2022. The 2015 Term Loan accrues interest, at SBA Senior Finance II's election, at either the Base Rate plus 150 basis points (with a Base Rate floor of 1.75%) or the Eurodollar Rate plus 250 basis points (with a Eurodollar Rate floor of 0.75%). The 2015 Term Loan was issued at 99.0% of par value. As of September 30, 2015, the 2015 Term Loan was accruing interest at 3.25% per annum. Principal payments on the 2015 Term Loan commenced on September 30, 2015 and are being made in quarterly installments on the last day of each March, June, September, and December in an amount equal to \$1.3 million. SBA Senior Finance II has the ability to prepay any or all amounts under the 2015 Term Loan. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of approximately \$5.1 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company repaid \$2.5 million of principal on the 2015 Term Loan. As of December 31, 2015, the 2015 Term Loan had a principal balance of \$497.5 million.

Secured Tower Revenue Securities

Tower Revenue Securities Terms

The mortgage loan underlying the 2010 Tower Securities, 2012 Tower Securities, 2013 Tower Securities, 2014 Tower Securities, and 2015 Tower Securities (together the "Tower Securities") will be paid from the operating cash flows from the aggregate 10,585 tower sites owned by the Borrowers. The mortgage loan is secured by (i) mortgages, deeds of trust, and deeds to secure debt on a substantial portion of the tower sites, (ii) a security interest in the tower sites and substantially all of the Borrowers' personal property and fixtures, (iii) the Borrowers' rights under certain tenant leases, and (iv) all of the proceeds of the foregoing. For each calendar month, SBA Network Management, Inc., an indirect subsidiary ("Network Management"), is entitled to receive a management fee equal to 4.5% of the Borrowers' operating revenues for the immediately preceding calendar month.

The Borrowers may prepay any of the mortgage loan components, in whole or in part, with no prepayment consideration, (i) within nine months (in the case of the components corresponding to the 2010 Tower Securities), twelve months (in the case of the component corresponding to the 2012 Tower Securities, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013 -1C, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013 -1D, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014 -1C, and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2015 -1C), or eighteen months (in the case of the components corresponding to the Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-2C and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014 -2C) of the anticipated repayment date of such mortgage loan component, (ii) with proceeds received as a result of any condemnation or casualty of any tower owned by the Borrowers or (iii) during an amortization period. In all other circumstances, the Borrowers may prepay the mortgage loan, in whole or in part, upon payment of the applicable prepayment consideration. The prepayment consideration is determined based on the class of the Tower Securities to which the prepaid mortgage loan component corresponds and consists of an amount equal to the excess, if any, of (1) the present value associated with the portion of the principal balance being prepaid, calculated in accordance with the formula set forth in the mortgage loan agreement, on the date of prepayment of all future installments of principal and interest required to be paid from the date of prepayment to and including the first due date within nine months (in the case of the components corresponding to the 2010 Tower Securities), twelve months (in the case of the component corresponding to the 2012 Tower Securities, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1C, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1D, Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-1C, and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 201 5 -1C), or eighteen months (in the case of the components corresponding to the Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-2C and Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-2C) of the anticipated repayment date of such mortgage loan component over (2) that portion of the principal balance of such class prepaid on the date of such prepayment.

To the extent that the mortgage loan components corresponding to the Tower Securities are not fully repaid by their respective anticipated repayment dates, the interest rate of each such component will increase by the greater of (i) 5% and (ii) the amount, if any, by which the sum of (x) the ten-year U.S. treasury rate plus (y) the credit-based spread for such component (as set forth in the mortgage loan agreement) plus (z) 5%, exceeds the original interest rate for such component.

Pursuant to the terms of the Tower Securities, all rents and other sums due on any of the towers owned by the Borrowers are directly deposited by the lessees into a controlled deposit account and are held by the indenture trustee. The monies held by the indenture trustee after the release date are classified as restricted cash on the Consolidated Balance Sheets (see Note 4). However, if the Debt Service Coverage Ratio, defined as the net cash flow (as defined in the mortgage loan agreement) divided by the amount of interest on the mortgage loan, servicing fees and trustee fees that the Borrowers are required to pay over the succeeding twelve months, as of the end of any calendar quarter, falls to 1.30x or lower, then all cash flow in excess of amounts required to make debt service payments, to fund required reserves, to pay management fees and budgeted operating expenses and to make other payments required under the loan documents, referred to as "excess cash flow," will be deposited into a reserve account instead of being released to the Borrowers. The funds in the reserve account will not be released to the Borrowers unless the Debt Service Coverage Ratio exceeds 1.30x for two consecutive calendar quarters. If the Debt Service Coverage Ratio falls below 1.15x as of the end of any calendar quarter, then an "amortization period" will commence and all funds on deposit in the reserve account will be applied to prepay the mortgage loan until such time that the Debt Service Coverage Ratio exceeds 1.15x for a calendar quarter. In addition, if any of the Tower Securities are not fully repaid by their respective anticipated repayment dates, the cash flow from the towers owned by the Borrowers will be trapped by the trustee for the Tower Securities and applied first to repay the interest, at the original interest rates, on the mortgage loan components underlying the Tower Securities, second to fund all reserve accounts and operating expenses associated with those towers, third to pay the management fees due to Network Management, fourth to repay principal of the Tower Securities and fifth to repay the additional interest discussed above. The mortgage loan agreement, as amended, also includes covenants customary for mortgage loans subject to rated securitizations. Among other things, the Borrowers are prohibited from incurring other indebtedness for borrowed money or further encumbering their assets. As of December 31, 2015, the Borrowers met the required Debt Service Coverage Ratio as set forth in the mortgage loan agreement and were in compliance with all other covenants.

2010 Tower Securities

On April 16, 2010, the Company, through a New York common law trust (the "Trust"), issued \$680.0 million of 2010-1 Tower Securities and \$550.0 million of 2010-2 Tower Securities (together the "2010 Tower Securities"). The 2010-1 Tower Securities had an annual interest rate of 4.254% and the 2010-2 Tower Securities have an annual interest rate of 5.101%. The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2010-1 Tower Securities were April 15, 2015 and April 16, 2040, respectively. The anticipated repayment date and the final maturity date for the 2010-2 Tower Securities are April 11, 2017 and April 9, 2042, respectively. The sole asset of the Trust consists of a non-recourse mortgage loan made in favor of those entities that are borrowers on the mortgage loan ("the Borro wers"). The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$8.1 million in relation to this transaction which a re being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of each of the 2010 Tower Securities.

On October 15, 2014, the Company repaid in full the 2010-1 Tower Securities with proceeds from the 2014 Tower Securities (defined below). In connection with the prepayment, the Company expensed \$1.1 million of net deferred financing fees.

2012 Tower Securities

On August 9, 2012, the Company, through the Trust, issued \$610.0 million of Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2012 -1C (the "2012 Tower Securities") which have an anticipated repayment date of December 1 1, 2017 and a final maturity date of December 9, 2042. The fixed interest rate of the 2012 Tower Securities is 2.933% per annum, payable monthly. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$14.9 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of the 2012 Tower Securities.

2013 Tower Securities

On April 18, 2013, the Company, through the Trust, issued \$425.0 million of 2.240% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1C which have an anticipated repayment date of April 10, 2018 and a final maturity date of April 9, 2043, \$575.0 million of 3.722% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-2C which have an anticipated repayment date of April 11, 2023 and a final maturity date of April 9, 2048, and \$330.0 million of 3.598% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2013-1D which have an anticipated repayment date of April 10, 2018 and a final maturity date of April 9, 2043 (collectively the "2013 Tower Securities"). The aggregate \$1.33 billion of 2013 Tower Securities have a blended interest rate of 3.218% per annum, payable monthly. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$25.5 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of each of the 2013 Tower Securities.

2014 Tower Securities

On October 15, 2014, the Company, through the Trust, issued \$920.0 million of 2.898% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-1C which have an anticipated repayment date of October 8, 2019 and a final maturity date of October 1 1, 2044 and \$620.0 million of 3.869% Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2014-2C which have an anticipated repayment date of October 8, 2024 and a final maturity date of October 8, 2049 (collectively the "2014 Tower Securities"). The aggregate \$1.54 billion of 2014 Tower Securities have a blended interest rate of 3.289% per annum, payable monthly. The Company has incurred deferred financing fees in the aggregate of \$22.5 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of each of the 2014 Tower Securities.

2015 Tower Securities

On October 14, 2015, the Company, through the Trust, issued \$500.0 million of Secured Tower Revenue Securities Series 2015-1C which have an anticipated repayment date of October 8, 2020 and a final maturity date of October 10, 2045 (the "2015 Tower Securities"). The fixed interest rate of the 2015 Tower Securities is 3.156% per annum, payable monthly. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$10.9 million to date in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the anticipated repayment date of the 2015 Tower Securities. In connection with the issuance of the 2015 Tower Securities, the advance rents reserve requirement was modified such that the Borrowers will only be required to maintain an advance rents reserve at any time the monthly tenant debt service coverage ratio is equal to or less than 2:1 and for two calendar months after such coverage ratio again exceeds 2:1.

In connection with the issuance of the 201 5 Tower Securities, SBA Properties, LLC, SBA Sites, LLC, SBA Structures, LLC, SBA Infrastructure, LLC, SBA Monarch Towers III, LLC, SBA 2012 TC Assets PR, LLC, SBA 2012 TC Assets, LLC, SBA Towers IV, LLC, SBA Monarch Towers I, LLC, SBA Towers USVI, Inc., SBA Towers VII, LLC, SBA GC Towers, LLC, SBA Towers V, LLC, and SBA Towers VI, LLC (collectively, the "Borrowers"), each an indirect subsidiary of SBAC, and Midland Loan Services, a

division of PNC Bank, National Association, as servicer, on behalf of the Trustee entered into the First Loan and Security Agreement Supplement and Amendment pursuant to which, among other things, (i) the existing Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement was amended to modify the advance rents reserve as described above, (ii) the outstanding principal amount of the mortgage loan was increased by \$500 million, and (iii) the Borrowers became jointly and severally liable for the aggregate \$4.5 billion borrowed under the mortgage loan corresponding to the 2010 Tower Securities, 2012 Tower Securities, 2013 Tower Securities, 2014 Tower Securities, and the newly issued 2015 Tower Securities.

1.875% Convertible Senior Notes due 2013

On May 16, 2008, the Company issued \$550.0 million of its 1.875% Convertible Senior Notes (the "1.875% Notes"). Interest was payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company sold its claim against Lehman Brothers, related to a hedge terminated when Lehman Brothers filed for bankruptcy in 2008, for \$27.3 million and recorded a gain on the transaction of the same amount. The gain has been recorded within Other Income, net in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company had settled all conversion obligations and related hedges and warrants for the 1.875% Notes.

4.0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2014

On April 24, 2009, the Company issued \$500.0 million of its 4.0% Convertible Senior Notes ("4.0% Notes. Interest was payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. As of December 31, 2014, the Company settled its conversion obligations and associated convertible note hedges. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company settled the remaining outstanding warrants for \$150.9 million, representing approximately 2.1 million underlying shares.

Senior Notes

8.0% Senior Notes and 8.25% Senior Notes

On July 24, 2009, Telecommunications issued \$750.0 million of unsecured senior notes (the "Senior Notes"), \$375.0 million of which were due August 15, 2016 (the "8.0% Notes") and \$375.0 million of which were due August 15, 2019 (the "8.25% Notes"). The 8.0% Notes had an interest rate of 8.00% per annum and were issued at a price of 99.330% of their face value. The 8.25% Notes had an interest rate of 8.25% per annum and were issued at a price of 99.152% of their face value.

The 8.0% Notes were repaid in full on August 29, 2012, and the 8.25% Notes were repaid in full on August 15, 2014. In connection with the redemption of the 8.25% Notes, the Company pa id \$10.1 million as a premium on redemption of the 8.25% Notes and e xpensed \$1.2 million and \$3.3 million of debt discount and deferr ed financing fees, respectively.

5.75% Senior Notes

On July 13, 2012, Telecommunications issued \$800.0 million of unsecured senior notes (the "5.75% Notes") due July 15, 2020 . The Notes accrue interest at a rate of 5.75% and were issued at par. Interest on the 5.75% Notes is due semi-annually on July 15 and January 15 of each year beginning on January 15, 2013. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$14.0 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

The 5.75% Notes are subject to redemption in whole or in part on or after July 15, 2016 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture agreement plus accrued and unpaid interest. If redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on July 15, 2016, July 15, 2017, or July 15, 2018 through maturity, the redemption price will be 102.875%, 101.438%, and 100.000%, respectively, of the principal amount of the 5.75% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest.

SBAC is a holding company with no business operations of its own and its only significant asset is the outstanding capital stock of Telecommunications. Telecommunications is 100% owned by SBAC. SBAC has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the Senior Notes issued by Telecommunications.

5.625% Senior Notes

On September 28, 2012, the Company issued \$500.0 million of unsecured senior notes due October 1, 2019 (the "5.625% Notes"). The 5.625% Notes accrue interest at a rate of 5.625% per annum and were issued at par. Interest on the 5.625% Notes is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$8.6 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

The 5.625% Notes are subject to redemption in whole or in part on or after October 1, 2016 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture agreement plus accrued and unpaid interest. If redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on October 1, 2016, October 1, 2017, or October 1, 2018 until maturity, the redemption price will be 102.813%, 101.406%, and 100.000%, respectively, of the principal amount of the 5.625% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest.

4.875% Senior Notes

On July 1, 2014, the Company issued \$750.0 million of unsecured senior notes due July 15, 2022 (the "4.875% Notes"). The 4.875% Notes accrue interest at a rate of 4.875% per annum and were issued at 99.178% of par value. Interest on the 4.875% Notes is due semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The Company incurred deferred financing fees of \$11.6 million in relation to this transaction which are being amortized through the maturity date.

The 4.875% Notes are subject to redemption in whole or in part on or after July 15, 2017 at the redemption prices set forth in the indenture agreement plus accrued and unpaid interest. Prior to July 15, 2017, the Company may at its option redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 4.875% Notes originally issued at a redemption price of 104.875% of the principal amount of the 4.875% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest with the net proceeds of certain equity offerings. If redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on July 15, 2017, July 15, 2018, July 15, 2019, or July 15, 2020 until maturity, the redemption price will be 103.656%, 102.438%, 101.219% and 100.000%, respectively, of the principal amount of the 4.875% Notes to be redeemed on the redemption date plus accrued and unpaid interest.

Indentures Governing Senior Notes

The Indentures governing the Senior Notes contain customary covenants, subject to a number of exceptions and qualifications, including restrictions on the ability of SBAC and Telecommunications to (1) incur additional indebtedness unless the Consolidated Indebtedness to Annualized Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA Ratio (as defined in the Indenture), pro forma for the additional indebtedness does not exceed, with respect to any fiscal quarter, 9.5x for SBAC and 7.5x for Telecommunications, (2) merge, consolidate or sell assets, (3) make restricted payments, including dividends or other distributions, (4) enter into transactions with affiliates, and (5) enter into sale and leaseback transactions and restrictions on the ability of the Restricted Subsidiaries of SBAC and Telecommunications (as defined in the Indentures) to incur liens securing indebtedness.

BNDES Loans

During 2013, the Company assumed several loans valued at \$5.0 million as part of an acquisition in Brazil (the "BNDES Loans"). The Company also borrowed an additional \$1.3 million in new loans during 2013. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company had borrowings of \$0.4 million and repayments of \$6.3 million under the BNDES Loans. The BNDES Loans were repaid in full in April 2014.

13. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock equivalents

The Company has potential common stock equivalents related to its outstanding stock options (see Note 1 4), restricted stock units, and, until its maturity in 2014, the 4.0% Notes (see Note 1 2). These potential common stock equivalents were not included in diluted loss per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Accordingly, basic and diluted loss per common share and the weighted average number of shares used in the computation are the same for the years presented.

Stock Repurchases

The Company's Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program on April 27, 2011. This program authorize d the Company to purchase, from time to time, up to \$300.0 million of the Company's outstanding Class A common stock through open market repurchases in compliance with Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and/or in privately negotiated transactions at management's discretion based on market and business conditions, applicable legal requirements and other factors. During the second quarter of 2015, the Company repurchased \$1.3 million shares of its Class A common stock at an average price of \$114.96 with the remaining \$150.0 million authorized under the \$300.0 million stock repurchase plan, completing this plan. During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company did not repurchase any shares in conjunction with the stock repurchase program.

On June 4, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors announced the authorization of a new \$1.0 billion stock repurchase plan. This plan authorizes the Company to purchase from time to time its outstanding common stock through open market repurchases in compliance with Rule 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and/or in privately negotiated transactions at management's discretion—based on market and business conditions, applicable legal requirements and other factors. Shares purchased will be retired. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company repurchased an additional—2.7 million shares of its Class A common stock under the new stock repurchase program for \$300 million at a weighted average price per share of \$112.04. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had a remaining authorization to repurchase \$700.0 million of Class A common stock under the current \$1.0 billion stock repurchase program.

Subsequent to December 31, 2015, the Company repurchased 0.5 million shares of its Class A common stock under the stock repurchase program for \$50.0 million at a weighted average price per share of \$98.65. As of the date of this filing, the Company had a remaining authorization to repurchase \$650.0 million of Class A common stock under the current \$1.0 billion stock repurchase program.

Registration of Additional Shares

On May 20, 2010, the Company filed a registration statement on Form S-8 with the Securities and Exchange Commission registering 15.0 million shares of the Company's Class A common stock issuable under the 2010 Performance and Equity Incentive Plan (see Note 1 4).

The Company filed shelf registration statements on Form S-4 with the Securities and Exchange Commission registering 4.0 million shares of its Class A common stock in 2007. These shares may be issued in connection with acquisitions of wireless communication towers or antenna sites and related assets or companies that own wireless communication towers, antenna sites, or related assets. During the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the Company did not issue any shares of its Class A common stock pursuant to this registration statement in connection with acquisitions. At December 31, 2015, approximately 1.7 million shares remain available for issuance under this shelf registration statement.

On March 3, 2015, the Company filed with the Commission an automatic shelf registration statement for well-known seasoned issuers on Form S-3ASR. This registration statement enables the Company to issue shares of its Class A common stock, preferred stock or debt securities either separately or represented by warrants, or depositary shares as well as units that include any of these securities. Under the rules governing automatic shelf registration statements, the Company will file a prospectus supplement and advise the Commission of the amount and type of securities each time it issue s securities under this registration statement. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company did not issue any securities under this automatic shelf registration statement.

14. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has two equity participation plans (the 2001 Equity Participation Plan and the 2010 Performance and Equity Incentive Plan, the "2010 Plan") whereby options (both non-qualified and incentive stock options), restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, and other equity and performance based instruments may be granted to directors, employees, and consultants. The options and restricted stock units generally vest from the date of grant on a straight-line basis over the vesting term and generally have a seven -year or a ten -year contractual life.

Upon the adoption of the 2010 Plan by the Company's shareholders on May 6, 2010, the 2001 Equity Participation Plan was terminated and the Company is no longer eligible to issue shares pursuant to the plan. The 2010 Plan provides for the issuance of a maximum of 15.0 million shares of the Company's Class A common stock; however, the aggregate number of shares that may be issued pursuant to restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, stock bonus awards, performance awards, other stock-based

awards, or other awards granted under the 2010 Plan will not exceed 7.5 million shares . As of December 31, 2015, the Company had 10.2 million shares remaining available for future issuance under the 2010 Plan.

Stock Options

The Company records compensation expense for employee stock options based on the estimated fair value of the options on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the assumptions included in the table below. The Company uses a combination of historical data and historical volatility to establish the expected volatility. Historical data is used to estimate the expected option life and the expected forfeiture rate. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for the estimated life of the option. The following assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of options granted using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model:

	Fo	For the year ended December 31,				
	2015 20		2013			
Risk free interest rate	1.21% - 1.46%	1.15% - 1.37%	0.51% - 1.38%			
Dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
Expected volatility	20.0%	22.0%	25.0% - 29.0%			
Expected lives	4.6 years	4.4 years	3.9 - 4.8 years			

The following table summarizes the Company's activities with respect to its stock option plans for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 as follows (dollars and number of shares in thousands, except for per share data):

			Weighted-		
		Weighted-	Average		
		Average	Remaining		
Number		Exercise Price	Contractual		Aggregate
of Shares		Per Share	Life (in years)		Intrinsic Value
2,831	\$	34.06			
984	\$	73.17			
(776)	\$	27.57			
(60)	\$	52.54			
2,979	\$	48.30			
1,121	\$	95.51			
(780)	\$	36.34			
(44)	\$	81.21			
3,276	\$	66.85			
1,076	\$	124.24			
(495)	\$	51.58			
(63)	\$	93.74			
3,794	\$	84.66	4.5	\$	97,731
1,349	\$	54.85	3.0	\$	67,721
2,445	\$	101.10	5.3	\$	30,010
	0f Shares 2,831 984 (776) (60) 2,979 1,121 (780) (44) 3,276 1,076 (495) (63) 3,794 1,349	of Shares 2,831 \$ 984 \$ (776) \$ (60) \$ 2,979 \$ 1,121 \$ (780) \$ (44) \$ 3,276 \$ 1,076 \$ (495) \$ (63) \$ 3,794 \$ 1,349 \$	Number of Shares Exercise Price Per Share 2,831 \$ 34.06 984 \$ 73.17 (776) \$ 27.57 (60) \$ 52.54 2,979 \$ 48.30 1,121 \$ 95.51 (780) \$ 36.34 (44) \$ 81.21 3,276 \$ 66.85 1,076 \$ 124.24 (495) \$ 51.58 (63) \$ 93.74 3,794 \$ 84.66 1,349 \$ 54.85	Number of Shares Exercise Price Per Share Contractual Life (in years) 2,831 \$ 34.06 984 \$ 73.17 (776) \$ 27.57 (60) \$ 52.54 2,979 \$ 48.30 1,121 \$ 95.51 (780) \$ 36.34 (44) \$ 81.21 3,276 \$ 66.85 1,076 \$ 124.24 (495) \$ 51.58 (63) \$ 93.74 3,794 \$ 84.66 4.5 1,349 \$ 54.85 3.0	Number of Shares Exercise Price Per Share Contractual Life (in years) 2,831 \$ 34.06 984 \$ 73.17 (776) \$ 27.57 (60) \$ 52.54 2,979 \$ 48.30 1,121 \$ 95.51 (780) \$ 36.34 (44) \$ 81.21 3,276 \$ 66.85 1,076 \$ 124.24 (495) \$ 51.58 (63) \$ 93.74 3,794 \$ 84.66 4.5 \$ 1,349 \$ 54.85 3.0 \$

The weighted-average fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31,2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$24.75, \$19.49, and \$17.38, respectively.

The total intrinsic value for options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$33.0 million, \$49.2 million and \$39.3 million, respectively. Cash received from option exercises under all plans for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was approximately \$25.4 million, \$28.3 million, and \$21.4 million, respectively. No tax benefit was realized for the tax deductions from option exercises under all plans for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The aggregate intrinsic value for stock options in the preceding table represents the total intrinsic value based on the Company's closing stock price of \$105.07 as of December 31, 2015. The amount represents the total intrinsic value that would have been received by the holders of the stock-based awards had these awards been exercised and sold as of that date.

Additional information regarding options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2015 is as follows:

		Options Outstanding			Options I	Exercisab	ole
		Weighted Average		Weighted			Weighted
		Remaining		Average			Average
Range	Outstanding	Contractual Life	<u>F</u>	Exercise Price	Exercisable	E	xercise Price
	(in thousands)	(in years)			(in thousands)		
\$0.00 - \$30.00	141	0.6	\$	21.74	141	\$	21.74
\$30.01 - \$50.00	840	2.4	\$	42.84	704	\$	41.93
\$50.01 - \$90.00	754	4.2	\$	72.96	295	\$	72.53
\$90.01 - \$129.00	2,059	5.7	\$	110.32	209	\$	95.58
	3,794				1,349		

The following table summarizes the activity of options outstanding that had not yet vested:

		Weighted-
		Average
	Number	Fair Value
	of Shares	 Per Share
	(in thousands)	
Unvested as of December 31, 2014	2,221	\$ 18.89
Shares granted	1,076	\$ 24.75
Vesting during period	(796)	\$ 18.98
Forfeited	(56)	\$ 20.68
Unvested as of December 31, 2015	2,445	\$ 21.43

As of December 31, 2015, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options outstanding under the Plans is \$35.2 million. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.6 years.

The total fair value of shares vested during 2015, 2014, and 2013 was \$15.1 million, \$11.5 million, and \$9.8 million, respectively.

Restricted Stock Units

The following table summarized the Company's restricted stock unit activity for the year ended December 31, 2015:

		Weighted-
		Average
		Grant Date
	Number of	Fair Value per
	Units	 Share
	(in thousands)	
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	295	\$ 73.55
Granted	110	\$ 123.93
Vested	(122)	\$ 64.35
Forfeited/canceled	(6)	\$ 95.19
Outstanding at December 31, 2015	277	\$ 97.14

As of December 31, 2015, total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested restricted stock units granted under the 2010 Plan was \$18.5 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.6 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In 2008, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted the 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("2008 Purchase Plan") which reserved 500,000 shares of Class A common stock for purchase. The 2008 Purchase Plan permits eligible employee participants to purchase Class A common stock at a price per share which is equal to 85% of the fair market value of Class A common stock on the last day of an offering period.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, 26,898 shares of Class A common stock were issued under the 2008 Purchase Plan, which resulted in cash proceeds to the Company of approximately \$2.6 million, compared to the year ended December 31, 2014 when 23,204 shares of Class A common stock were issued under the 2008 Purchase Plan which resulted in cash proceeds to the Company of \$2.1 million. At December 31, 2015, 304,339 shares remained available for issuance under the 2008 Purchase Plan. In addition, the Company recorded \$0.5 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.3 million of non-cash compensation expense relating to the shares issued under the 2008 Purchase Plans for each of the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013.

Non-Cash Compensation Expense

The table below reflects a break out by category of the non-cash compensation expense amounts recognized on the Company's Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively:

	 For the year ended December 31,				
	 2015		2014		2013
		(i	in thousands)		
Cost of revenues	\$ 405	\$	386	\$	230
Selling, general and administrative	 28,342		22,285		16,975
Total cost of non-cash compensation included	 				_
in loss before provision for income taxes	28,747		22,671		17,205
Amount of income tax recognized in earnings	_		_		_
Amount charged against loss	\$ 28,747	\$	22,671	\$	17,205

In addition, the Company capitalized \$0.5 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million of non-cash compensation for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively, to fixed assets.

15. INCOME TAXES

Income (loss) before provision for income taxes from continuing operations by geographic area is as follows:

		For the year ended December 31,				
	2015		2014		2013	
		(in thousands)				
stic	\$ (22,6	98) \$	(16,623)	\$	(45,429)	
reign	(143,8	97)	963		(11,789)	
Total	\$ (166,5	95) \$	(15,660)	\$	(57,218)	

The provision (benefit) for income taxes on continuing operations consists of the following components:

	For the year ended December 31,				
		2015			2013
			(in thousands)		
Current provision (benefit):					
State	\$	2,752	\$ 1,099	\$	387
Foreign		6,314	7,006		4,946
Total current		9,066	8,105		5,333
		_			
Deferred provision (benefit) for taxes:					
Federal		(3,023)	1,458		(11,977)
State		(3,106)	(887)		(3,272)
Foreign		(40,636)	(472)		(9,013)
Increase in valuation allowance		46,760	431		17,620
Total deferred		(5)	530		(6,642)
Total provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$	9,061	\$ 8,635	\$	(1,309)

A reconciliation of the provision for income taxes on continuing operations at the statutory U.S. Federal tax rate (35%) and the effective income tax rate is as follows:

	 For the year ended December 31,				
	 2015		2014		2013
		(in t	thousands)		
Statutory federal benefit	\$ (58,307)	\$	(5,481)	\$	(20,027)
Foreign tax expense	3,534		3,844		2,870
State and local taxes benefit	(230)		138		(1,875)
Non-deductible foreign expenses	4,892		5,644		2,605
Foreign dividend income	_		3,700		_
Foreign tax rate change	_		1,374		(4,960)
Foreign exchange rate changes	9,212		(799)		_
Other	3,200		(216)		2,458
Valuation allowance	46,760		431		17,620
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ 9,061	\$	8,635	\$	(1,309)

The components of the net deferred income tax asset (liability) accounts are as follows:

		As of December 31,		
	20	15		2014
		(in thousands)		
Current deferred tax assets:				
Net operating losses	\$	_	\$	49,900
Allowance for doubtful accounts		_		326
Deferred revenue		_		48,940
Accrued liabilities		_		6,701
Valuation allowance		_		(51,249)
Total current deferred tax assets, net (1)(2)	\$		\$	54,618
Noncurrent deferred tax assets:				
Net operating losses	\$	369,924	\$	375,103
Property, equipment, and intangible basis differences		28,226		27,340
Accrued liabilities		45,885		40,368
Non-cash compensation		14,913		10,567
Deferred revenue		43,608		_
Allowance for doubtful accounts		647		_
Currency translation		57,015		7,757
Other		4,357		2,425
Valuation allowance		(292,871)		(216,052)
Total noncurrent deferred tax assets, net (3)		271,704		247,508
Noncurrent deferred tax liabilities:				
Property, equipment, and intangible basis differences		(242,763)		(283,185)
Straight-line rents		(28,058)		(25,142)
Deferred lease costs		(11,611)		(5,647)
Other		(14,448)		(10,905)
Total noncurrent deferred tax liabilities, net (3)	\$	(25,176)	\$	(77,371)

- (1) Amounts are included in Prepaid and other current assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.
- (2) In November 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued accounting standard update, ASU No. 2015-17, revising ASC 740 Income Taxes. Specifically, ASU 2015-17 requires deferred tax liabilities and assets, along with any related valuation allowance, to be classified as noncurrent on the consolidated balance sheet. This standard is required to be adopted for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that annual period, with early adoption permitted. The amendment may be applied either prospectively to all deferred tax liabilities and assets or retrospectively to all periods presented. The Company elected to prospectively adopt the accounting standard in the beginning of the fourth quarter of 2015. Prior periods in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements were not retrospectively adjusted.
- (3) Of these amounts, \$619 and \$25,795 are included in Other assets and Other long-term liabilities, respectively on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2015. As of December 31, 2014, \$451 and \$77,822 are included in Other assets and Other long-term liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheet.

A deferred tax asset is reduced by a valuation allowance if based on the weight of all available evidence, it is more likely than not (a likelihood of more than 50%) that the value of such assets will not be realized. The valuation allowance should be sufficient to reduce the deferred tax asset to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. The determination of whether a deferred tax asset is realizable is based on weighting all available evidence, including both positive and negative evidence. The realization of deferred tax assets, including carryforwards and deductible temporary differences, depends upon the existence of sufficient taxable income of the same character during the carryback or carryforward period. All sources of taxable income available to realize the deferred tax asset, including the future reversal of existing temporary differences, future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards, taxable income in carryback years and tax-planning strategies, should be considered.

The Company has recorded a valuation allowance for the majority of its deferred tax assets as management believes that it is not "more-likely-than-not" that the Company will generate sufficient taxable income in future periods to recognize the assets. Valuation allowances of \$2 92.9 million and \$2 6 7 . 3 million were being carried to offset net deferred income tax assets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The net increase in the valuation allowance for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$2 5.6 million and \$ 20.8 million, respectively. At December 31, 2015, the valuation allowance related to federal and state tax credit carryovers were approximately \$2.0 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. These tax credits expire beginning 2017.

The Company has available at December 31, 2015, a net federal operating tax loss carry-forward of approximately \$955.7 m illion and an additional \$253.9 million of net operating tax loss carry forward from stock options which will benefit additional paid-in capital when the loss is utilized. These net operating tax loss carry-forwards will expire between 2021 and 2033. The Internal Revenue Code places limitations upon the future availability of net operating losses based upon changes in the equity of the Company. If these occur, the ability of the Company to offset future income with existing net operating losses may be limited. In addition, the Company has available at December 31, 2015, a foreign net operating loss carry-forward of \$50.3 million and a net state operating tax loss carry-forward of approximately \$474.6 million. These net operating tax loss carry-forwards beg into expire in 2016.

In accordance with the Company's methodology for determining when stock option deductions are deemed realized, the Company utilizes a "with-and-without" approach that will result in a benefit not being recorded in APIC if the amount of available net operating loss carry-forwards generated from operations is sufficient to offset the current year taxable income.

The Company does not expect to remit earnings from its foreign subsidiaries. Undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign subsidiaries amounted to approximately \$ 38.2 million at December 31, 2015. Those earnings are considered to be permanently reinvested and, accordingly, no U.S. Federal and state income taxes have been provided thereon. Upon distribution of those earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, the Company could be subject to both U.S. income taxes (subject to an adjustment for foreign tax credits) and withholding taxes payable to various foreign countries.

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases

The Company is obligated under various non-cancelable operating leases for land, office space, equipment and site leases that expire at various times through December 2114. In addition, the Company is obligated under various non-cancelable capital leases for vehicles that expire at various times through September 2019.

The annual minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating and capital leases in effect as of December 31, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

For the year ended December 31,	 Capital Leases	0	perating Leases
2016	\$ 1,619	\$	188,382
2017	1,150		190,538
2018	799		194,228
2019	251		197,012
2020	_		198,774
Total minimum lease payments	3,819		
Less: amount representing interest	(178)		
Present value of future payments	3,641		
Less: current obligations	(1,814)		
Long-term obligations	\$ 1,827		

Future minimum rental payments under noncancelable ground leases include payments for certain renewal periods at the Company's option because failure to renew could result in a loss of the applicable tower and related revenue from tenant leases, thereby making it reasonably assured that the Company will renew the lease. The majority of operating leases provide for renewal at varying escalations. Fixed rate escalations have been included in the table disclosed above.

Rent expense for operating leases was \$239.8 million, \$223.4 million and \$196.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively. In addition, certain of the Company's leases include contingent rent provisions which provide for

the lessor to receive additional rent upon the attainment of certain tower operating results and/or lease-up. Contingent rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$24.4 million, \$23.3 million and \$20.3 million, respectively.

Tenant Leases

The annual minimum tower lease income to be received for tower space and antenna rental under non-cancelable operating leases in effect as of December 31, 2015 is as follows:

For the year ended December 31,	(in th	nousands)
2016	\$	1,271,391
2017		1,144,510
2018		996,793
2019		808,933
2020		574,797

The Company's tenant leases provide for annual escalations and multiple renewal periods, at the tenant's option. The tenant rental payments disclosed in the table above do not assume exercise of tenant renewal options, however, fixed rate escalations have been included.

Litigation

The Company is involved in various claims, lawsuits and proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. While there are uncertainties inherent in the ultimate outcome of such matters and it is impossible to presently determine the ultimate costs that may be incurred, management believes the resolution of such uncertainties and the incurrence of such costs will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Contingent Purchase Obligations

From time to time, the Company agrees to pay additional consideration (or earnouts) for acquisitions if the towers or businesses that are acquired meet or exceed certain performance targets in the one to three years after they have been acquired. For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013 certain earnings targets associated with the acquired towers were achieved, and therefore, the Company paid in cash \$4.1 million, \$18.7 million, and \$9.3 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2015, the Company's estimate of its potential obligation if the performance targets contained in various acquisition agreements were met was \$7.2 million which the Company recorded in accrued expenses. The maximum potential obligation related to the performance targets was \$10.2 million and \$23.1 million as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

17. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Company has a defined contribution profit sharing plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code that provides for voluntary employee contributions up to the limitations set forth in Section 402(g) of the Internal Revenue Code. Employees have the opportunity to participate following completion of three months of employment and must be 21 years of age. Employer matching begins immediately upon the employee's participation in the plan.

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and through June 30, 2013, the Company made a discretionary matching contribution of 50% of an employee's contributions up to a maximum of \$3,000 annually. Effective July 1, 2013, the Company made a discretionary matching contribution of 75% of an employee's contributions up to a maximum of \$4,000 annually. Company matching contributions were approximately \$2.1 million, \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

18. SEGMENT DATA

The Company operates principally in two business segments: site leasing and site development. The Company's site leasing business includes two reportable segments, domestic site leasing and international site leasing. The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different services. They are managed separately based on the fundamental differences in their operations. The site leasing segment includes results of the managed and sublease businesses. The site development segment includes the results of both consulting and construction related activities. The Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker utilizes segment operating profit and operating income as his two measures of segment profit in assessing performance and allocating resources at the reportable segment level.

Revenues, cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation, accretion and amortization), capital expenditures (including assets acquired through the issuance of shares of the Company's Class A common stock) and identifiable assets pertaining to the segments in which the Company continues to operate are presented below:

		Oomestic Site Leasing	_	Int'l Site Leasing	Site		Not Identified by Segment			Total
For the year ended December 31, 2015						(in thousands)				
Revenues	\$	1,236,758	\$	243,876	\$	157,840	\$	_	\$	1,638,474
Cost of revenues (2)		252,493		72,162		119,744		_		444,399
Operating profit		984,265		171,714		38,096				1,194,075
Selling, general, and administrative		67,413		16,196		12,247		19,095		114,951
Acquisition related adjustments and expenses		9,975		1,889		_		_		11,864
Asset impairment and decommission costs		93,977		806				_		94,783
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		534,436		118,886		3,662		3,037		660,021
Operating income (loss)	_	278,464		33,937		22,187		(22,132)		312,456
Other expense (principally interest expense	_									
and other expense)								(479,051)		(479,051)
Loss before provision for income taxes										(166,595)
Cash capital expenditures (3)		709,337		94,693		3,495		13,339		820,864
For the year ended December 31, 2014										
Revenues	\$	1,157,293	\$	202,909	\$	166,794	\$	_	\$	1,526,996
Cost of revenues (2)	_	247,237	_	54,076		127,172			_	428,485
Operating profit	_	910,056	_	148,833		39,622			_	1,098,511
Selling, general, and administrative		67,611		16,762		9,074		9,870		103,317
Acquisition related adjustments and expenses		3,351		4,447		_		_		7,798
Asset impairment and decommission costs		21,538		2,263		_		_		23,801
Depreciation, amortization and accretion		515,150	_	104,447		2,453		5,022		627,072
Operating income (loss)	_	302,406		20,914		28,095		(14,892)		336,523
Other expense (principally interest expense										
and other expense)								(352,183)		(352,183)
Loss before provision for income taxes										(15,660)
Cash capital expenditures (3)		547,774		1,221,786		3,851		24,352		1,797,763
For the year ended December 31, 2013		1.040.756	Ф	04.057	Ф	171.052	Ф		Ф	1 204 066
Revenues	\$	1,048,756	\$	84,257	\$	171,853	\$	_	\$	1,304,866
Cost of revenues (2)	_	242,839	_	27,933		137,481			_	408,253
Operating profit	_	805,917	_	56,324		34,372				896,613
Selling, general, and administrative		59,320		10,065		7,760		8,331		85,476
Acquisition related adjustments and expenses		6,525		12,673		_		_		19,198
Asset impairment and decommission costs		26,478		2,482						28,960
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	_	484,053	_	44,973		2,280		2,028		533,334
Operating income (loss)	_	229,541	_	(13,869)		24,332		(10,359)	_	229,645
Other expense (principally interest expense										
and other expense)								(286,863)	_	(286,863)
Loss before provision for income taxes										(57,218)
Cash capital expenditures (3)		261,775		578,938		6,693		105		847,511
		F	- 37							

							Not	
	D	omestic Site	Int'l Site		Site	I	dentified by	
		Leasing	Leasing	De	evelopment		Segment (1)	Total
				(in	thousands)			
Assets								
As of December 31, 2015	\$	5,639,495	\$ 1,564,496	\$	56,631	\$	142,593	\$ 7,403,215
As of December 31, 2014	\$	5,554,753	\$ 1,989,571	\$	78,633	\$	218,168	\$ 7,841,125

- (1) Assets not identified by segment consist primarily of general corporate assets.
- (2) Excludes depreciation, amortization, and accretion.
- (3) Includes cash paid for capital expenditures and acquisitions and vehicle capital lease additions.

19. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (unaudited)

	Quarter Ended						
	December 31, 2015		September 30,	June 30,	March 31,		
			2015	2015	2015		
	(in thousands, except per share amounts)						
Revenues	\$	406,941 \$	410,735 \$	410,704 \$	410,094		
Operating income		82,129	43,083	98,163	89,081		
Depreciation, accretion, and amortization		(161,461)	(164,330)	(162,377)	(171,853)		
Loss from extinguishment of debt, net		(783)	_	_	_		
Net income (loss)		31,019	(155,946)	28,305	(79,034)		
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$	0.25 \$	(1.23) \$	0.22 \$	(0.61)		
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted		0.24	(1.23)	0.22	(0.61)		

	Quarter Ended						
	December 31, 2014		September 30,	June 30,	March 31,		
			2014	2014	2014		
	(in thousands, except per share amounts)						
Revenues	\$	404,734 \$	393,293 \$	383,420 \$	345,549		
Operating income		96,590	89,484	83,317	67,132		
Depreciation, accretion, and amortization		(162,214)	(159,410)	(161,005)	(144,443)		
Loss from extinguishment of debt, net		(1,124)	(14,893)	(8,236)	(1,951)		
Net income (loss)		388	(16,624)	(9,467)	1,408		
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$	0.00 \$	(0.13) \$	(0.07)\$	0.01		
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted		0.00	(0.13)	(0.07)	0.01		

Basic and diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares for the period. Potentially dilutive instruments have been excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share as their impact would have been anti-dilutive.

Because loss per share amounts are calculated using the weighted average number of common and dilutive common shares outstanding during each quarter, the sum of the per share amounts for the four quarters may not equal the total loss per share amounts for the year.

AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "Agreement"), between SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION, a Florida corporation (the "Company"), and KURT L. BAGWELL (the "Executive"), is made and entered into as of December 7, 2015 (the "Effective Date").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company Group") engage in the business of developing, leasing and maintaining wireless telecommunications tower sites and other related businesses;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive have previously entere d into an Employment Agreement, amended and restated effective as of July 30, 2012, and expiring by its terms on December 31, 2015 (the "Current Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Current Agreement will expire by its terms on December 31, 2015 without any obligation of either party thereto to renew or extend such Agreement and without any obligation of the Company Group to pay severance or other amounts in connection with such expiration; and

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive intend to provide for the continued employment of the Executive by the Company Group as of the Effective Date on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed by and between the parties as follows:

- **1.** EMPLOYMENT. The Company hereby agrees to employ the Executive and the Executive hereby agrees to be employed by the Company on the terms and conditions set forth herein.
- **2.** TERM. The term (the "Term") of employment of the Executive by the Company shall commence as of the Effective Date and, subject to Section 7(a), shall end December 31, 2018 (the "End Date"), unless sooner terminated as hereinafter provided. If the Executive continues in the employment of the Company Group following the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company Group shall be at will, unless and until the parties negotiate and sign a new employment agreement regarding such future employment. Neither party shall be under any obligation or duty to sign or negotiate any such new employment agreement.

3. POSITION AND DUTIES.

(a) The Executive shall serve as the Senior Vice President and President of International of the Company. The Executive shall generally perform the duties of a Senior Vice President and President of International for the Company and shall have such specific

responsibilities, duties and authorities as shall from time to time be assigned by the President, Chief Executive Officer, or Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board").

- (b) The Executive shall also serve, for no additional consideration, in such other positions in the Company Group as determined from time to time by the Board and shall have such specific responsibilities, duties and authorities with respect to such positions as shall from time to time be assigned by the President, Chief Executive Officer, or the Board.
- (c) The Executive shall devote all his working time and efforts to the business and affairs of the Company Group.

4. COMPENSATION AND RELATED MATTERS.

- (a) *Salary*. During the Term, the Executive shall be paid an annual salary at the rate in effect immediately prior to the Effective Date, which amount may be increased but not decreased by the Board (the "Base Salary"). The Company shall pay the Executive the Base Salary in accordance with its regular payroll practices as in effect from time to time. Compensation of the Executive by payments of Base Salary shall not be deemed exclusive and shall not prevent the Executive from participating in any other compensation or benefit plan of the Company Group, subject to the eligibility requirements and other terms of such plan.
- (b) Annual Bonus. In addition to the Base Salary, the Executive shall be eligible to earn for each calendar year ending during the Term an annual incentive bonus (the "Bonus") based on the achievement of one or more performance goals, targets, measurements and other factors (collectively, the "Performance Goals") established for such year by the Compensation Committee of the Board (the "Committee"). The Executive's target annual bonus (the "Target Bonus") and the applicable Performance Goals will be established by the Committee within 90 days of the first day of the year to which such Bonus relates; provided, however, that the minimum Target Bonus for each full year of service shall be 100% of the annual rate of Base Salary in effect at the start of such year (the "Minimum Target Bonus"). Payment of the Executive's Bonus for any year will be based upon the achievement of the Performance Goals established by the Committee for that year (including, without limitation, the exercise of the Committee's negative discretion in accordance with its past practices with respect to the Performance Goals and related payment schedule established by the Committee for such Performance Goals). The actual bonus paid may be higher or lower than the Target Bonus for over- or under-achievement of the Performance Goals (including, without limitation, as a result of the exercise by the Committee of negative discretion in accordance with its past practices with respect to the Performance Goals and related payment schedule established by the Committee for such Performance Goals), as determined by the Committee. Subject to Section 6 hereof, a Bonus, if any, shall be payable in accordance with the Company's customary bonus payment practices, but in no event later than March 15th of the succeeding calendar year.
- (c) *Expenses*. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to receive payment or reimbursement for all reasonable expenses incurred by the Executive in performing services hereunder, including all expenses of travel and living expenses while away from home on business or at the request of and in the service of the Company Group, cell phone expenses and dues and seminar fees; *provided* that such expenses are incurred and accounted for in

accordance with the policies and procedures then established by the Company Group from time to time; *provided further* that r eimbursement shall be made as soon as practicable after a request for reimbursement is received by the Company Group in accordance with the Company Group's customary expense reimbursement practices, but in no event later than the last day of the calendar year next following the calendar year in which the expense is incurred.

- (d) *Other Benefits* . The Executive shall be entitled to participate in or receive benefits under any employee benefit plan or arrangement made available by the Company Group in the future to its executives and key management employees, subject to and on a basis consistent with the terms, conditions and overall administration of such plans and arrangements, which benefits shall include disability insurance for as long as the Company Group generally provides disability insurance to its officers. Any payments, bonuses or benefits payable to the Executive hereunder in respect of any calendar year during which the Executive is employed by the Company for less than the entire such year shall, unless otherwise provided in the applicable plan or arrangement, be prorated in accordance with the number of days in such calendar year during which the Executive is so employed.
- (e) *Group or Family Medical Coverage*. During the Term, the Company shall provide group or family medical insurance coverage to the Executive and his dependents under a plan for employees of the Company Group, and such plan shall include reasonable coverage for medical, hospital, surgical and major medical expenses and shall be subject to such deductibles as applicable to other Company Group employees.
- **5.** WITHHOLDING. Both the Executive and the Company agree that all amounts paid pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to all applicable federal, state, local and foreign withholding requirements.
- **6.** TERMINATION. Subject to the provisions set forth in this Section 6, the Company shall have the right to terminate the Executive's employment hereunder, and the Executive shall have the right to resign his employment with the Company, at any time for any reason or for no stated reason. For purposes of this Agreement, the terms "terminate," "terminated," "termination" and "resignation" mean a termination of the Executive's employment that constitutes a Separation from Service (as defined in Section 6(e)(v) hereof).
- (a) *General*. Upon a termination of the Executive's employment for any reason, he shall be entitled to receive the following amounts (collectively, the "Termination Amount") on the next regularly scheduled payroll date after the date of the Executive's termination of employment: (i) any accrued and unpaid Base Salary for services performed up to and including the date of his termination or resignation, as applicable, (ii) a cash payment (calculated on the basis of his Base Salary then in effect) for all unused vacation days that the Executive may have accrued as of his date of termination (subject to the terms of the Company's then applicable vacation policies), and (iii) any unpaid reimbursement for business expenses the Executive is entitled to receive under Section 4(c) hereof.

(b) Termination for Cause; Resignation Without Good Reason.

- (i) If, prior to the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated by the Company for Cause (as defined below) or if the Executive resigns without Good Reason (as defined below), he shall be entitled to receive the Termination Amount. Except to the extent required by the terms of any applicable compensation or benefit plan or program or otherwise required by applicable law, the Executive shall have no right under this Agreement or otherwise to receive any other compensation or to participate in any other plan, program or arrangement after such termination or resignation of employment with respect to the year of such termination or resignation and later years.
 - (ii) "Cause" means the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - (1) the Executive's willful, material violation of any law or regulation applicable to the business of the Company Group;
 - (2) the Executive's conviction of, or plea of guilty or "no contest" to, a felony;
 - (3) any willful perpetration by the Executive of an act involving moral turpitude or common law fraud, whether or not related to his activities on behalf of the Company Group;
 - (4) any act of gross negligence by the Executive in the performance of his duties as an employee of the Company;
 - (5) any material violation by the Executive of the Company's Code of Ethics, as in effect from time to time;
 - (6) the willful and continued failure or refusal of the Executive to satisfactorily perform the duties reasonably required of him as an employee of the Company Group;
 - (7) the indictment for any crime, whether a felony or misdemeanor, involving the purchase or sale of any security, mail or wire fraud, theft, embezzlement, moral turpitude, or Company Group property where such indictment has a material adverse impact on the Executive's ability to perform his duties under this Agreement;
 - (8) any willful misconduct by the Executive that is materially injurious to the financial condition, business, or reputation of, or is otherwise materially injurious to, any member of the Company Group; or
 - (9) any breach by the Executive of Section 9(a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Agreement.

(iii) Termination of the Executive's employment for Cause shall be communicated by delivery to the Executive of a written notice from the Board stating that the Executive will be terminated for Cause, specifying the particulars thereof and the effective date of such termination; *provided*, *however*, that upon receipt of such notice, the Executive shall have (1) an opportunity to cure the matter constituting Cause within 30 days following the Executive's receipt of such notice (provided that the event constituting Cause is then susceptible to cure) and (2) an opportunity, together with his counsel, to be heard by the Board. The date of the Executive's termination for Cause shall be the date of termination specified by the resolution of the Board; *provided*, *however*, that such termination shall not become effective until no earlier than the date of the meeting of the Board described in clause (2) of the preceding sentence. The date of a resignation by the Executive shall be the date specified in a written notice of resignation to the Company. The Executive shall provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of resignation without Good Reason; *provided*, *however*, that the Company, in its sole discretion, may waive the notice requirement in whole or in part.

(c) Termination Without Cause; Resignation for Good Reason.

- (i) If, prior to the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated by the Company without Cause or if the Executive resigns from his employment hereunder for Good Reason, then, in addition to the Termination Amount, the Executive shall be entitled to receive:
 - (1) an amount equal to the sum of the following amounts (collectively, the " <u>Severance Amount</u>"):
 - (A) an amount equal to the *pro rata* portion of the Bonus for the year in which the termination or resignation occurs, calculated by multiplying (x) the Minimum Target Bonus for the year of termination by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Executive was employed during the year of such termination or resignation and the denominator of which is 365; plus
 - (B) an amount equal to the Applicable Multiple (as defined below) multiplied by the sum of: (i) the Base Salary in effect for the year of termination or resignation and (ii) the Minimum Target Bonus; and
 - (2) continuation of applicable medical, dental and life insurance benefits (based on the coverage in effect for the Executive and his dependents at the time of such termination or resignation, but excluding any supplemental medical expense reimbursement insurance provided by the Company Group), from the date of termination or resignation until the earlier to occur of (A) the Applicable Multiple of years from the date of termination or (B) the date the Executive becomes eligible for comparable benefits provided by a third party (in either case, the "Continuation Period"); **provided**, **however**, that the continuation of such benefits shall be subject to the respective terms of the applicable plan, as

in effect from time to time, and the timely payment by the Executive of his applicable share of the applicable premiums in effect from time to time during the Continuation Period. To the extent that reimbursable medical and dental care expenses constitute deferred compensation for purposes of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the Company shall reimburse the medical and dental care expenses as soon as practicable consistent with the Company's practice, but in no event later than the last day of the calendar year next following the calendar year in which such expenses are incurred .

For purposes of this Section 6(c), "Applicable Multiple" means (i) one, in the event termination or resignation occurs prior to a Change in Control of the Company (as defined in Section 7(b)); and (ii) two, in the event termination or resignation occurs on or after a Change in Control of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if within six months prior to the date on which a Change in Control occurs, the Executive's employment with the Company Group is terminated by the Company without Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason, and it is reasonably demonstrated that such termination of employment or Good Reason event was in contemplation of the Change in Control, then the Applicable Multiple shall be two, but the Severance Amount payable as a result of such revised calculation shall be reduced by any Severance Amount previously paid to the Executive under this Section 6(c) by the Company Group as a result of such termination or resignation of employment.

- (ii) Subject to the compliance rules set forth in Section 6(e), the Severance Amount shall be paid in a lump sum on the first business day of the third calendar month following the calendar month in which termination by the Company without Cause or resignation by the Executive for Good Reason is effective (or, in the event of the Executive's death after the date of the Executive's termination or resignation but prior to the date of payment, to the Executive's estate or beneficiary, as applicable, together with interest, within 30 days following the date of the Executive's death).
- (iii) The payment of the Severance Amount and the continuation of benefits, pursuant to this Section 6(c), shall be contingent upon the Executive executing a full release and waiver of claims against the Company Group (which release and waiver of claims, once executed and irrevocable, shall not apply to the Company's obligation to pay the Severance Amount and continue benefits hereunder), in a form approved by the Board, that becomes irrevocable not later than the last day of the second calendar month following the calendar month in which the Executive's termination or resignation becomes effective in accordance with this Section 6(c). If the Executive fails to execute a full release and waiver of claims against the Company Group that becomes irrevocable on or before the last day of the second calendar month following the calendar month in which the Executive's termination or resignation becomes effective, the Company Group's obligations under this Section 6(c) shall terminate and the Executive shall not be entitled to further payment of the Severance Amount or the continuation of benefits.

- (iv) "Good Reason" means the occurrence of any of the following events:
- (1) the Executive's position, title, duties, and reporting responsibilities with the Company in effect on the Effective Date become less favorable in any material respect; *provided*, *however*, Good Reason shall not be deemed to occur under this clause (1) if the following three conditions are satisfied: (A) the diminution in the Executive's position, duties or reporting responsibilities is solely and directly a result of the Company no longer being a publicly-traded company; (B) the event resulting in the Company no longer being a publicly-traded entity is a leveraged buyout, acquisition by a private equity fund and/or other similar "going private" transaction and is <u>not</u> as a result of the acquisition of the Company or the business of the Company Group by another operating company or parent or subsidiary thereof; and (C) the Executive continues to hold the same position and title with the Company and no other act or omission has then occurred that would constitute an event of Good Reason under this definition:
- (2) (A) a reduction in, or a change in the form of, either the Base Salary or Minimum Target Bonus or (B) a reduction in the aggregate amount of the material benefits provided to the Executive, as of the Effective Date, other than an across-the-board reduction applicable to all senior executive officers of the Company Group; or
- (3) the relocation, without the Executive's consent, of the Executive's principal place of business to a location that is more than 60 miles from the Executive's primary business location on the Effective Date or, if applicable, from a subsequent primary business location agreed to by the Executive.
- (v) In order to constitute Good Reason, (1) the Executive must provide written notification of his intention to resign within 30 days after the Executive knows or has reason to know of the occurrence of any such event, (2) such event or condition is not corrected, in all material respects, by the Company Group within 20 days of its receipt of such notice, and (3) the Executive resigns his employment with the Company Group not more than 30 days following the expiration of the 20-day period described in the foregoing clause (2).
- (vi) Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this Section 6(c), it shall not be an event of Good Reason under this Agreement for the Company Group (1) to adopt (or subsequently amend) one or more claw-back, mandatory deferral or other risk management policies related to the Company Group's incentive compensation plans or arrangements, including without limitation the Company's Executive Compensation Recoupment Policy or (2) to adopt (or subsequently amend) stock ownership guidelines related to the Company's common stock or (3) to subject the compensation payable to the Executive under this Agreement to these policies or guidelines; <u>provided</u> that, except as otherwise required by law, such policies are generally applicable to the Company Group's executive officers.

(vii) The date of termination of employment without Cause shall be the date specified in a written notice of termination to the Executive. The date of resignation for Good Reason shall be the date specified in a written notice of resignation from the Executive to the Company; provided, however, that no such written notice shall be effective unless the cure period specified in Section 6(c)(v) above has expired without the Company Group having corrected the event or events subject to cure.

(d) Disability; Death.

- (i) If, as a result of the Executive's incapacity due to physical or mental illness (such incapacity being determined by the Board in its reasonable discretion), the Executive shall have been absent from his full-time duties as described hereunder for the entire period of six consecutive months ("<u>Disability</u>"), the Executive's employment shall terminate at the end of the six-month period.
- (ii) Upon a termination pursuant to this Section 6(d) as a result of Disability or as a result of the Executive's death, the Executive (or his estate or beneficiary, as applicable) shall be entitled to receive:

(1) the Termination Amount, and

- (2) an amount equal to the *pro rata* portion of the Bonus for the year in which the termination occurs, calculated by multiplying (x) the Minimum Target Bonus for the year of termination by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Executive was employed during the year of termination and the denominator of which is 365.
- (iii) If the Executive's employment is terminated pursuant to this Section 6(d) as a result of his Disability, then subject to Section 6(e), the *pro rata* Bonus shall be paid in a lump sum on the first business day of the third calendar month following the calendar month in which termination pursuant to this Section 6(d) is effective.
- (iv) If the Executive's employment is terminated as of result of his death, the *pro rata* Bonus shall be paid within 30 days after the date of the Executive's death.
- (v) Except to the extent required by the terms of any applicable compensation or benefit plan or program or otherwise required by applicable law, the Executive shall have no right under this Agreement or otherwise to receive any other compensation or to participate in any other plan, program or arrangement after such termination.

(e) Section 409A Compliance.

(i) If, at the time of the Executive's termination or resignation with the Company, the Executive is a Specified Employee (as defined below), then the Severance Amount, the *pro rata* Bonus contemplated by Section 6(d) and any other amounts payable under this Agreement that the Company determines constitutes deferred compensation within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and which

are subject to the six-month delay required by Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-1(c)(3)(v), shall be delayed and not paid to the Executive until the first business day following the six-month anniversary of the Executive's date of termination or resignation (the "Short-Term Deferral Date"), at which time such delayed amounts will be paid to the Executive in a cash lump sum (the "Catch-Up Amount").

- (ii) If payment of an amount is delayed as a result of this Section 6(e), such amount shall be increased with interest from the date on which such amount would otherwise have been paid to the Executive but for this Section 6(e) to the day prior to the date the Catch-Up Amount is paid. The rate of interest shall be the applicable short-term federal rate applicable under Section 7872(f)(2)(A) of the Code for the month in which the date of the Executive's termination or resignation occurs. Such interest shall be paid at the same time that the Catch-Up Amount is paid.
- (iii) If the Executive dies on or after the date of the Executive's termination or resignation and prior to the Short-Term Deferral Date, any amount delayed pursuant to this Section 6(e) shall be paid to the Executive's estate or beneficiary, as applicable, together with interest, within 30 days following the date of the Executive's death.
- (iv) "Specified Employee" has the meaning set forth in Section 409A(a)(2)(B) (i) of the Code. The determination of whether the Executive constitutes a Specified Employee on the date of his termination or resignation shall be made in accordance with the Company's established methodology for determining Specified Employees.
- (v) "Separation from Service" means a "separation from service" from the Company within the meaning of the default rules under the final regulations issued pursuant to Section 409A of the Code.
- (vi) The provisions of this Section 6(e) shall apply notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement related to the timing of payments following the Executive's termination or resignation. For purposes of applying the provisions of Section 409A of the Code to this Agreement, each separately identifiable amount to which the Executive is entitled under this Agreement shall be treated as a separate payment.

7. CHANGE IN CONTROL.

- (a) If a Change in Control of the Company (as defined below) shall become effective during the Term, the Term shall automatically be deemed to end on the later of (i) the End Date (as defined in Section 2) or (ii) the second anniversary of the effective date of such Change in Control.
 - (b) A "Change in Control" shall be deemed to have occurred when:
 - (i) any person is or becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company

representing 35% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's thenoutstanding securities; or

- (ii) during any 24-month period, individuals who, as of the beginning of such period, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Directors") cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the Board; provided that any new director subsequent to the beginning of such period (other than a director whose initial assumption of office is in connection with an actual or threatened election contest, including, but not limited to, a consent solicitation, relating to the election of directors of the Company) whose appointment or election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company's shareholders was approved or recommended by a vote of at least a majority of the Incumbent Directors shall be an Incumbent Director; or
- (iii) there is consummated a merger or consolidation of the Company, other than (A) a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such merger or consolidation continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity or any parent thereof), in combination with the ownership of any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any subsidiary, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the securities of the Company or such surviving entity or any parent thereof outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation, or (B) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or similar transaction) in which no person is or becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the securities beneficially owned by such person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its affiliates other than in connection with the securities acquired directly from the Company or its affiliates other than in connection with the acquisition by the Company or its affiliates of a business) representing 50% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities: or
- (iv) the shareholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company or there is consummated an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, other than a sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to an entity, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of which are owned by shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of the Company immediately prior to such sale.

8. SECTION 4999 EXCISE TAX LIMITATION.

(a) In the event that it shall be determined that (X) any amount or benefit paid, distributed or otherwise provided to the Executive by the Company Group, whether pursuant to this Agreement or otherwise (collectively, the "Covered Payments"), would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code (the "Excise Tax"), and (Y) the reduction of the amounts payable to the Executive under this Agreement or with respect to stock options and equity awards to the maximum amount that could be paid to the Executive without

giving rise to the Excise Tax (the "Safe Harbor Cap") would provide the Executive with a greater after-tax amount than if such amounts were not reduced, then, subject to the further limitations set forth herein, the Covered Payments shall be reduced (but not below zero) to the Safe Harbor Cap. The reductions, if applicable, shall be made to the extent necessary in the following order: (i) the acceleration of vesting of stock options and other equity awards with an exercise price that exceeds the then fair market value of the stock subject to the award; (ii) the payments under Section 6(c)(i)(1)(A) hereof; (iii) the payments under Section 6(c)(i)(2) hereof; and (v) the acceleration of vesting of all other stock options and equity awards. For purposes of reducing the Covered Payments to the Safe Harbor Cap, only amounts payable under this Agreement and with respect to stock options and equity awards (and no other Covered Payments) shall be reduced. If the reduction would not result in a greater after-tax result to the Executive, no amounts payable under this Agreement or with respect to stock options and equity awards shall be reduced pursuant to this provision.

- (b) A nationally recognized firm of independent accountants, selected by the Company after consultation with the Executive, shall perform the foregoing calculations. The Company shall bear all expenses with respect to the determinations by such accounting firm required to be made hereunder. Such accounting firm shall apply the provisions of this Section 8 in a reasonable manner and in good faith in accordance with then prevailing practices in the interpretation and application of Section 4999 of the Code. For purposes of applying the provisions of this Section 8, the Company shall be entitled to rely on the written advice of legal counsel or such accounting firm as to whether one or more Covered Payments constitute "parachute payments" under Section 4999 of the Code.
- (c) The accounting firm engaged to make the determinations hereunder shall provide its calculations, together with detailed supporting documentation, to the Company and the Executive within 30 calendar days after the date that such accounting firm has been engaged to make such determinations or such other time as requested by the Company or the Executive. If payments are reduced to the Safe Harbor Cap or the accounting firm determines that no Excise Tax is payable by the Executive without a reduction in Covered Payments, it shall furnish the Company and the Executive with an opinion to such effect, that the Executive is not required to report any Excise Tax on the Executive's federal income tax return, and that the failure to report the Excise Tax, if any, on the Executive's applicable federal income tax return will not result in the imposition of a negligence or similar penalty. Any good faith determinations of the accounting firm made hereunder shall be final, binding, and conclusive upon the Company and the Executive.

9. PROTECTION OF THE COMPANY GROUP'S INTERESTS.

(a) *No Competing Employment* . For so long as the Executive is employed by the Company, and (i) during a period of two years after his employment with the Company has been terminated by reason of termination without Cause or resignation for Good Reason in which the Applicable Multiple is two, or (ii) during a period of one year after his employment with the Company Group has been terminated in all other circumstances (such period of employment and applicable postemployment period hereinafter referred to as the "Restricted Period"), the Executive shall not, without the prior written consent of the Board, directly or indirectly, own an interest in, manage, operate, join, control, lend money or render financial or

other assistance to or participate in or be connected with, as an officer, employee, partner, stockholder, consultant or otherwise, any individual, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization or entity that competes with the business of the Company Group by providing any goods or services provided or under development by the Company Group at the effective date of the Executive's termination of employment (the "Business"); provided, however, that this Section 9(a) shall not proscribe the Executive's ownership, either directly or indirectly, of less than one percent of any class of securities which are regularly traded on a national securities exchange or interdealer quotation system.

- (b) *No Interference*. During the Restricted Period, the Executive shall not, directly or indirectly, whether for his own account or for the account of any other individual, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization (other than the Company Group), (i) solicit, or endeavor to entice away from the Company Group, or otherwise interfere with the relationship of the Company Group with, any person or entity who is, or was within the then most recent 12 month period, (A) employed by, or otherwise engaged to perform services for, the Company Group, or (B) a customer or client of the Company Group, (ii) assist or encourage any other person in carrying out, directly or indirectly, any activity that would be prohibited by the provisions of this Section 9(b) if such activity were carried out by the Executive, and, in particular, the Executive agrees that he will not, directly or indirectly, induce any employee of the Company Group to carry out any such activity, or (iii) otherwise interfere with the business of the Company Group.
- (c) *Non-Disparagement*. For so long as the Executive is employed by the Company Group, and at all times thereafter, the Executive shall not intentionally make any public statement, or publicly release any information, that disparages or defames the Company Group, or any of its officers and directors, and shall not intentionally cause or encourage any other person to make any such statement or publicly release any such information.
- (d) *Confidentiality*. The Executive understands and acknowledges that, in the course of his employment, he has had and will continue to have access to and will learn confidential information regarding the Company Group that concerns the technological innovations, operations and methodologies of the Company Group, including, without limitation, business plans, financial information, protocols, proposals, manuals, procedures and guidelines, computer source codes, programs, software, know-how and specifications, inventions, copyrights, trade secrets, market information, Developments (as hereinafter defined), data and customer information (collectively, " <u>Proprietary Information</u>"). The Executive recognizes that the use or disclosure of Proprietary Information could cause the Company Group substantial loss and damages, which could not be readily calculated, and for which no remedy at law would be adequate. Accordingly, the Executive agrees that for so long as he is employed by the Company Group, and at all times thereafter, he shall keep confidential and shall not, directly or indirectly, disclose any such Proprietary Information to any third party, except as required to fulfill his duties in connection with his positions within the Company Group, and shall not misuse, misappropriate or exploit such Proprietary Information in any way. The restrictions contained herein shall not apply to any information that the Executive can demonstrate (i) was already available to the public at the time of disclosure, or subsequently became available to the public, otherwise than by breach of this Agreement or (ii) was the subject of a court order to disclose.

- "<u>Developments</u>" shall mean all data, discoveries, findings, reports, designs, inventions, improvements, methods, practices, techniques, developments, programs, concepts and ideas, whether or not patentable, and works of authorship relating to the present or planned activities, or the products and services of the Company Group.
- (e) *Exclusive Property*. The Executive confirms that all Proprietary Information is and shall remain the exclusive property of the Company Group. All business records, papers and documents kept or made by him relating to the business of the Company Group shall be and remain the property of the Company. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company or upon the request of the Company at any time, he shall promptly deliver to the Company Group, and shall not, without the consent of the Company, retain copies of any written materials not previously made available to the public, or records and documents made by the Executive or coming into his possession concerning the business or affairs of the Company Group; *provided*, *however*, that subsequent to any such termination, the Company shall provide the Executive with copies (the cost of which shall be borne by the Executive) of any documents that are requested by the Executive and that he has determined in good faith are (i) required to establish a defense to a claim that the Executive has not complied with his duties hereunder or (ii) necessary to the Executive in order to comply with applicable law.
- (f) Assignment of Developments. During the Executive's employment, all Developments that are at any time made, reduced to practice, conceived or suggested by him, whether acting alone or in conjunction with others, shall be the sole and absolute property of the Company Group, free of any reserved or other rights of any kind on his part, and the Executive hereby irrevocably assigns, conveys and transfers any and all right, title and interest that he may have in such Developments to the Company Group. If such Developments were made, reduced to practice, conceived or suggested by the Executive during or as a result of his employment relationship with the Company, the Executive shall promptly make full disclosure of any such Developments to the Company and, at the Company Group's cost and expense, do all acts and things (including, among others, the execution and delivery under oath of patent and copyright applications and instruments of assignment) deemed by the Company to be necessary or desirable at any time in order to effect the full assignment to the Company Group of his right, title and interest, if any, to such Developments. The Executive acknowledges and agrees that any invention, concept, design or discovery that concretely relates to or is associated with the Executive's work for the Company Group that is described in a patent application or is disclosed to a third party, directly or indirectly, by the Executive during the Restricted Period shall be the property of and owned by the Company Group, and such disclosure by patent application (except by way of a patent application filed by any member of the Company Group) or otherwise shall constitute a breach of this Section 9.
- (g) *Injunctive Relief*. Without intending to limit the remedies available to the Company Group, the Executive acknowledges that a breach of any of the covenants contained in this Section 9 may result in material irreparable injury to the Company Group or any of its members for which there is no adequate remedy at law, that it will not be possible to measure damages for such injuries precisely and that, in the event of such a breach or threat thereof, the Company shall be entitled to obtain a temporary restraining order and/or a preliminary or permanent injunction restraining the Executive from engaging in activities prohibited by this

Section 9 or such other relief as may be required to specifically enforce any of the covenants in this Section 9, without the Company being required to show any actual damage or to post an injunction bond.

- (h) *Enforceability*. Should any of the time periods or the geographic area set forth in this Section 9 be held to be unreasonable by any court of competent subject matter jurisdiction, the parties hereto agree to petition such court to reduce the time period or geographic area to the maximum time period or geographic area, as applicable, permitted by governing law.
- (i) *Periods Following the Term*. Subject to the provisions of Sections 9(a) and (b), the provisions of this Section 9 shall continue in effect in accordance with the provisions hereof following the expiration of the Term, including, without limitation, during any period that the Executive remains an employee-at-will of the Company.
- (i) *Reciprocity of Obligations* . Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event the Company is obligated to pay the Severance Amount under Section 6(c) of this Agreement, the Executive's obligations under Section 9(a) of this Agreement shall be conditioned upon payment of the Severance Amount in the manner contemplated by Section 6(c); provided, however, that, without limiting any other remedies available to the Company, in the event of the Executive's breach of Section 9(a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Agreement, the Company shall cease to have any obligation as of the date of such breach to make any payments under Section 6(c) of this Agreement; provided further, that the Executive's obligations under Section 9(a) shall apply if the Company does not pay the Severance Amount to the Executive as a result of the failure of the Executive to deliver the release contemplated by Section 6(c)(iii) or the failure of such release to become effective in accordance with its terms as a result of the Executive having exercised any right of rescission or revocation applicable to such release. The party alleging a breach described in this Section 9(j) shall provide prompt written notice of such breach to the other party hereto, and the party receiving such notice shall have 10 days from the date of delivery of such notice (as determined in accordance with Section 11 hereof) to cure such breach to the reasonable satisfaction of the party delivering such notice. The party delivering the notice shall not be released of its obligations hereunder unless the 10-day cure period shall have expired without the alleged breach having been cured in the manner described in the previous sentence.
- 10. AMENDMENTS. The provisions of this Agreement may not be amended, supplemented, waived or changed orally, but only by a writing signed by the party as to whom enforcement of any such amendment, supplement, waiver or modification is sought and making specific reference to this Agreement. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Company may, without the Executive's consent, amend any provision of this Agreement to the extent it deems such action necessary or advisable to avoid the imposition on any person of additional taxes, penalties or interest under Section 409A of the Code, and any such amendment shall not be a basis for a resignation by the Executive for Good Reason; provided, however, that any such amendment or modification shall, to the maximum extent the Company, reasonably and in good faith determines to be possible, retain the economic and tax benefits to the Executive hereunder while not materially increasing the cost to the Company Group of providing such benefits to the

Executive. Any determinations of the Company pursuant to this Section 10 shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons.

11. NOTICE. All notices, requests, consents and other communications required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing (including electronic transmission) and shall be (as elected by the person giving such notice) hand delivered by messenger or courier service, electronically transmitted, or mailed (airmail if international) by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid), return receipt requested, addressed to:

If to the Executive:

To the address of the Executive as reflected on the books and records of the Company

If to the Company:

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION 8051 Congress Avenue Boca Raton, Florida 33487-1307 Attn: President

With a copy to:

Chadbourne & Parke LLP 1301 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10019 Attn: Marjorie M. Glover

or to such other address as any party may designate by notice complying with the provisions of this Section 11. Each such notice shall be deemed delivered (a) on the date delivered if by personal delivery; (b) on the date of transmission with confirmed answer back if by electronic transmission; and (c) on the date upon which the return receipt is signed or delivery is refused or the notice is designated by the postal authorities as not deliverable, as the case may be, if mailed.

- **12.** ASSIGNMENTS. No party shall assign his or its rights and/or obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of each other party to this Agreement. The Company will require a successor to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company to assume expressly and to agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform this Agreement if no such succession had taken place.
- **13.** COUNTERPARTS. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Confirmation of execution by electronic transmission of a facsimile signature page shall be binding upon any party so confirming.
- **14.** ARBITRATION. Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this contract shall be determined by arbitration in accordance with the then-existing Commercial Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The place of arbitration shall be Palm Beach

County, Florida. There shall be one arbitrator, to be selected jointly by the Company and the Executive; *provided*, *however*, if the Company and the Executive cannot agree, the arbitrator shall be appointed by the American Arbitration Association. The Company shall initially pay the fees of the arbitrator, provided that the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees, sales and use taxes, costs (including the arbitrator's fees) and all expenses even if not taxable as court costs, incurred in the arbitration proceeding or any legal proceeding to enforce any award granted thereunder, in addition to any other relief to which such party or parties may be entitled. The parties hereby agree to waive their right to have any dispute between them resolved in a court of law by a judge or jury; *provided*, *however*, that this Section 14 will not prevent the Company Group from seeking equitable or injunctive relief (or any other provisional remedy) from any court having jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter hereof relating to a breach or violation or threatened breach or violation of the Executive's obligations under Section 9 hereof; *provided further* that this Section 14 will not prevent either party from enforcing any arbitration award granted hereunder in any court having jurisdiction over the parties.

- **15.** PAYMENT OF AMOUNTS AND BENEFITS. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, payment of any amount or benefits under this Agreement may be paid, distributed or otherwise provided to the Executive by a member of the Company Group.
- 16. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this Agreement or any other agreement entered into pursuant hereto is contrary to, prohibited by or deemed invalid under applicable law or regulation, such provision shall be inapplicable and deemed omitted to the extent so contrary, prohibited or invalid, but the remainder hereof shall not be invalidated thereby and shall be given full force and effect so far as possible. If any provision of this Agreement may be construed in two or more ways, one of which would render the provision invalid or otherwise voidable or unenforceable and another of which would render the provision valid and enforceable, such provision shall have the meaning which renders it valid and enforceable.
- 17. ENTIRE AGREEMENT. This Agreement represents the entire understanding and agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all other negotiations, understandings and representations (if any) made by and between such parties, including the Current Agreement, except for the Company's Executive Compensation Recoupment Policy and any and all Acknowledgements and Agreements to such policy executed by the Executive; *provided further*, *however*, that nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to modify any existing equity award granted to the Executive by the Company prior to the Effective Date.
- **18.** GOVERNING LAW. This Agreement and all transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Florida applicable to contracts executed and performed entirely in such state.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement as of the date and year first above written.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Stoops

Jeffrey A. Stoops

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/Kurt L. Bagwell

Kurt L. Bagwell

AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this " <u>Agreement</u>"), between SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION, a Florida corporation (the " <u>Company</u>"), and THOMAS P. HUNT (the " <u>Executive</u>"), is made and entered into as of December 7, 2015 (the " <u>Effective Date</u>").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company Group") engage in the business of developing, leasing and maintaining wireless telecommunications tower sites and other related businesses;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive have previously entere d into an Employment Agreement, amended and restated effective as of July 30, 2012, and expiring by its terms on December 31, 2015 (the "Current Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Current Agreement will expire by its terms on December 31, 2015 without any obligation of either party thereto to renew or extend such Agreement and without any obligation of the Company Group to pay severance or other amounts in connection with such expiration; and

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive intend to provide for the continued employment of the Executive by the Company Group as of the Effective Date on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed by and between the parties as follows:

- **1.** EMPLOYMENT. The Company hereby agrees to employ the Executive and the Executive hereby agrees to be employed by the Company on the terms and conditions set forth herein.
- **2.** TERM. The term (the "Term") of employment of the Executive by the Company shall commence as of the Effective Date and, subject to Section 7(a), shall end December 31, 2018 (the "End Date"), unless sooner terminated as hereinafter provided. If the Executive continues in the employment of the Company Group following the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company Group shall be at will, unless and until the parties negotiate and sign a new employment agreement regarding such future employment. Neither party shall be under any obligation or duty to sign or negotiate any such new employment agreement.

3. POSITION AND DUTIES.

(a) The Executive shall serve as the Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Chief Administrative Officer of the Company. The Executive shall generally perform the duties of a Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Chief Administrative Officer for the Company and shall have such specific responsibilities, duties and authorities as shall from time

to time be assigned by the President, Chief Executive Officer, or Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board").

- (b) The Executive shall also serve, for no additional consideration, in such other positions in the Company Group as determined from time to time by the Board and shall have such specific responsibilities, duties and authorities with respect to such positions as shall from time to time be assigned by the President, Chief Executive Officer, or the Board.
- (c) The Executive shall devote all his working time and efforts to the business and affairs of the Company Group.

4. COMPENSATION AND RELATED MATTERS.

- (a) *Salary*. During the Term, the Executive shall be paid an annual salary at the rate in effect immediately prior to the Effective Date, which amount may be increased but not decreased by the Board (the "Base Salary"). The Company shall pay the Executive the Base Salary in accordance with its regular payroll practices as in effect from time to time. Compensation of the Executive by payments of Base Salary shall not be deemed exclusive and shall not prevent the Executive from participating in any other compensation or benefit plan of the Company Group, subject to the eligibility requirements and other terms of such plan.
- (b) Annual Bonus. In addition to the Base Salary, the Executive shall be eligible to earn for each calendar year ending during the Term an annual incentive bonus (the "Bonus") based on the achievement of one or more performance goals, targets, measurements and other factors (collectively, the "Performance Goals") established for such year by the Compensation Committee of the Board (the "Committee"). The Executive's target annual bonus (the "Target Bonus") and the applicable Performance Goals will be established by the Committee within 90 days of the first day of the year to which such Bonus relates; provided, however, that the minimum Target Bonus for each full year of service shall be 100% of the annual rate of Base Salary in effect at the start of such year (the "Minimum Target Bonus"). Payment of the Executive's Bonus for any year will be based upon the achievement of the Performance Goals established by the Committee for that year (including, without limitation, the exercise of the Committee's negative discretion in accordance with its past practices with respect to the Performance Goals and related payment schedule established by the Committee for such Performance Goals). The actual bonus paid may be higher or lower than the Target Bonus for over- or under-achievement of the Performance Goals (including, without limitation, as a result of the exercise by the Committee of negative discretion in accordance with its past practices with respect to the Performance Goals and related payment schedule established by the Committee for such Performance Goals), as determined by the Committee. Subject to Section 6 hereof, a Bonus, if any, shall be payable in accordance with the Company's customary bonus payment practices, but in no event later than March 15th of the succeeding calendar year.
- (c) *Expenses*. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to receive payment or reimbursement for all reasonable expenses incurred by the Executive in performing services hereunder, including all expenses of travel and living expenses while away from home on business or at the request of and in the service of the Company Group, cell phone expenses and dues and seminar fees; *provided* that such expenses are incurred and accounted for in

accordance with the policies and procedures then established by the Company Group from time to time; *provided further* that r eimbursement shall be made as soon as practicable after a request for reimbursement is received by the Company Group in accordance with the Company Group's customary expense reimbursement practices, but in no event later than the last day of the calendar year next following the calendar year in which the expense is incurred.

- (d) *Other Benefits* . The Executive shall be entitled to participate in or receive benefits under any employee benefit plan or arrangement made available by the Company Group in the future to its executives and key management employees, subject to and on a basis consistent with the terms, conditions and overall administration of such plans and arrangements, which benefits shall include disability insurance for as long as the Company Group generally provides disability insurance to its officers. Any payments, bonuses or benefits payable to the Executive hereunder in respect of any calendar year during which the Executive is employed by the Company for less than the entire such year shall, unless otherwise provided in the applicable plan or arrangement, be prorated in accordance with the number of days in such calendar year during which the Executive is so employed.
- (e) *Group or Family Medical Coverage*. During the Term, the Company shall provide group or family medical insurance coverage to the Executive and his dependents under a plan for employees of the Company Group, and such plan shall include reasonable coverage for medical, hospital, surgical and major medical expenses and shall be subject to such deductibles as applicable to other Company Group employees.
- **5.** WITHHOLDING. Both the Executive and the Company agree that all amounts paid pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to all applicable federal, state, local and foreign withholding requirements.
- **6.** TERMINATION. Subject to the provisions set forth in this Section 6, the Company shall have the right to terminate the Executive's employment hereunder, and the Executive shall have the right to resign his employment with the Company, at any time for any reason or for no stated reason. For purposes of this Agreement, the terms "terminate," "terminated," "termination" and "resignation" mean a termination of the Executive's employment that constitutes a Separation from Service (as defined in Section 6(e)(v) hereof).
- (a) *General*. Upon a termination of the Executive's employment for any reason, he shall be entitled to receive the following amounts (collectively, the "Termination Amount") on the next regularly scheduled payroll date after the date of the Executive's termination of employment: (i) any accrued and unpaid Base Salary for services performed up to and including the date of his termination or resignation, as applicable, (ii) a cash payment (calculated on the basis of his Base Salary then in effect) for all unused vacation days that the Executive may have accrued as of his date of termination (subject to the terms of the Company's then applicable vacation policies), and (iii) any unpaid reimbursement for business expenses the Executive is entitled to receive under Section 4(c) hereof.

(b) Termination for Cause; Resignation Without Good Reason.

- (i) If, prior to the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated by the Company for Cause (as defined below) or if the Executive resigns without Good Reason (as defined below), he shall be entitled to receive the Termination Amount. Except to the extent required by the terms of any applicable compensation or benefit plan or program or otherwise required by applicable law, the Executive shall have no right under this Agreement or otherwise to receive any other compensation or to participate in any other plan, program or arrangement after such termination or resignation of employment with respect to the year of such termination or resignation and later years.
 - (ii) "Cause" means the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - (1) the Executive's willful, material violation of any law or regulation applicable to the business of the Company Group;
 - (2) the Executive's conviction of, or plea of guilty or "no contest" to, a felony;
 - (3) any willful perpetration by the Executive of an act involving moral turpitude or common law fraud, whether or not related to his activities on behalf of the Company Group;
 - (4) any act of gross negligence by the Executive in the performance of his duties as an employee of the Company;
 - (5) any material violation by the Executive of the Company's Code of Ethics, as in effect from time to time;
 - (6) the willful and continued failure or refusal of the Executive to satisfactorily perform the duties reasonably required of him as an employee of the Company Group;
 - (7) the indictment for any crime, whether a felony or misdemeanor, involving the purchase or sale of any security, mail or wire fraud, theft, embezzlement, moral turpitude, or Company Group property where such indictment has a material adverse impact on the Executive's ability to perform his duties under this Agreement;
 - (8) any willful misconduct by the Executive that is materially injurious to the financial condition, business, or reputation of, or is otherwise materially injurious to, any member of the Company Group; or
 - (9) any breach by the Executive of Section 9(a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Agreement.

(iii) Termination of the Executive's employment for Cause shall be communicated by delivery to the Executive of a written notice from the Board stating that the Executive will be terminated for Cause, specifying the particulars thereof and the effective date of such termination; *provided*, *however*, that upon receipt of such notice, the Executive shall have (1) an opportunity to cure the matter constituting Cause within 30 days following the Executive's receipt of such notice (provided that the event constituting Cause is then susceptible to cure) and (2) an opportunity, together with his counsel, to be heard by the Board. The date of the Executive's termination for Cause shall be the date of termination specified by the resolution of the Board; *provided*, *however*, that such termination shall not become effective until no earlier than the date of the meeting of the Board described in clause (2) of the preceding sentence. The date of a resignation by the Executive shall be the date specified in a written notice of resignation to the Company. The Executive shall provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of resignation without Good Reason; *provided*, *however*, that the Company, in its sole discretion, may waive the notice requirement in whole or in part.

(c) Termination Without Cause; Resignation for Good Reason.

- (i) If, prior to the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated by the Company without Cause or if the Executive resigns from his employment hereunder for Good Reason, then, in addition to the Termination Amount, the Executive shall be entitled to receive:
 - (1) an amount equal to the sum of the following amounts (collectively, the " <u>Severance Amount</u>"):
 - (A) an amount equal to the *pro rata* portion of the Bonus for the year in which the termination or resignation occurs, calculated by multiplying (x) the Minimum Target Bonus for the year of termination by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Executive was employed during the year of such termination or resignation and the denominator of which is 365; plus
 - (B) an amount equal to the Applicable Multiple (as defined below) multiplied by the sum of: (i) the Base Salary in effect for the year of termination or resignation and (ii) the Minimum Target Bonus; and
 - (2) continuation of applicable medical, dental and life insurance benefits (based on the coverage in effect for the Executive and his dependents at the time of such termination or resignation, but excluding any supplemental medical expense reimbursement insurance provided by the Company Group), from the date of termination or resignation until the earlier to occur of (A) the Applicable Multiple of years from the date of termination or (B) the date the Executive becomes eligible for comparable benefits provided by a third party (in either case, the "Continuation Period"); **provided**, **however**, that the continuation of such benefits shall be subject to the respective terms of the applicable plan, as

in effect from time to time, and the timely payment by the Executive of his applicable share of the applicable premiums in effect from time to time during the Continuation Period. To the extent that reimbursable medical and dental care expenses constitute deferred compensation for purposes of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the Company shall reimburse the medical and dental care expenses as soon as practicable consistent with the Company's practice, but in no event later than the last day of the calendar year next following the calendar year in which such expenses are incurred .

For purposes of this Section 6(c), "Applicable Multiple" means (i) one, in the event termination or resignation occurs prior to a Change in Control of the Company (as defined in Section 7(b)); and (ii) two, in the event termination or resignation occurs on or after a Change in Control of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if within six months prior to the date on which a Change in Control occurs, the Executive's employment with the Company Group is terminated by the Company without Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason, and it is reasonably demonstrated that such termination of employment or Good Reason event was in contemplation of the Change in Control, then the Applicable Multiple shall be two, but the Severance Amount payable as a result of such revised calculation shall be reduced by any Severance Amount previously paid to the Executive under this Section 6(c) by the Company Group as a result of such termination or resignation of employment.

- (ii) Subject to the compliance rules set forth in Section 6(e), the Severance Amount shall be paid in a lump sum on the first business day of the third calendar month following the calendar month in which termination by the Company without Cause or resignation by the Executive for Good Reason is effective (or, in the event of the Executive's death after the date of the Executive's termination or resignation but prior to the date of payment, to the Executive's estate or beneficiary, as applicable, together with interest, within 30 days following the date of the Executive's death).
- (iii) The payment of the Severance Amount and the continuation of benefits, pursuant to this Section 6(c), shall be contingent upon the Executive executing a full release and waiver of claims against the Company Group (which release and waiver of claims, once executed and irrevocable, shall not apply to the Company's obligation to pay the Severance Amount and continue benefits hereunder), in a form approved by the Board, that becomes irrevocable not later than the last day of the second calendar month following the calendar month in which the Executive's termination or resignation becomes effective in accordance with this Section 6(c). If the Executive fails to execute a full release and waiver of claims against the Company Group that becomes irrevocable on or before the last day of the second calendar month following the calendar month in which the Executive's termination or resignation becomes effective, the Company Group's obligations under this Section 6(c) shall terminate and the Executive shall not be entitled to further payment of the Severance Amount or the continuation of benefits.

- (iv) "Good Reason" means the occurrence of any of the following events:
- (1) the Executive's position, title, duties, and reporting responsibilities with the Company in effect on the Effective Date become less favorable in any material respect; *provided*, *however*, Good Reason shall not be deemed to occur under this clause (1) if the following three conditions are satisfied: (A) the diminution in the Executive's position, duties or reporting responsibilities is solely and directly a result of the Company no longer being a publicly-traded company; (B) the event resulting in the Company no longer being a publicly-traded entity is a leveraged buyout, acquisition by a private equity fund and/or other similar "going private" transaction and is <u>not</u> as a result of the acquisition of the Company or the business of the Company Group by another operating company or parent or subsidiary thereof; and (C) the Executive continues to hold the same position and title with the Company and no other act or omission has then occurred that would constitute an event of Good Reason under this definition:
- (2) (A) a reduction in, or a change in the form of, either the Base Salary or Minimum Target Bonus or (B) a reduction in the aggregate amount of the material benefits provided to the Executive, as of the Effective Date, other than an across-the-board reduction applicable to all senior executive officers of the Company Group; or
- (3) the relocation, without the Executive's consent, of the Executive's principal place of business to a location that is more than 60 miles from the Executive's primary business location on the Effective Date or, if applicable, from a subsequent primary business location agreed to by the Executive.
- (v) In order to constitute Good Reason, (1) the Executive must provide written notification of his intention to resign within 30 days after the Executive knows or has reason to know of the occurrence of any such event, (2) such event or condition is not corrected, in all material respects, by the Company Group within 20 days of its receipt of such notice, and (3) the Executive resigns his employment with the Company Group not more than 30 days following the expiration of the 20-day period described in the foregoing clause (2).
- (vi) Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this Section 6(c), it shall not be an event of Good Reason under this Agreement for the Company Group (1) to adopt (or subsequently amend) one or more claw-back, mandatory deferral or other risk management policies related to the Company Group's incentive compensation plans or arrangements, including without limitation the Company's Executive Compensation Recoupment Policy or (2) to adopt (or subsequently amend) stock ownership guidelines related to the Company's common stock or (3) to subject the compensation payable to the Executive under this Agreement to these policies or guidelines; *provided* that, except as otherwise required by law, such policies are generally applicable to the Company Group's executive officers.

(vii) The date of termination of employment without Cause shall be the date specified in a written notice of termination to the Executive. The date of resignation for Good Reason shall be the date specified in a written notice of resignation from the Executive to the Company; provided, however, that no such written notice shall be effective unless the cure period specified in Section 6(c)(v) above has expired without the Company Group having corrected the event or events subject to cure.

(d) Disability; Death.

- (i) If, as a result of the Executive's incapacity due to physical or mental illness (such incapacity being determined by the Board in its reasonable discretion), the Executive shall have been absent from his full-time duties as described hereunder for the entire period of six consecutive months ("<u>Disability</u>"), the Executive's employment shall terminate at the end of the six-month period.
- (ii) Upon a termination pursuant to this Section 6(d) as a result of Disability or as a result of the Executive's death, the Executive (or his estate or beneficiary, as applicable) shall be entitled to receive:

(1) the Termination Amount, and

- (2) an amount equal to the *pro rata* portion of the Bonus for the year in which the termination occurs, calculated by multiplying (x) the Minimum Target Bonus for the year of termination by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Executive was employed during the year of termination and the denominator of which is 365.
- (iii) If the Executive's employment is terminated pursuant to this Section 6(d) as a result of his Disability, then subject to Section 6(e), the *pro rata* Bonus shall be paid in a lump sum on the first business day of the third calendar month following the calendar month in which termination pursuant to this Section 6(d) is effective.
- (iv) If the Executive's employment is terminated as of result of his death, the *pro rata* Bonus shall be paid within 30 days after the date of the Executive's death.
- (v) Except to the extent required by the terms of any applicable compensation or benefit plan or program or otherwise required by applicable law, the Executive shall have no right under this Agreement or otherwise to receive any other compensation or to participate in any other plan, program or arrangement after such termination.

(e) Section 409A Compliance.

(i) If, at the time of the Executive's termination or resignation with the Company, the Executive is a Specified Employee (as defined below), then the Severance Amount, the *pro rata* Bonus contemplated by Section 6(d) and any other amounts payable under this Agreement that the Company determines constitutes deferred compensation within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and which

are subject to the six-month delay required by Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-1(c)(3)(v), shall be delayed and not paid to the Executive until the first business day following the six-month anniversary of the Executive's date of termination or resignation (the "Short-Term Deferral Date"), at which time such delayed amounts will be paid to the Executive in a cash lump sum (the "Catch-Up Amount").

- (ii) If payment of an amount is delayed as a result of this Section 6(e), such amount shall be increased with interest from the date on which such amount would otherwise have been paid to the Executive but for this Section 6(e) to the day prior to the date the Catch-Up Amount is paid. The rate of interest shall be the applicable short-term federal rate applicable under Section 7872(f)(2)(A) of the Code for the month in which the date of the Executive's termination or resignation occurs. Such interest shall be paid at the same time that the Catch-Up Amount is paid.
- (iii) If the Executive dies on or after the date of the Executive's termination or resignation and prior to the Short-Term Deferral Date, any amount delayed pursuant to this Section 6(e) shall be paid to the Executive's estate or beneficiary, as applicable, together with interest, within 30 days following the date of the Executive's death.
- (iv) "Specified Employee" has the meaning set forth in Section 409A(a)(2)(B) (i) of the Code. The determination of whether the Executive constitutes a Specified Employee on the date of his termination or resignation shall be made in accordance with the Company's established methodology for determining Specified Employees.
- (v) "Separation from Service" means a "separation from service" from the Company within the meaning of the default rules under the final regulations issued pursuant to Section 409A of the Code.
- (vi) The provisions of this Section 6(e) shall apply notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement related to the timing of payments following the Executive's termination or resignation. For purposes of applying the provisions of Section 409A of the Code to this Agreement, each separately identifiable amount to which the Executive is entitled under this Agreement shall be treated as a separate payment.

7. CHANGE IN CONTROL.

- (a) If a Change in Control of the Company (as defined below) shall become effective during the Term, the Term shall automatically be deemed to end on the later of (i) the End Date (as defined in Section 2) or (ii) the second anniversary of the effective date of such Change in Control.
 - (b) A "Change in Control" shall be deemed to have occurred when:
 - (i) any person is or becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company

representing 35% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's thenoutstanding securities; or

- (ii) during any 24-month period, individuals who, as of the beginning of such period, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Directors") cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the Board; *provided* that any new director subsequent to the beginning of such period (other than a director whose initial assumption of office is in connection with an actual or threatened election contest, including, but not limited to, a consent solicitation, relating to the election of directors of the Company) whose appointment or election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company's shareholders was approved or recommended by a vote of at least a majority of the Incumbent Directors shall be an Incumbent Director; or
- (iii) there is consummated a merger or consolidation of the Company, other than (A) a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such merger or consolidation continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity or any parent thereof), in combination with the ownership of any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any subsidiary, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the securities of the Company or such surviving entity or any parent thereof outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation, or (B) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or similar transaction) in which no person is or becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the securities beneficially owned by such person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its affiliates other than in connection with the securities acquired directly from the Company or its affiliates other than in connection with the acquisition by the Company or its affiliates of a business) representing 50% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities: or
- (iv) the shareholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company or there is consummated an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, other than a sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to an entity, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of which are owned by shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of the Company immediately prior to such sale.

8. SECTION 4999 EXCISE TAX LIMITATION.

(a) In the event that it shall be determined that (X) any amount or benefit paid, distributed or otherwise provided to the Executive by the Company Group, whether pursuant to this Agreement or otherwise (collectively, the "Covered Payments"), would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code (the "Excise Tax"), and (Y) the reduction of the amounts payable to the Executive under this Agreement or with respect to stock options and equity awards to the maximum amount that could be paid to the Executive without

giving rise to the Excise Tax (the "Safe Harbor Cap") would provide the Executive with a greater after-tax amount than if such amounts were not reduced, then, subject to the further limitations set forth herein, the Covered Payments shall be reduced (but not below zero) to the Safe Harbor Cap. The reductions, if applicable, shall be made to the extent necessary in the following order: (i) the acceleration of vesting of stock options and other equity awards with an exercise price that exceeds the then fair market value of the stock subject to the award; (ii) the payments under Section 6(c)(i)(1)(A) hereof; (iii) the payments under Section 6(c)(i)(2) hereof; and (v) the acceleration of vesting of all other stock options and equity awards. For purposes of reducing the Covered Payments to the Safe Harbor Cap, only amounts payable under this Agreement and with respect to stock options and equity awards (and no other Covered Payments) shall be reduced. If the reduction would not result in a greater after-tax result to the Executive, no amounts payable under this Agreement or with respect to stock options and equity awards shall be reduced pursuant to this provision.

- (b) A nationally recognized firm of independent accountants, selected by the Company after consultation with the Executive, shall perform the foregoing calculations. The Company shall bear all expenses with respect to the determinations by such accounting firm required to be made hereunder. Such accounting firm shall apply the provisions of this Section 8 in a reasonable manner and in good faith in accordance with then prevailing practices in the interpretation and application of Section 4999 of the Code. For purposes of applying the provisions of this Section 8, the Company shall be entitled to rely on the written advice of legal counsel or such accounting firm as to whether one or more Covered Payments constitute "parachute payments" under Section 4999 of the Code.
- (c) The accounting firm engaged to make the determinations hereunder shall provide its calculations, together with detailed supporting documentation, to the Company and the Executive within 30 calendar days after the date that such accounting firm has been engaged to make such determinations or such other time as requested by the Company or the Executive. If payments are reduced to the Safe Harbor Cap or the accounting firm determines that no Excise Tax is payable by the Executive without a reduction in Covered Payments, it shall furnish the Company and the Executive with an opinion to such effect, that the Executive is not required to report any Excise Tax on the Executive's federal income tax return, and that the failure to report the Excise Tax, if any, on the Executive's applicable federal income tax return will not result in the imposition of a negligence or similar penalty. Any good faith determinations of the accounting firm made hereunder shall be final, binding, and conclusive upon the Company and the Executive.

9. PROTECTION OF THE COMPANY GROUP'S INTERESTS.

(a) *No Competing Employment* . For so long as the Executive is employed by the Company, and (i) during a period of two years after his employment with the Company has been terminated by reason of termination without Cause or resignation for Good Reason in which the Applicable Multiple is two, or (ii) during a period of one year after his employment with the Company Group has been terminated in all other circumstances (such period of employment and applicable postemployment period hereinafter referred to as the "Restricted Period"), the Executive shall not, without the prior written consent of the Board, directly or indirectly, own an interest in, manage, operate, join, control, lend money or render financial or

other assistance to or participate in or be connected with, as an officer, employee, partner, stockholder, consultant or otherwise, any individual, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization or entity that competes with the business of the Company Group by providing any goods or services provided or under development by the Company Group at the effective date of the Executive's termination of employment (the "Business"); provided, however, that this Section 9(a) shall not proscribe the Executive's ownership, either directly or indirectly, of less than one percent of any class of securities which are regularly traded on a national securities exchange or interdealer quotation system.

- (b) *No Interference*. During the Restricted Period, the Executive shall not, directly or indirectly, whether for his own account or for the account of any other individual, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization (other than the Company Group), (i) solicit, or endeavor to entice away from the Company Group, or otherwise interfere with the relationship of the Company Group with, any person or entity who is, or was within the then most recent 12 month period, (A) employed by, or otherwise engaged to perform services for, the Company Group, or (B) a customer or client of the Company Group, (ii) assist or encourage any other person in carrying out, directly or indirectly, any activity that would be prohibited by the provisions of this Section 9(b) if such activity were carried out by the Executive, and, in particular, the Executive agrees that he will not, directly or indirectly, induce any employee of the Company Group to carry out any such activity, or (iii) otherwise interfere with the business of the Company Group.
- (c) *Non-Disparagement*. For so long as the Executive is employed by the Company Group, and at all times thereafter, the Executive shall not intentionally make any public statement, or publicly release any information, that disparages or defames the Company Group, or any of its officers and directors, and shall not intentionally cause or encourage any other person to make any such statement or publicly release any such information.
- (d) *Confidentiality*. The Executive understands and acknowledges that, in the course of his employment, he has had and will continue to have access to and will learn confidential information regarding the Company Group that concerns the technological innovations, operations and methodologies of the Company Group, including, without limitation, business plans, financial information, protocols, proposals, manuals, procedures and guidelines, computer source codes, programs, software, know-how and specifications, inventions, copyrights, trade secrets, market information, Developments (as hereinafter defined), data and customer information (collectively, " <u>Proprietary Information</u>"). The Executive recognizes that the use or disclosure of Proprietary Information could cause the Company Group substantial loss and damages, which could not be readily calculated, and for which no remedy at law would be adequate. Accordingly, the Executive agrees that for so long as he is employed by the Company Group, and at all times thereafter, he shall keep confidential and shall not, directly or indirectly, disclose any such Proprietary Information to any third party, except as required to fulfill his duties in connection with his positions within the Company Group, and shall not misuse, misappropriate or exploit such Proprietary Information in any way. The restrictions contained herein shall not apply to any information that the Executive can demonstrate (i) was already available to the public at the time of disclosure, or subsequently became available to the public, otherwise than by breach of this Agreement or (ii) was the subject of a court order to disclose.

- "<u>Developments</u>" shall mean all data, discoveries, findings, reports, designs, inventions, improvements, methods, practices, techniques, developments, programs, concepts and ideas, whether or not patentable, and works of authorship relating to the present or planned activities, or the products and services of the Company Group.
- (e) *Exclusive Property*. The Executive confirms that all Proprietary Information is and shall remain the exclusive property of the Company Group. All business records, papers and documents kept or made by him relating to the business of the Company Group shall be and remain the property of the Company. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company or upon the request of the Company at any time, he shall promptly deliver to the Company Group, and shall not, without the consent of the Company, retain copies of any written materials not previously made available to the public, or records and documents made by the Executive or coming into his possession concerning the business or affairs of the Company Group; *provided*, *however*, that subsequent to any such termination, the Company shall provide the Executive with copies (the cost of which shall be borne by the Executive) of any documents that are requested by the Executive and that he has determined in good faith are (i) required to establish a defense to a claim that the Executive has not complied with his duties hereunder or (ii) necessary to the Executive in order to comply with applicable law.
- (f) Assignment of Developments. During the Executive's employment, all Developments that are at any time made, reduced to practice, conceived or suggested by him, whether acting alone or in conjunction with others, shall be the sole and absolute property of the Company Group, free of any reserved or other rights of any kind on his part, and the Executive hereby irrevocably assigns, conveys and transfers any and all right, title and interest that he may have in such Developments to the Company Group. If such Developments were made, reduced to practice, conceived or suggested by the Executive during or as a result of his employment relationship with the Company, the Executive shall promptly make full disclosure of any such Developments to the Company and, at the Company Group's cost and expense, do all acts and things (including, among others, the execution and delivery under oath of patent and copyright applications and instruments of assignment) deemed by the Company to be necessary or desirable at any time in order to effect the full assignment to the Company Group of his right, title and interest, if any, to such Developments. The Executive acknowledges and agrees that any invention, concept, design or discovery that concretely relates to or is associated with the Executive's work for the Company Group that is described in a patent application or is disclosed to a third party, directly or indirectly, by the Executive during the Restricted Period shall be the property of and owned by the Company Group, and such disclosure by patent application (except by way of a patent application filed by any member of the Company Group) or otherwise shall constitute a breach of this Section 9.
- (g) *Injunctive Relief*. Without intending to limit the remedies available to the Company Group, the Executive acknowledges that a breach of any of the covenants contained in this Section 9 may result in material irreparable injury to the Company Group or any of its members for which there is no adequate remedy at law, that it will not be possible to measure damages for such injuries precisely and that, in the event of such a breach or threat thereof, the Company shall be entitled to obtain a temporary restraining order and/or a preliminary or permanent injunction restraining the Executive from engaging in activities prohibited by this

Section 9 or such other relief as may be required to specifically enforce any of the covenants in this Section 9, without the Company being required to show any actual damage or to post an injunction bond.

- (h) *Enforceability*. Should any of the time periods or the geographic area set forth in this Section 9 be held to be unreasonable by any court of competent subject matter jurisdiction, the parties hereto agree to petition such court to reduce the time period or geographic area to the maximum time period or geographic area, as applicable, permitted by governing law.
- (i) *Periods Following the Term*. Subject to the provisions of Sections 9(a) and (b), the provisions of this Section 9 shall continue in effect in accordance with the provisions hereof following the expiration of the Term, including, without limitation, during any period that the Executive remains an employee-at-will of the Company.
- (i) **Reciprocity of Obligations**. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event the Company is obligated to pay the Severance Amount under Section 6(c) of this Agreement, the Executive's obligations under Section 9(a) of this Agreement shall be conditioned upon payment of the Severance Amount in the manner contemplated by Section 6(c); provided, however, that, without limiting any other remedies available to the Company, in the event of the Executive's breach of Section 9(a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Agreement, the Company shall cease to have any obligation as of the date of such breach to make any payments under Section 6(c) of this Agreement; provided further, that the Executive's obligations under Section 9(a) shall apply if the Company does not pay the Severance Amount to the Executive as a result of the failure of the Executive to deliver the release contemplated by Section 6(c)(iii) or the failure of such release to become effective in accordance with its terms as a result of the Executive having exercised any right of rescission or revocation applicable to such release. The party alleging a breach described in this Section 9(j) shall provide prompt written notice of such breach to the other party hereto, and the party receiving such notice shall have 10 days from the date of delivery of such notice (as determined in accordance with Section 11 hereof) to cure such breach to the reasonable satisfaction of the party delivering such notice. The party delivering the notice shall not be released of its obligations hereunder unless the 10-day cure period shall have expired without the alleged breach having been cured in the manner described in the previous sentence.
- 10. AMENDMENTS. The provisions of this Agreement may not be amended, supplemented, waived or changed orally, but only by a writing signed by the party as to whom enforcement of any such amendment, supplement, waiver or modification is sought and making specific reference to this Agreement. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Company may, without the Executive's consent, amend any provision of this Agreement to the extent it deems such action necessary or advisable to avoid the imposition on any person of additional taxes, penalties or interest under Section 409A of the Code, and any such amendment shall not be a basis for a resignation by the Executive for Good Reason; *provided*, *however*, that any such amendment or modification shall, to the maximum extent the Company, reasonably and in good faith determines to be possible, retain the economic and tax benefits to the Executive hereunder while not materially increasing the cost to the Company Group of providing such benefits to the

Executive. Any determinations of the Company pursuant to this Section 10 shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons.

11. NOTICE. All notices, requests, consents and other communications required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing (including electronic transmission) and shall be (as elected by the person giving such notice) hand delivered by messenger or courier service, electronically transmitted, or mailed (airmail if international) by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid), return receipt requested, addressed to:

If to the Executive:

To the address of the Executive as reflected on the books and records of the Company

If to the Company:

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION 8051 Congress Avenue Boca Raton, Florida 33487-1307

Attn: President

With a copy to:

Chadbourne & Parke LLP 1301 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10019 Attn: Marjorie M. Glover

or to such other address as any party may designate by notice complying with the provisions of this Section 11. Each such notice shall be deemed delivered (a) on the date delivered if by personal delivery; (b) on the date of transmission with confirmed answer back if by electronic transmission; and (c) on the date upon which the return receipt is signed or delivery is refused or the notice is designated by the postal authorities as not deliverable, as the case may be, if mailed.

- **12.** ASSIGNMENTS. No party shall assign his or its rights and/or obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of each other party to this Agreement. The Company will require a successor to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company to assume expressly and to agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform this Agreement if no such succession had taken place.
- **13.** COUNTERPARTS. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Confirmation of execution by electronic transmission of a facsimile signature page shall be binding upon any party so confirming.
- **14.** ARBITRATION. Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this contract shall be determined by arbitration in accordance with the then-existing Commercial

Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The place of arbitration shall be Palm Beach County, Florida. There shall be one arbitrator, to be selected jointly by the Company and the Executive; *provided*, *however*, if the Company and the Executive cannot agree, the arbitrator shall be appointed by the American Arbitration Association. The Company shall initially pay the fees of the arbitrator, provided that the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees, sales and use taxes, costs (including the arbitrator's fees) and all expenses even if not taxable as court costs, incurred in the arbitration proceeding or any legal proceeding to enforce any award granted thereunder, in addition to any other relief to which such party or parties may be entitled. The parties hereby agree to waive their right to have any dispute between them resolved in a court of law by a judge or jury; provided, however, that this Section 14 will not prevent the Company Group from seeking equitable or injunctive relief (or any other provisional remedy) from any court having jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter hereof relating to a breach or violation or threatened breach or violation of the Executive's obligations under Section 9 hereof; *provided further* that this Section 14 will not prevent either party from enforcing any arbitration award granted hereunder in any court having jurisdiction over the parties.

- **15.** PAYMENT OF AMOUNTS AND BENEFITS. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, payment of any amount or benefits under this Agreement may be paid, distributed or otherwise provided to the Executive by a member of the Company Group.
- 16. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this Agreement or any other agreement entered into pursuant hereto is contrary to, prohibited by or deemed invalid under applicable law or regulation, such provision shall be inapplicable and deemed omitted to the extent so contrary, prohibited or invalid, but the remainder hereof shall not be invalidated thereby and shall be given full force and effect so far as possible. If any provision of this Agreement may be construed in two or more ways, one of which would render the provision invalid or otherwise voidable or unenforceable and another of which would render the provision valid and enforceable, such provision shall have the meaning which renders it valid and enforceable.
- 17. ENTIRE AGREEMENT. This Agreement represents the entire understanding and agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all other negotiations, understandings and representations (if any) made by and between such parties, including the Current Agreement, except for the Company's Executive Compensation Recoupment Policy and any and all Acknowledgements and Agreements to such policy executed by the Executive; *provided further*, *however*, that nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to modify any existing equity award granted to the Executive by the Company prior to the Effective Date.
- **18.** GOVERNING LAW. This Agreement and all transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Florida applicable to contracts executed and performed entirely in such state.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement as of the date and year first above written.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Stoops

Jeffrey A. Stoops
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Thomas P. Hunt

Thomas P. Hunt

AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT (this "Agreement"), between SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION, a Florida corporation (the "Company"), and BRENDAN T. CAVANAGH (the "Executive"), is made and entered into as of December 7, 2015 (the "Effective Date").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company Group") engage in the business of developing, leasing and maintaining wireless telecommunications tower sites and other related businesses;

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive have previously entere d into an Employment Agreement, amended and restated effective as of July 30, 2012, and expiring by its terms on December 31, 2015 (the "Current Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Current Agreement will expire by its terms on December 31, 2015 without any obligation of either party thereto to renew or extend such Agreement and without any obligation of the Company Group to pay severance or other amounts in connection with such expiration; and

WHEREAS, the Company and the Executive intend to provide for the continued employment of the Executive by the Company Group as of the Effective Date on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby agreed by and between the parties as follows:

- **1.** EMPLOYMENT. The Company hereby agrees to employ the Executive and the Executive hereby agrees to be employed by the Company on the terms and conditions set forth herein.
- **2.** TERM. The term (the "Term") of employment of the Executive by the Company shall commence as of the Effective Date and, subject to Section 7(a), shall end December 31, 2018 (the "End Date"), unless sooner terminated as hereinafter provided. If the Executive continues in the employment of the Company Group following the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company Group shall be at will, unless and until the parties negotiate and sign a new employment agreement regarding such future employment. Neither party shall be under any obligation or duty to sign or negotiate any such new employment agreement.

3. POSITION AND DUTIES.

(a) The Executive shall serve as the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company. The Executive shall generally perform the duties of a Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer for the Company and shall have such specific

responsibilities, duties and authorities as shall from time to time be assigned by the President, Chief Executive Officer, or Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board").

- (b) The Executive shall also serve, for no additional consideration, in such other positions in the Company Group as determined from time to time by the Board and shall have such specific responsibilities, duties and authorities with respect to such positions as shall from time to time be assigned by the President, Chief Executive Officer, or the Board.
- (c) The Executive shall devote all his working time and efforts to the business and affairs of the Company Group.

4. COMPENSATION AND RELATED MATTERS.

- (a) *Salary*. During the Term, the Executive shall be paid an annual salary at the rate in effect immediately prior to the Effective Date, which amount may be increased but not decreased by the Board (the "Base Salary"). The Company shall pay the Executive the Base Salary in accordance with its regular payroll practices as in effect from time to time. Compensation of the Executive by payments of Base Salary shall not be deemed exclusive and shall not prevent the Executive from participating in any other compensation or benefit plan of the Company Group, subject to the eligibility requirements and other terms of such plan.
- (b) Annual Bonus. In addition to the Base Salary, the Executive shall be eligible to earn for each calendar year ending during the Term an annual incentive bonus (the "Bonus") based on the achievement of one or more performance goals, targets, measurements and other factors (collectively, the "Performance Goals") established for such year by the Compensation Committee of the Board (the "Committee"). The Executive's target annual bonus (the "Target Bonus") and the applicable Performance Goals will be established by the Committee within 90 days of the first day of the year to which such Bonus relates; provided, however, that the minimum Target Bonus for each full year of service shall be 100% of the annual rate of Base Salary in effect at the start of such year (the "Minimum Target Bonus"). Payment of the Executive's Bonus for any year will be based upon the achievement of the Performance Goals established by the Committee for that year (including, without limitation, the exercise of the Committee's negative discretion in accordance with its past practices with respect to the Performance Goals and related payment schedule established by the Committee for such Performance Goals). The actual bonus paid may be higher or lower than the Target Bonus for over- or under-achievement of the Performance Goals (including, without limitation, as a result of the exercise by the Committee of negative discretion in accordance with its past practices with respect to the Performance Goals and related payment schedule established by the Committee for such Performance Goals), as determined by the Committee. Subject to Section 6 hereof, a Bonus, if any, shall be payable in accordance with the Company's customary bonus payment practices, but in no event later than March 15th of the succeeding calendar year.
- (c) *Expenses*. During the Term, the Executive shall be entitled to receive payment or reimbursement for all reasonable expenses incurred by the Executive in performing services hereunder, including all expenses of travel and living expenses while away from home on business or at the request of and in the service of the Company Group, cell phone expenses and dues and seminar fees; *provided* that such expenses are incurred and accounted for in

accordance with the policies and procedures then established by the Company Group from time to time; *provided further* that r eimbursement shall be made as soon as practicable after a request for reimbursement is received by the Company Group in accordance with the Company Group's customary expense reimbursement practices, but in no event later than the last day of the calendar year next following the calendar year in which the expense is incurred.

- (d) *Other Benefits* . The Executive shall be entitled to participate in or receive benefits under any employee benefit plan or arrangement made available by the Company Group in the future to its executives and key management employees, subject to and on a basis consistent with the terms, conditions and overall administration of such plans and arrangements, which benefits shall include disability insurance for as long as the Company Group generally provides disability insurance to its officers. Any payments, bonuses or benefits payable to the Executive hereunder in respect of any calendar year during which the Executive is employed by the Company for less than the entire such year shall, unless otherwise provided in the applicable plan or arrangement, be prorated in accordance with the number of days in such calendar year during which the Executive is so employed.
- (e) *Group or Family Medical Coverage*. During the Term, the Company shall provide group or family medical insurance coverage to the Executive and his dependents under a plan for employees of the Company Group, and such plan shall include reasonable coverage for medical, hospital, surgical and major medical expenses and shall be subject to such deductibles as applicable to other Company Group employees.
- **5.** WITHHOLDING. Both the Executive and the Company agree that all amounts paid pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to all applicable federal, state, local and foreign withholding requirements.
- **6.** TERMINATION. Subject to the provisions set forth in this Section 6, the Company shall have the right to terminate the Executive's employment hereunder, and the Executive shall have the right to resign his employment with the Company, at any time for any reason or for no stated reason. For purposes of this Agreement, the terms "terminate," "terminated," "termination" and "resignation" mean a termination of the Executive's employment that constitutes a Separation from Service (as defined in Section 6(e)(v) hereof).
- (a) *General*. Upon a termination of the Executive's employment for any reason, he shall be entitled to receive the following amounts (collectively, the "Termination Amount") on the next regularly scheduled payroll date after the date of the Executive's termination of employment: (i) any accrued and unpaid Base Salary for services performed up to and including the date of his termination or resignation, as applicable, (ii) a cash payment (calculated on the basis of his Base Salary then in effect) for all unused vacation days that the Executive may have accrued as of his date of termination (subject to the terms of the Company's then applicable vacation policies), and (iii) any unpaid reimbursement for business expenses the Executive is entitled to receive under Section 4(c) hereof.

(b) Termination for Cause; Resignation Without Good Reason.

- (i) If, prior to the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated by the Company for Cause (as defined below) or if the Executive resigns without Good Reason (as defined below), he shall be entitled to receive the Termination Amount. Except to the extent required by the terms of any applicable compensation or benefit plan or program or otherwise required by applicable law, the Executive shall have no right under this Agreement or otherwise to receive any other compensation or to participate in any other plan, program or arrangement after such termination or resignation of employment with respect to the year of such termination or resignation and later years.
 - (ii) "Cause" means the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - (1) the Executive's willful, material violation of any law or regulation applicable to the business of the Company Group;
 - (2) the Executive's conviction of, or plea of guilty or "no contest" to, a felony;
 - (3) any willful perpetration by the Executive of an act involving moral turpitude or common law fraud, whether or not related to his activities on behalf of the Company Group;
 - (4) any act of gross negligence by the Executive in the performance of his duties as an employee of the Company;
 - (5) any material violation by the Executive of the Company's Code of Ethics, as in effect from time to time;
 - (6) the willful and continued failure or refusal of the Executive to satisfactorily perform the duties reasonably required of him as an employee of the Company Group;
 - (7) the indictment for any crime, whether a felony or misdemeanor, involving the purchase or sale of any security, mail or wire fraud, theft, embezzlement, moral turpitude, or Company Group property where such indictment has a material adverse impact on the Executive's ability to perform his duties under this Agreement;
 - (8) any willful misconduct by the Executive that is materially injurious to the financial condition, business, or reputation of, or is otherwise materially injurious to, any member of the Company Group; or
 - (9) any breach by the Executive of Section 9(a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Agreement.

(iii) Termination of the Executive's employment for Cause shall be communicated by delivery to the Executive of a written notice from the Board stating that the Executive will be terminated for Cause, specifying the particulars thereof and the effective date of such termination; *provided*, *however*, that upon receipt of such notice, the Executive shall have (1) an opportunity to cure the matter constituting Cause within 30 days following the Executive's receipt of such notice (provided that the event constituting Cause is then susceptible to cure) and (2) an opportunity, together with his counsel, to be heard by the Board. The date of the Executive's termination for Cause shall be the date of termination specified by the resolution of the Board; *provided*, *however*, that such termination shall not become effective until no earlier than the date of the meeting of the Board described in clause (2) of the preceding sentence. The date of a resignation by the Executive shall be the date specified in a written notice of resignation to the Company. The Executive shall provide at least 30 days' advance written notice of resignation without Good Reason; *provided*, *however*, that the Company, in its sole discretion, may waive the notice requirement in whole or in part.

(c) Termination Without Cause; Resignation for Good Reason.

- (i) If, prior to the expiration of the Term, the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated by the Company without Cause or if the Executive resigns from his employment hereunder for Good Reason, then, in addition to the Termination Amount, the Executive shall be entitled to receive:
 - (1) an amount equal to the sum of the following amounts (collectively, the " <u>Severance Amount</u>"):
 - (A) an amount equal to the *pro rata* portion of the Bonus for the year in which the termination or resignation occurs, calculated by multiplying (x) the Minimum Target Bonus for the year of termination by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Executive was employed during the year of such termination or resignation and the denominator of which is 365; plus
 - (B) an amount equal to the Applicable Multiple (as defined below) multiplied by the sum of: (i) the Base Salary in effect for the year of termination or resignation and (ii) the Minimum Target Bonus; and
 - (2) continuation of applicable medical, dental and life insurance benefits (based on the coverage in effect for the Executive and his dependents at the time of such termination or resignation, but excluding any supplemental medical expense reimbursement insurance provided by the Company Group), from the date of termination or resignation until the earlier to occur of (A) the Applicable Multiple of years from the date of termination or (B) the date the Executive becomes eligible for comparable benefits provided by a third party (in either case, the "Continuation Period"); **provided**, **however**, that the continuation of such benefits shall be subject to the respective terms of the applicable plan, as

in effect from time to time, and the timely payment by the Executive of his applicable share of the applicable premiums in effect from time to time during the Continuation Period. To the extent that reimbursable medical and dental care expenses constitute deferred compensation for purposes of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the Company shall reimburse the medical and dental care expenses as soon as practicable consistent with the Company's practice, but in no event later than the last day of the calendar year next following the calendar year in which such expenses are incurred .

For purposes of this Section 6(c), "Applicable Multiple" means (i) one, in the event termination or resignation occurs prior to a Change in Control of the Company (as defined in Section 7(b)); and (ii) two, in the event termination or resignation occurs on or after a Change in Control of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if within six months prior to the date on which a Change in Control occurs, the Executive's employment with the Company Group is terminated by the Company without Cause or by the Executive for Good Reason, and it is reasonably demonstrated that such termination of employment or Good Reason event was in contemplation of the Change in Control, then the Applicable Multiple shall be two, but the Severance Amount payable as a result of such revised calculation shall be reduced by any Severance Amount previously paid to the Executive under this Section 6(c) by the Company Group as a result of such termination or resignation of employment.

- (ii) Subject to the compliance rules set forth in Section 6(e), the Severance Amount shall be paid in a lump sum on the first business day of the third calendar month following the calendar month in which termination by the Company without Cause or resignation by the Executive for Good Reason is effective (or, in the event of the Executive's death after the date of the Executive's termination or resignation but prior to the date of payment, to the Executive's estate or beneficiary, as applicable, together with interest, within 30 days following the date of the Executive's death).
- (iii) The payment of the Severance Amount and the continuation of benefits, pursuant to this Section 6(c), shall be contingent upon the Executive executing a full release and waiver of claims against the Company Group (which release and waiver of claims, once executed and irrevocable, shall not apply to the Company's obligation to pay the Severance Amount and continue benefits hereunder), in a form approved by the Board, that becomes irrevocable not later than the last day of the second calendar month following the calendar month in which the Executive's termination or resignation becomes effective in accordance with this Section 6(c). If the Executive fails to execute a full release and waiver of claims against the Company Group that becomes irrevocable on or before the last day of the second calendar month following the calendar month in which the Executive's termination or resignation becomes effective, the Company Group's obligations under this Section 6(c) shall terminate and the Executive shall not be entitled to further payment of the Severance Amount or the continuation of benefits.

- (iv) "Good Reason" means the occurrence of any of the following events:
- (1) the Executive's position, title, duties, and reporting responsibilities with the Company in effect on the Effective Date become less favorable in any material respect; *provided*, *however*, Good Reason shall not be deemed to occur under this clause (1) if the following three conditions are satisfied: (A) the diminution in the Executive's position, duties or reporting responsibilities is solely and directly a result of the Company no longer being a publicly-traded company; (B) the event resulting in the Company no longer being a publicly-traded entity is a leveraged buyout, acquisition by a private equity fund and/or other similar "going private" transaction and is <u>not</u> as a result of the acquisition of the Company or the business of the Company Group by another operating company or parent or subsidiary thereof; and (C) the Executive continues to hold the same position and title with the Company and no other act or omission has then occurred that would constitute an event of Good Reason under this definition:
- (2) (A) a reduction in, or a change in the form of, either the Base Salary or Minimum Target Bonus or (B) a reduction in the aggregate amount of the material benefits provided to the Executive, as of the Effective Date, other than an across-the-board reduction applicable to all senior executive officers of the Company Group; or
- (3) the relocation, without the Executive's consent, of the Executive's principal place of business to a location that is more than 60 miles from the Executive's primary business location on the Effective Date or, if applicable, from a subsequent primary business location agreed to by the Executive.
- (v) In order to constitute Good Reason, (1) the Executive must provide written notification of his intention to resign within 30 days after the Executive knows or has reason to know of the occurrence of any such event, (2) such event or condition is not corrected, in all material respects, by the Company Group within 20 days of its receipt of such notice, and (3) the Executive resigns his employment with the Company Group not more than 30 days following the expiration of the 20-day period described in the foregoing clause (2).
- (vi) Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this Section 6(c), it shall not be an event of Good Reason under this Agreement for the Company Group (1) to adopt (or subsequently amend) one or more claw-back, mandatory deferral or other risk management policies related to the Company Group's incentive compensation plans or arrangements, including without limitation the Company's Executive Compensation Recoupment Policy or (2) to adopt (or subsequently amend) stock ownership guidelines related to the Company's common stock or (3) to subject the compensation payable to the Executive under this Agreement to these policies or guidelines; <u>provided</u> that, except as otherwise required by law, such policies are generally applicable to the Company Group's executive officers.

(vii) The date of termination of employment without Cause shall be the date specified in a written notice of termination to the Executive. The date of resignation for Good Reason shall be the date specified in a written notice of resignation from the Executive to the Company; provided, however, that no such written notice shall be effective unless the cure period specified in Section 6(c)(v) above has expired without the Company Group having corrected the event or events subject to cure.

(d) Disability; Death.

- (i) If, as a result of the Executive's incapacity due to physical or mental illness (such incapacity being determined by the Board in its reasonable discretion), the Executive shall have been absent from his full-time duties as described hereunder for the entire period of six consecutive months ("<u>Disability</u>"), the Executive's employment shall terminate at the end of the six-month period.
- (ii) Upon a termination pursuant to this Section 6(d) as a result of Disability or as a result of the Executive's death, the Executive (or his estate or beneficiary, as applicable) shall be entitled to receive:

(1) the Termination Amount, and

- (2) an amount equal to the *pro rata* portion of the Bonus for the year in which the termination occurs, calculated by multiplying (x) the Minimum Target Bonus for the year of termination by (y) a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days the Executive was employed during the year of termination and the denominator of which is 365.
- (iii) If the Executive's employment is terminated pursuant to this Section 6(d) as a result of his Disability, then subject to Section 6(e), the *pro rata* Bonus shall be paid in a lump sum on the first business day of the third calendar month following the calendar month in which termination pursuant to this Section 6(d) is effective.
- (iv) If the Executive's employment is terminated as of result of his death, the *pro rata* Bonus shall be paid within 30 days after the date of the Executive's death.
- (v) Except to the extent required by the terms of any applicable compensation or benefit plan or program or otherwise required by applicable law, the Executive shall have no right under this Agreement or otherwise to receive any other compensation or to participate in any other plan, program or arrangement after such termination.

(e) Section 409A Compliance.

(i) If, at the time of the Executive's termination or resignation with the Company, the Executive is a Specified Employee (as defined below), then the Severance Amount, the *pro rata* Bonus contemplated by Section 6(d) and any other amounts payable under this Agreement that the Company determines constitutes deferred compensation within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code and which

are subject to the six-month delay required by Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-1(c)(3)(v), shall be delayed and not paid to the Executive until the first business day following the six-month anniversary of the Executive's date of termination or resignation (the "Short-Term Deferral Date"), at which time such delayed amounts will be paid to the Executive in a cash lump sum (the "Catch-Up Amount").

- (ii) If payment of an amount is delayed as a result of this Section 6(e), such amount shall be increased with interest from the date on which such amount would otherwise have been paid to the Executive but for this Section 6(e) to the day prior to the date the Catch-Up Amount is paid. The rate of interest shall be the applicable short-term federal rate applicable under Section 7872(f)(2)(A) of the Code for the month in which the date of the Executive's termination or resignation occurs. Such interest shall be paid at the same time that the Catch-Up Amount is paid.
- (iii) If the Executive dies on or after the date of the Executive's termination or resignation and prior to the Short-Term Deferral Date, any amount delayed pursuant to this Section 6(e) shall be paid to the Executive's estate or beneficiary, as applicable, together with interest, within 30 days following the date of the Executive's death.
- (iv) "Specified Employee" has the meaning set forth in Section 409A(a)(2)(B) (i) of the Code. The determination of whether the Executive constitutes a Specified Employee on the date of his termination or resignation shall be made in accordance with the Company's established methodology for determining Specified Employees.
- (v) "Separation from Service" means a "separation from service" from the Company within the meaning of the default rules under the final regulations issued pursuant to Section 409A of the Code.
- (vi) The provisions of this Section 6(e) shall apply notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement related to the timing of payments following the Executive's termination or resignation. For purposes of applying the provisions of Section 409A of the Code to this Agreement, each separately identifiable amount to which the Executive is entitled under this Agreement shall be treated as a separate payment.

7. CHANGE IN CONTROL.

- (a) If a Change in Control of the Company (as defined below) shall become effective during the Term, the Term shall automatically be deemed to end on the later of (i) the End Date (as defined in Section 2) or (ii) the second anniversary of the effective date of such Change in Control.
 - (b) A "Change in Control" shall be deemed to have occurred when:
 - (i) any person is or becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company

representing 35% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's thenoutstanding securities; or

- (ii) during any 24-month period, individuals who, as of the beginning of such period, constitute the Board (the "Incumbent Directors") cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the Board; provided that any new director subsequent to the beginning of such period (other than a director whose initial assumption of office is in connection with an actual or threatened election contest, including, but not limited to, a consent solicitation, relating to the election of directors of the Company) whose appointment or election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company's shareholders was approved or recommended by a vote of at least a majority of the Incumbent Directors shall be an Incumbent Director; or
- (iii) there is consummated a merger or consolidation of the Company, other than (A) a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior to such merger or consolidation continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity or any parent thereof), in combination with the ownership of any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any subsidiary, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the securities of the Company or such surviving entity or any parent thereof outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation, or (B) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or similar transaction) in which no person is or becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the securities beneficially owned by such person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its affiliates other than in connection with the securities acquired directly from the Company or its affiliates other than in connection with the acquisition by the Company or its affiliates of a business) representing 50% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities: or
- (iv) the shareholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company or there is consummated an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, other than a sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to an entity, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of which are owned by shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of the Company immediately prior to such sale.

8. SECTION 4999 EXCISE TAX LIMITATION.

(a) In the event that it shall be determined that (X) any amount or benefit paid, distributed or otherwise provided to the Executive by the Company Group, whether pursuant to this Agreement or otherwise (collectively, the "Covered Payments"), would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code (the "Excise Tax"), and (Y) the reduction of the amounts payable to the Executive under this Agreement or with respect to stock options and equity awards to the maximum amount that could be paid to the Executive without

giving rise to the Excise Tax (the "Safe Harbor Cap") would provide the Executive with a greater after-tax amount than if such amounts were not reduced, then, subject to the further limitations set forth herein, the Covered Payments shall be reduced (but not below zero) to the Safe Harbor Cap. The reductions, if applicable, shall be made to the extent necessary in the following order: (i) the acceleration of vesting of stock options and other equity awards with an exercise price that exceeds the then fair market value of the stock subject to the award; (ii) the payments under Section 6(c)(i)(1)(A) hereof; (iii) the payments under Section 6(c)(i)(2) hereof; and (v) the acceleration of vesting of all other stock options and equity awards. For purposes of reducing the Covered Payments to the Safe Harbor Cap, only amounts payable under this Agreement and with respect to stock options and equity awards (and no other Covered Payments) shall be reduced. If the reduction would not result in a greater after-tax result to the Executive, no amounts payable under this Agreement or with respect to stock options and equity awards shall be reduced pursuant to this provision.

- (b) A nationally recognized firm of independent accountants, selected by the Company after consultation with the Executive, shall perform the foregoing calculations. The Company shall bear all expenses with respect to the determinations by such accounting firm required to be made hereunder. Such accounting firm shall apply the provisions of this Section 8 in a reasonable manner and in good faith in accordance with then prevailing practices in the interpretation and application of Section 4999 of the Code. For purposes of applying the provisions of this Section 8, the Company shall be entitled to rely on the written advice of legal counsel or such accounting firm as to whether one or more Covered Payments constitute "parachute payments" under Section 4999 of the Code.
- (c) The accounting firm engaged to make the determinations hereunder shall provide its calculations, together with detailed supporting documentation, to the Company and the Executive within 30 calendar days after the date that such accounting firm has been engaged to make such determinations or such other time as requested by the Company or the Executive. If payments are reduced to the Safe Harbor Cap or the accounting firm determines that no Excise Tax is payable by the Executive without a reduction in Covered Payments, it shall furnish the Company and the Executive with an opinion to such effect, that the Executive is not required to report any Excise Tax on the Executive's federal income tax return, and that the failure to report the Excise Tax, if any, on the Executive's applicable federal income tax return will not result in the imposition of a negligence or similar penalty. Any good faith determinations of the accounting firm made hereunder shall be final, binding, and conclusive upon the Company and the Executive.

9. PROTECTION OF THE COMPANY GROUP'S INTERESTS.

(a) *No Competing Employment* . For so long as the Executive is employed by the Company, and (i) during a period of two years after his employment with the Company has been terminated by reason of termination without Cause or resignation for Good Reason in which the Applicable Multiple is two, or (ii) during a period of one year after his employment with the Company Group has been terminated in all other circumstances (such period of employment and applicable postemployment period hereinafter referred to as the "Restricted Period"), the Executive shall not, without the prior written consent of the Board, directly or indirectly, own an interest in, manage, operate, join, control, lend money or render financial or

other assistance to or participate in or be connected with, as an officer, employee, partner, stockholder, consultant or otherwise, any individual, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization or entity that competes with the business of the Company Group by providing any goods or services provided or under development by the Company Group at the effective date of the Executive's termination of employment (the "Business"); provided, however, that this Section 9(a) shall not proscribe the Executive's ownership, either directly or indirectly, of less than one percent of any class of securities which are regularly traded on a national securities exchange or interdealer quotation system.

- (b) *No Interference*. During the Restricted Period, the Executive shall not, directly or indirectly, whether for his own account or for the account of any other individual, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization (other than the Company Group), (i) solicit, or endeavor to entice away from the Company Group, or otherwise interfere with the relationship of the Company Group with, any person or entity who is, or was within the then most recent 12 month period, (A) employed by, or otherwise engaged to perform services for, the Company Group, or (B) a customer or client of the Company Group, (ii) assist or encourage any other person in carrying out, directly or indirectly, any activity that would be prohibited by the provisions of this Section 9(b) if such activity were carried out by the Executive, and, in particular, the Executive agrees that he will not, directly or indirectly, induce any employee of the Company Group to carry out any such activity, or (iii) otherwise interfere with the business of the Company Group.
- (c) *Non-Disparagement*. For so long as the Executive is employed by the Company Group, and at all times thereafter, the Executive shall not intentionally make any public statement, or publicly release any information, that disparages or defames the Company Group, or any of its officers and directors, and shall not intentionally cause or encourage any other person to make any such statement or publicly release any such information.
- (d) *Confidentiality*. The Executive understands and acknowledges that, in the course of his employment, he has had and will continue to have access to and will learn confidential information regarding the Company Group that concerns the technological innovations, operations and methodologies of the Company Group, including, without limitation, business plans, financial information, protocols, proposals, manuals, procedures and guidelines, computer source codes, programs, software, know-how and specifications, inventions, copyrights, trade secrets, market information, Developments (as hereinafter defined), data and customer information (collectively, " <u>Proprietary Information</u>"). The Executive recognizes that the use or disclosure of Proprietary Information could cause the Company Group substantial loss and damages, which could not be readily calculated, and for which no remedy at law would be adequate. Accordingly, the Executive agrees that for so long as he is employed by the Company Group, and at all times thereafter, he shall keep confidential and shall not, directly or indirectly, disclose any such Proprietary Information to any third party, except as required to fulfill his duties in connection with his positions within the Company Group, and shall not misuse, misappropriate or exploit such Proprietary Information in any way. The restrictions contained herein shall not apply to any information that the Executive can demonstrate (i) was already available to the public at the time of disclosure, or subsequently became available to the public, otherwise than by breach of this Agreement or (ii) was the subject of a court order to disclose.

- "<u>Developments</u>" shall mean all data, discoveries, findings, reports, designs, inventions, improvements, methods, practices, techniques, developments, programs, concepts and ideas, whether or not patentable, and works of authorship relating to the present or planned activities, or the products and services of the Company Group.
- (e) *Exclusive Property*. The Executive confirms that all Proprietary Information is and shall remain the exclusive property of the Company Group. All business records, papers and documents kept or made by him relating to the business of the Company Group shall be and remain the property of the Company. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company or upon the request of the Company at any time, he shall promptly deliver to the Company Group, and shall not, without the consent of the Company, retain copies of any written materials not previously made available to the public, or records and documents made by the Executive or coming into his possession concerning the business or affairs of the Company Group; *provided*, *however*, that subsequent to any such termination, the Company shall provide the Executive with copies (the cost of which shall be borne by the Executive) of any documents that are requested by the Executive and that he has determined in good faith are (i) required to establish a defense to a claim that the Executive has not complied with his duties hereunder or (ii) necessary to the Executive in order to comply with applicable law.
- (f) Assignment of Developments. During the Executive's employment, all Developments that are at any time made, reduced to practice, conceived or suggested by him, whether acting alone or in conjunction with others, shall be the sole and absolute property of the Company Group, free of any reserved or other rights of any kind on his part, and the Executive hereby irrevocably assigns, conveys and transfers any and all right, title and interest that he may have in such Developments to the Company Group. If such Developments were made, reduced to practice, conceived or suggested by the Executive during or as a result of his employment relationship with the Company, the Executive shall promptly make full disclosure of any such Developments to the Company and, at the Company Group's cost and expense, do all acts and things (including, among others, the execution and delivery under oath of patent and copyright applications and instruments of assignment) deemed by the Company to be necessary or desirable at any time in order to effect the full assignment to the Company Group of his right, title and interest, if any, to such Developments. The Executive acknowledges and agrees that any invention, concept, design or discovery that concretely relates to or is associated with the Executive's work for the Company Group that is described in a patent application or is disclosed to a third party, directly or indirectly, by the Executive during the Restricted Period shall be the property of and owned by the Company Group, and such disclosure by patent application (except by way of a patent application filed by any member of the Company Group) or otherwise shall constitute a breach of this Section 9.
- (g) *Injunctive Relief*. Without intending to limit the remedies available to the Company Group, the Executive acknowledges that a breach of any of the covenants contained in this Section 9 may result in material irreparable injury to the Company Group or any of its members for which there is no adequate remedy at law, that it will not be possible to measure damages for such injuries precisely and that, in the event of such a breach or threat thereof, the Company shall be entitled to obtain a temporary restraining order and/or a preliminary or permanent injunction restraining the Executive from engaging in activities prohibited by this

Section 9 or such other relief as may be required to specifically enforce any of the covenants in this Section 9, without the Company being required to show any actual damage or to post an injunction bond.

- (h) *Enforceability*. Should any of the time periods or the geographic area set forth in this Section 9 be held to be unreasonable by any court of competent subject matter jurisdiction, the parties hereto agree to petition such court to reduce the time period or geographic area to the maximum time period or geographic area, as applicable, permitted by governing law.
- (i) *Periods Following the Term*. Subject to the provisions of Sections 9(a) and (b), the provisions of this Section 9 shall continue in effect in accordance with the provisions hereof following the expiration of the Term, including, without limitation, during any period that the Executive remains an employee-at-will of the Company.
- (i) **Reciprocity of Obligations**. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, in the event the Company is obligated to pay the Severance Amount under Section 6(c) of this Agreement, the Executive's obligations under Section 9(a) of this Agreement shall be conditioned upon payment of the Severance Amount in the manner contemplated by Section 6(c); provided, however, that, without limiting any other remedies available to the Company, in the event of the Executive's breach of Section 9(a), (b), (c) or (d) of this Agreement, the Company shall cease to have any obligation as of the date of such breach to make any payments under Section 6(c) of this Agreement; provided further, that the Executive's obligations under Section 9(a) shall apply if the Company does not pay the Severance Amount to the Executive as a result of the failure of the Executive to deliver the release contemplated by Section 6(c)(iii) or the failure of such release to become effective in accordance with its terms as a result of the Executive having exercised any right of rescission or revocation applicable to such release. The party alleging a breach described in this Section 9(j) shall provide prompt written notice of such breach to the other party hereto, and the party receiving such notice shall have 10 days from the date of delivery of such notice (as determined in accordance with Section 11 hereof) to cure such breach to the reasonable satisfaction of the party delivering such notice. The party delivering the notice shall not be released of its obligations hereunder unless the 10-day cure period shall have expired without the alleged breach having been cured in the manner described in the previous sentence.
- 10. AMENDMENTS. The provisions of this Agreement may not be amended, supplemented, waived or changed orally, but only by a writing signed by the party as to whom enforcement of any such amendment, supplement, waiver or modification is sought and making specific reference to this Agreement. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Company may, without the Executive's consent, amend any provision of this Agreement to the extent it deems such action necessary or advisable to avoid the imposition on any person of additional taxes, penalties or interest under Section 409A of the Code, and any such amendment shall not be a basis for a resignation by the Executive for Good Reason; provided, however, that any such amendment or modification shall, to the maximum extent the Company, reasonably and in good faith determines to be possible, retain the economic and tax benefits to the Executive hereunder while not materially increasing the cost to the Company Group of providing such benefits to the

Executive. Any determinations of the Company pursuant to this Section 10 shall be final, conclusive and binding on all persons.

11. NOTICE. All notices, requests, consents and other communications required or permitted under this Agreement shall be in writing (including electronic transmission) and shall be (as elected by the person giving such notice) hand delivered by messenger or courier service, electronically transmitted, or mailed (airmail if international) by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid), return receipt requested, addressed to:

If to the Executive:

To the address of the Executive as reflected on the books and records of the Company

If to the Company:

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION 8051 Congress Avenue Boca Raton, Florida 33487-1307 Attn: President

With a copy to:

Chadbourne & Parke LLP 1301 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10019 Attn: Marjorie M. Glover

or to such other address as any party may designate by notice complying with the provisions of this Section 11. Each such notice shall be deemed delivered (a) on the date delivered if by personal delivery; (b) on the date of transmission with confirmed answer back if by electronic transmission; and (c) on the date upon which the return receipt is signed or delivery is refused or the notice is designated by the postal authorities as not deliverable, as the case may be, if mailed.

- **12.** ASSIGNMENTS. No party shall assign his or its rights and/or obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of each other party to this Agreement. The Company will require a successor to all or substantially all of the business or assets of the Company to assume expressly and to agree to perform this Agreement in the same manner and to the same extent that the Company would be required to perform this Agreement if no such succession had taken place.
- **13.** COUNTERPARTS. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Confirmation of execution by electronic transmission of a facsimile signature page shall be binding upon any party so confirming.
- **14.** ARBITRATION. Any controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this contract shall be determined by arbitration in accordance with the then-existing Commercial

Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The place of arbitration shall be Palm Beach County, Florida. There shall be one arbitrator, to be selected jointly by the Company and the Executive; *provided*, *however*, if the Company and the Executive cannot agree, the arbitrator shall be appointed by the American Arbitration Association. The Company shall initially pay the fees of the arbitrator, provided that the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees, sales and use taxes, costs (including the arbitrator's fees) and all expenses even if not taxable as court costs, incurred in the arbitration proceeding or any legal proceeding to enforce any award granted thereunder, in addition to any other relief to which such party or parties may be entitled. The parties hereby agree to waive their right to have any dispute between them resolved in a court of law by a judge or jury; provided, however, that this Section 14 will not prevent the Company Group from seeking equitable or injunctive relief (or any other provisional remedy) from any court having jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter hereof relating to a breach or violation or threatened breach or violation of the Executive's obligations under Section 9 hereof; *provided further* that this Section 14 will not prevent either party from enforcing any arbitration award granted hereunder in any court having jurisdiction over the parties.

- **15.** PAYMENT OF AMOUNTS AND BENEFITS. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, payment of any amount or benefits under this Agreement may be paid, distributed or otherwise provided to the Executive by a member of the Company Group.
- 16. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this Agreement or any other agreement entered into pursuant hereto is contrary to, prohibited by or deemed invalid under applicable law or regulation, such provision shall be inapplicable and deemed omitted to the extent so contrary, prohibited or invalid, but the remainder hereof shall not be invalidated thereby and shall be given full force and effect so far as possible. If any provision of this Agreement may be construed in two or more ways, one of which would render the provision invalid or otherwise voidable or unenforceable and another of which would render the provision valid and enforceable, such provision shall have the meaning which renders it valid and enforceable.
- 17. ENTIRE AGREEMENT. This Agreement represents the entire understanding and agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes all other negotiations, understandings and representations (if any) made by and between such parties, including the Current Agreement, except for the Company's Executive Compensation Recoupment Policy and any and all Acknowledgements and Agreements to such policy executed by the Executive; *provided further*, *however*, that nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to modify any existing equity award granted to the Executive by the Company prior to the Effective Date.
- **18.** GOVERNING LAW. This Agreement and all transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Florida applicable to contracts executed and performed entirely in such state.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement as of the date and year first above written.

SBA COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Stoops

Jeffrey A. Stoops President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Brendan T. Cavanagh

Brendan T. Cavanagh

Subsidiaries of SBA Communications Corporation

Name SBA Telecommunications, LLC	Relationship 100% owned by SBA Communications Corporation	<u>Jurisdiction</u> Florida
SBA Senior Finance, LLC	100% owned by SBA Telecommunications, LLC	Florida
SBA Towers IX, LLC	100% owned by SBA Telecommunications, LLC	Florida
SBA Holdings, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance, LLC	Delaware
SBA Guarantor, LLC	100% owned by SBA Holdings, LLC	Delaware
SBA Monarch Towers I, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Monarch Towers III, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Properties, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Sites, LCC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Structures, LCC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Infrastructure, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA 2012 TC Assets, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Towers IV, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Towers V, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Towers VI, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA Towers VII, LLC	100% owned by SBA Guarantor, LLC	Delaware
SBA GC Towers, LLC	100% owned by SBA GC Holdings, LLC	Delaware
SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance, LLC.	Florida
Central America Equityholder, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	Florida
SBA Torres Panama, S.A.	100% owned by Panama Shareholder, LLC	Panama
SBA Towers, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	Florida
SBA Towers II, LLC	100% owned by SBA Towers, LLC	Florida
SBA Towers III, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	Florida
SBA Towers VIII, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	Florida
TV6 Holdings, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	Florida
SBA TRS Holdco, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	Florida
Brazil Shareholder I, LLC	100% owned by SBA Senior Finance II, LLC	Florida
SBA Holdings e Participacoes LTDA	99% owned by Brazil Shareholder I, LLC; 1% owned by Brazil Shareholder II, LLC	Brazil
SBA Torres Brasil LTDA	100% owned by SBA Holdings e Participacoes LTDA	Brazil

As of December 31, 2015, SBA Communications Corporation owned, directly or indirectly, 8 2 additional subsidiaries, 54 of which are incorporated in U.S. jurisdictions and 28 of which are organized in foreign jurisdictions. These subsidiaries,

in the aggregate a as of December 3	s a single subsidiary, 1, 2015.	would not constitute	a "Significant Sub	sidiary" as defined	in Rule 405 under	the Securities Act
-						

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements:

- 1. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-41306)
- 2. Registration Statement (Form S-4 No. 333-147473)
- 3. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-166969) pertain ing to 2010 Performance and Equity Incentive Plan
- 4. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-155289) pertaining to 2008 Employee Stock Purchase Plan
- 5. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-69236) pertaining to 2001 Equity Participation Plan
- 6. Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-139006) pertaining to 2001 Equity Participation Plan, as Amended and Restated on May 16, 2002
- 7. Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-202477)

of our reports dated February 2 $\,6$, 201 $\,6$ with respect to the consolidated financial statements of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of SBA Communications Corporation and Subsidiaries, included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 201 $\,5$.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP Certified Public Accountants

Boca Raton, Florida February 2 6, 201 6

CERTIFICATION

- I, Jeffrey A. Stoops, Chief Executive Officer, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of SBA Communications Corporation;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be
 designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its
 consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period
 in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 26, 2016

By: /s/ Jeffrey A. Stoops

Name: Jeffrey A. Stoops

Title: Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

- I, Brendan T. Cavanagh, Chief Financial Officer, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of SBA Communications Corporation;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be
 designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its
 consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period
 in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 2 6, 201 6

By: /s/ Brendan T. Cavanagh

Name: Brendan T. Cavanagh

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Certification Required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

(as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

In connection with the Annual Report of SBA Communications Corporation (the "Company"), on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 201 5 , as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jeffrey A. Stoops, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 2 6, 201 6

/s/ Jeffrey A. Stoops

Jeffrey A. Stoops Chief Executive Officer Certification Required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

(as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

In connection with the Annual Report of SBA Communications Corporation (the "Company"), on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 201 5, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Brendan T. Cavanagh, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 26, 2016

/s/ Brendan T. Cavanagh

Brendan T. Cavanagh Chief Financial Officer

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC EXHIBIT D

Resumé of Key Employees

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC - Biographies

Patrick Cochran is General Manager of SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC. Patrick offers a history of success spearheading all facets of enterprise operations & engineering from start-up companies to multi-billion dollar corporations. By applying strong business acumen, systems acuity, and leadership talents, Patrick is very much at home creating operational centers of excellence. Most recently, Patrick was the Vice President of Engineered Products at Sabre Industries where he was responsible for providing the overall leadership and management of business systems and new product development within the Telecom sector with primary focus on DAS & Small Cell. He launched his career after his honorable discharge from the military and post nursing duties as a mechanical engineer, developing specialized rapid deployment mechanics utilized for the military and commercial applications. During this time, he established research initiatives utilizing new technologies for manufacturing including advance additive manufacturing processes specifically in Electron Beam melting (EBM) Technologies. Patrick's academic background includes a nursing degree, advanced studies from UTSA & MIT in Engineering (non-degreed studies), with continued advancement through R&D & supported white papers.

John Duckworth is Director of Implementation & Technology for SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC. In this role, John develops standards, new business, strategic relationships and implementation budgets. John has extensive experience in the communications industry. Prior to joining SBA, John was a Network Design Manager for Extenet Systems, where he oversaw a network design team that produced RF designs for indoor/outdoor DAS and Small Cell networks. From 2012 to 2014, John was a Senior Project Manager for American Tower. During his time with American Tower, he managed the company's implementation team. His noteworthy accomplishments include upgrading 800+ lighting systems over the course of two months and implementing a new team structure that lead to 25% reduction in Call Wait times. He earned his Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering from North Carolina State University and passed both the Project Management Institute Exam (PMP) and the NCEES Fundamentals of Engineering Exam (E.I.).

Clayton Moran is the Director of Financial & Strategic Planning for SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC. With SBA, Clayton creates and executes processes and procedures to support investment, and he reviews new business opportunities, partnerships, and vendors. His professional background includes analyzing internet and communications stocks. While Vice President of the Stanford Group Company, he was recognized as an All-Star stock analyst by the *Wall Street Journal* and he was ranked as the #5 stock analyst nationally by *Forbes*. He received his Bachelor of Science in Economics from Princeton University.

Nitesh Ahuja, M.S., P.E. is the Director of Engineering for SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC. Nitesh's responsibilities as Director of Engineering include, but are not limited to, resolving and using the most appropriate & safe methods for tower maintenance and running SA for various type of towers and configuration. Before his time with SBA, Nitesh was a Senior Project Engineer for Valmont Industries, Inc. He earned his Bachelor of Engineering in Mechanical Engineering from Bangalore University in India and his Master of Science in Mechanical Engineering from Auburn University.

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC

EXHIBIT E

Proposed Tariff

Tariff Schedule Applicable to

TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

of

SBA DAS & SMALL CELLS, LLC

For Statewide Service in South Carolina

CHECK SHEET

The Title Sheet and Sheets 1 through 23 inclusive of this tariff are effective as of the date shown at the bottom of the respective sheet(s).

<u>SHEET</u>	REVISION
Title	Original
1	Original
2	Original
3	Original
4	Original
5	Original
6	Original
7	Original
8	Original
9	Original
10	Original
11	Original
12	Original
13	Original
14	Original
15	Original
16	Original
17	Original
18	Original
19	Original
20	Original
21	Original
22	Original
23	Original

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PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

This tariff contains all effective rates and rules together with information relating, and applicable to SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC ("Company").

The Company has been authorized by the Public Service Commission of South Carolina ("PSC") to provide telecommunications services throughout the State of South Carolina.

The rates and rules contained herein are subject to change pursuant to the rules and regulations of the PSC.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

- A. To signify **changed** listing, rule or condition which may affect rates or charges.
- B. To signify **deleted or discontinued** rate, regulation or condition.
- C. To signify a change resulting in an **increase** to a Customer's bill.
- D. To signify that material has been **relocated to** another tariff location.
- E. To signify a **new** rate, regulation, condition or sheet.
- F. To signify a change resulting in a **reduction** to a Customer's bill.
- G. To signify a change in **text** but no change to rate or charge.

MUNICIPALITIES OR TERRITORIES SERVICED

The Company's service is available statewide. The obligation of the Company to provide service is dependent upon its ability to procure, construct, and maintain facilities that are required to meet the Customer's Service Order.

APPLICABILITY

This tariff sets forth the service offerings, rates, terms, and conditions applicable to the furnishing of intrastate communications services by the Company within the State of South Carolina.

This tariff applies only for the use of the Company's services for communications between points within the State of South Carolina; this includes the use of the Company's network to complete an end to end intrastate communication.

AVAILABILITY OF THE COMPANY'S TARIFF

A complete copy of the Company's current tariff is maintained at the Company's business offices located at:

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC 8051 Congress Avenue Boca Raton, FL 33487

This tariff is also available for public inspection at the Public Service Commission of South Carolina.

SECTION 1 – RF TRANSPORT SERVICE

1. <u>Application of rates</u>

RF Transport Services rates apply to service furnished to business customers. RF Transport Services are not available to residential customers.

2. <u>RF Transport Service</u>

(A) General service offerings and limitations

RF Transport Services utilize optical technology, including multi-wavelength optical technology over dedicated transport facilities to provide Customers with links to emit RF coverage.

RF Transport Services connect Customer-provided wireless capacity equipment to Customer-provided or Company provided bi-directional RF-to-optical conversion equipment at a hub facility. The hub facility can be Customer or Company provided. The conversion equipment allows the Company to accept RF traffic from the Customer and then send bi-directional traffic transmission across the appropriate optical networks. At the remote end, Customer or Company provided RF-to-optical conversion equipment allows bi-directional conversion between optical signals and RF signals. RF signals can be received and transmitted at this remote node. Hence the Company provides optical transit services for RF signals.

The furnishing of RF Transport Services requires certain physical arrangements of equipment and facilities of the Company and other entities and is subject to the availability of such equipment and facilities and the economic feasibility of providing such necessary equipment and facilities and the RF Transport Services.

The specific limitations applicable to RF Transport Services are as follows:

- All optical services are provided on single mode optical fiber.
- Some optical services may be of a multi-wavelength nature.
- Current wireless standards limit the distance between a hub site and a remote node to 20km.
- The optical loss between a hub site and a remote node must not exceed 18 dB.

(B) Minimum Term

The minimum service term for RF Transport Service is five (5) years.

(C) Schedule 1 - Rates and Charges For RF Transport Service

The monthly recurring rates and nonrecurring charges for RF Transport Services are as follows:

Description	Fee per Segment
Nonrecurring connection charge	Individual Case
	Basis
Monthly recurring charge	Individual Case
	Basis

For purposes of this Tariff, Segment shall mean a one-way optical carrier between one (1) Customer hub site or remote node and another Customer hub site or remote node. The optical carrier is a single optical wavelength. The optical fiber can carry more than one wavelength.

SECTION 2 – DEFINITIONS

Channel:

A communications path between two or more points of termination.

Commission:

Public Service Commission of South Carolina.

Company:

SBA DAS & Small Cells, LLC

Customer:

The person, firm, corporation or other entity that orders or uses service and is responsible for payment of charges and compliance with tariff regulation.

Customer Designated Premises:

The premises specified by the Customer for origination or termination of services.

Dedicated Access:

Non-switched access between a Customer's premises and the point of presence of the Company's underlying carrier.

Facilities

Any cable, poles, conduit, carrier equipment, wire center distribution frames, central office switching equipment, etc., used to provide services offered under this tariff.

Holidays:

The Company observes the following Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day.

Premises:

A building or buildings on contiguous property, not separated by a public highway or right-of-way.

RAN

A radio access node.

Transmission Path:

An electrical path capable of transmitting signals within the range of the service offering. A transmission path is comprised of physical or derived facilities consisting of any form or configuration of plant used in the telecommunications industry.

SECTION 3 – GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

3.1 — Undertaking of Company

The Company's services are furnished for telecommunications services originating and/or terminating in any area within the State of South Carolina.

The Company provides competitive access provider services to Customers for the direct transmission and reception of voice, data, and other types of communications. Services are offered via the Company's facilities (whether owned, leased, or under contract) in combination with resold services provided by other certificated carriers. The Company is responsible under this tariff only for the services and facilities the Company provides hereunder.

Subject to availability, the Customer may use account codes to identify the users or user groups on an account. The numerical composition of the codes shall be set by Company to assure compatibility with the Company's accounting and billing systems and to avoid the duplication of codes.

The Company's services are provided on a monthly basis unless otherwise provided, and are available twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week, subject to the availability of necessary service, equipment and facilities and the economic feasibility of providing such necessary service, equipment, and facilities.

3.2 — Application for Service

Service may be initiated only based on a written agreement between the Company and the Customer. To initiate a service request, the Customer must provide the following information: the Customer's name; an address to which the Company shall provide service; and a billing address (if different). The service application does not itself bind either the Customer to subscribe to the service or the Company to provide the service.

Request for service under this Tariff will authorize the Company to conduct a credit search on the Customer. The Company reserves the right to refuse service on the basis of credit history, and to refuse further service due to late payment or nonpayment by the Customer. Potential customers who are denied service must be given the reason for the denial in writing within 10 days of service denial.

3.3 — Contract or Agreements

In lieu of the rates otherwise set forth in this Tariff, rates and charges, including installation, special construction, and recurring charges, may be established at negotiated rates on an Individual Case Basis (ICB), taking into account such factors as the nature of the facilities and services, the costs of construction and operation, and the length of service commitment by the Customer, as long as the rates and charges are not less than Carrier's costs of providing the service. Such arrangements shall be considered Special Pricing Arrangements, the terms of which will be set forth in individual contracts or Customer Term Agreements. Specialized Pricing Arrangement rates or charges will be

made available to similarly-situated Customers on comparable terms and conditions. Upon reasonable request, Carrier will make the terms of these contracts available to the Commission and its staff for review on a confidential and proprietary basis.

3.4 — Deposits

The Company may, at its sole discretion, require a deposit or usage prepayment as a condition to receiving service or additional service. The Company reserves the right to review an applicant's or a Customer's credit history at any time to determine if a deposit is required.

In the event the Customer fails to establish a satisfactory credit history, deposits are a form of security that may be required from Customers to ensure payment of bills.

Deposits shall be no greater than twice the estimated average monthly bill for the class of service applied for.

Deposits will be refunded with interest within 30 days after discontinuance of service or after 12 months of service, whichever comes first. Interest will accrue on the amount deposited. The interest on deposits shall be accrued and paid in accordance with the Board's regulations. The Company will credit such interest to each depositor by paying such interest in cash or deducting it from the amount of a bill for service.

3.5 — Notices

Notices provided to the Customer by the Company shall be as follows:

A. Rate Information

- (1) Rate information and information regarding the terms and conditions of service will be provided upon request by a current or potential Customer. Notice of major increases in rates will be provided in writing to Customers and postmarked at least 30 days prior to the effective date of the change. No Customer notice is required for minor rate increases or for rate decreases. Customers will be advised of optional service plans in writing as they become available. In addition, Customers shall be advised of changes to the terms and conditions of service no later than the Company's next periodic billing cycle.
- (2) When Company provides information to a Customer that is in conflict with its tariffs, the Customer shall have the right to bring a complaint against the Company.

B. Discontinuance of Service Notice

(1) Notice by Customers

Customers are responsible for notifying the Company of their desire to discontinue service on or before the date of disconnection. Such notice must be in writing.

(2) Notice by Company

Notices to discontinue service for nonpayment of bills will be provided in writing by first class mail to the Customer not less than 10 calendar days prior to termination. Each notice will include all of the following information:

- 1. The name and address of the Customer whose account is delinquent.
- 2. The amount that is delinquent.
- 3. The date when payment or arrangements for payment are required in order to avoid termination.
- 4. The procedure the Customer may use to initiate a complaint or to request an investigation concerning service or charges.
- 5. The telephone number of a representative of the Company, who can provide additional information or institute arrangements for payment.

C. Change in Ownership or Identity Notice

Company shall notify Customers in writing of a change in ownership or identity of the Customer's service provider on the Customers' next monthly billing cycle.

D. Rules for Company Notices

Notices the Company sends to Customers, or the Board, will be a legible size and printed in a minimum point size type of 10 and are deemed made on date of presentation.

3.6 — Rendering and Payment of Bills

- A. Charges for service are applied on a recurring basis. Service is provided and billed on a monthly (30 day) basis. Months are presumed to have 30 days. The billing date is dependent on the billing cycle assigned to the Subscriber. Service continues to be provided for the minimum service term.
- B. The Customer is responsible for the payment of all charges for services furnished to the Customer. Charges are billed monthly in advance. The Company is not responsible for any telephone charges that may be incurred by the Customer in gaining access to the Company's network.

- C. Billing is payable upon receipt and past due thirty (30) days after issuance and posting of invoice. Bills not paid within thirty-two (32) days after the date of posting are subject to a 1.5 percent late payment charge for the unpaid balance, or the maximum allowable under state law. The late payment date will be prominently displayed on the Customer's bill. Company shall endeavor to credit payments within 24 hours of receipt to avoid assessing late payment charges incorrectly.
- D. The name(s) of the Customer(s) desiring to use service must be set forth in the application for service.

3.7 — Disputed Bills

Billing disputes should be addressed to Company's customer service organization via telephone to (888) 950-7483

In case of a billing dispute between the Customer and the Company as to the correct amount of a bill that cannot be adjusted with mutual satisfaction, the Customer can make the following arrangement:

Prior to suspension or termination of service by the Company, the Customer may request, either orally or in writing, that the Company investigate and review the disputed amount. The Company will comply with such request. The undisputed portion of the bill must be paid by the due date shown on the bill or the service will be subject to suspension/termination if the Company has notified the Customer by written notice of such delinquency and impending suspension/termination. Company will also advise the Customer in writing of the Board's formal and informal complaint procedures and that, if there is still disagreement after the investigation and review by the Company and the Company's written findings to the Customer, the Customer may appeal to the Commission within 10 days of the date the Company mailed its findings to the Customer.

The Company will not suspend/terminate the Customer's service for nonpayment as long as the Customer complies with the procedures of this section.

In order to avoid suspension of service and late payment charges, the disputed amount must be paid within fourteen (14) calendar days after the date the Company notifies the Customer that the investigation and review are completed and that such payment must be made or service will be interrupted. However, the Company will not suspend service prior to the payment due date as shown on the bill.

A customer may dispute charges and seek a credit for bills paid to the Company within two years of billing, commencing five (5) days after remittance of the bill.

3.8 — Cancellation of Service by Company

- A. The Company may discontinue service under the following circumstances:
 - 1. Nonpayment of any sum due to the Company for service more than 30 days beyond the date of the invoice for such service. In the event the Company terminates service for nonpayment, the Customer may be liable for all reasonable court costs and attorneys fees as determined by the PSC or by the Court; or
 - 2. In the event of a condition determined to be hazardous to the Customer, to other Customers of the utility, to the utilities equipment, the public or to employees of the utility; or
 - 3. By reason of any order or decision of a court or any other governmental authority which prohibits the Company from furnishing such service; or
 - 4. If the Company deems such refusal necessary to protect itself or third parties against fraud or to otherwise protect its personnel, agents, facilities or services without notice; or
 - 5. For unlawful use of the service or use of the service for unlawful purposes; or
 - 6. Failure to post a required deposit or guarantee; or
 - 7. A violation of, or failure to comply with, any regulation or condition governing the furnishing of service; or
 - 8. If the Customer provides false information to the Company regarding the Customer's identity, address, creditworthiness, or past, current or planned use of Company's services.
- B. The Company will provide the following notice of disconnection:
 - 1. Written notice of the pending disconnection will be rendered not less than 10 days prior to the disconnection. Notice shall be deemed given upon deposit, first class postage prepaid, in the U.S. Mail to the Customer's last known address.
 - 2. Service may be discontinued during business hours on or after the date specified in the notice of discontinuance. Service will not initially be discontinued on any Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or any other day Company service representatives are not available to serve Customers.

C. Restoration of service

The Customer may restore service by full payment in any reasonable manner including by personal check. However, the Company may refuse to accept a personal check if a Customer's check for payment of service has been dishonored, excepting bank error, within the last twelve months. There is a \$35.00 charge for restoration of service after disconnection; if, however, the equipment necessary for service has been removed, the non-recurring fee will apply.

3.9 — Cancellation of Service By Customer

Customer may cancel service by providing written notice to Company thirty (30) days prior to cancellation. However, Customer may not cancel service prior to expiration of the initial five (5) year term.

Customer is responsible for charges while still connected to the Company's service and the payment of associated local exchange company charges, if any, for service charges.

Any non-recoverable cost of Company expenditures shall be borne by the Customer if:

- A. The Customer orders service requiring special facilities dedicated to the Customer's use and then cancels the order before such service begins, before completion of the minimum period or before completion of some period mutually agreed with the Customer for the non-recoverable portions of expenditures; or
- B. Liabilities are incurred expressly on behalf of the Customer by Company and not fully reimbursed by installation and monthly charges; and
- C. Based on an order for service and construction has either begun or has been completed, but no service provided.

3.10 — Special Information Required on Forms

A. <u>Customer Bills</u>

The Company shall be identified on each bill. Each bill will prominently display a toll-free number for service or billing inquiries, along with an address where the Customer may write. If the Company uses a billing agent, it will also include the name of the billing agent it uses. Each bill for telephone service will contain notations concerning the following areas, as applicable:

- (1) When to pay your bill;
- (2) Billing detail including the period of service covered by the bill;
- (3) Late payment charge and when applied;
- (4) How to pay your bill;

- (5) Questions about your bill;
- (6) Network access for interstate calling;
- (7) In addition to the above, each bill shall include the following statement:

"This bill is now due and payable; it becomes subject to a late payment charge if not paid within 30 calendar days of presentation date. Should you question this bill, please request an explanation from SBA"

Company will also advise the Customer in writing of the Board's formal and informal complaint procedures and that, if there is still disagreement after the investigation and review by the Company and the Company's written findings to the Customer, the Customer may appeal to the Commission within 10 days of the date the Company mailed its findings to the Customer.

B. <u>Deposit Receipts</u>

The Company shall provide the Applicant or Customer with a Deposit Receipt for any deposit received. The receipt shall show the Customer's name, service address, type of service, amount of deposit, rate of interest on deposit, date received, Company's name, and a statement of the conditions under which the deposit will be refunded. The Company will refund the Customer's deposit even if the Customer has lost the receipt.

3.11 — Credit Establishment

Each applicant for service shall provide credit information satisfactory to the Company or pay a deposit. Deposits may be avoided if the applicant:

- A. Provides credit history acceptable to the Company. Credit information contained in the applicant's account record may include, but shall not be limited to, account established date, 'can-be-reached' number, billing name, and location of current and previous service.
- B. A cosigner or guarantor may be used providing the cosigner or guarantor has acceptable credit history with the serving Company or another acceptable local carrier.
- C. Company cannot refuse a deposit to establish credit for service. However, it may request the deposit to be in cash or other acceptable form of payment (e.g., cashier's check, money order, bond, letter of credit).

3.12 — Prorating of Bills

Any prorated bill shall use a 30-day month to calculate the pro-rata amount. Prorating shall apply only to recurring charges. All nonrecurring and usage charges incurred during the billing period shall be billed in addition to prorated amounts.

3.13 — Information to Be Provided to the Public

A copy of this tariff schedule will be available for public inspection in the Company's business office during regular business hours.

Copies of the Company's tariff schedules are available to the public at nominal costs to recover photocopying, postage and/or transmission expenses.

3.14 — Continuity of Service

In the event of prior knowledge of an interruption of service for a period exceeding one day, the Customers will, if feasible, be notified in writing, by mail, at least one week in advance.

3.15 — Use of Service

Service may not be used for any unlawful purpose or for any purpose for which any payment or other compensation is received by the Customer, except when the Customer is a duly authorized and regulated common carrier. This provision does not prohibit an arrangement between the Customer, authorized user or joint user to share the cost of service.

The Company strictly prohibits use of the Company's services without payment or an avoidance of payment by the Customer by fraudulent means or devices including providing falsified calling card numbers or invalid calling card numbers to the Company, providing falsified or invalid credit card numbers to the Company or in any way misrepresenting the identity of the Customer.

3.16 — Limitations of Service

Service is offered subject to the availability of the necessary facilities and/or equipment and subject to the provisions of this tariff. Company reserves the right not to provide service to or from a location where the necessary facilities or equipment are not available.

Company reserves the right to discontinue furnishing the service upon its written notice, when necessitated by conditions beyond its control or when Customer is using the service in violation of the provisions of this tariff, or in violation of the law.

Title to all facilities provided by Company under these regulations remains in Company's name.

3.17 — Interconnection

Service furnished by Company may be interconnected with services or facilities of other authorized communications common carriers and with private systems, subject to the technical limitations established by Company. Any special interface of equipment or facilities necessary to achieve compatibility between the facilities of Company and other participating carriers shall be provided at the Customer's expense.

Interconnection between the facilities or services of other carriers shall be under the applicable terms and conditions of the other carriers' tariffs. The Customer is responsible for taking all necessary legal steps for interconnecting Customer-provided terminal equipment or communications equipment with Company's facilities. The Customer shall secure all licenses, permits, rights-of-way and other such arrangements necessary for interconnection.

3.18 — Liability of the Company

- A. The provisions of this rule do not apply to errors and omissions caused by willful misconduct, fraudulent conduct or violations of law.
- B. In the event an error or omission is caused by the gross negligence of the Company, the liability of the Company shall be limited to and in no event exceed the sum of \$10,000.
- C. The liability of the Company for damages arising out of mistakes, omissions, interruptions, delays, or errors, or defects in any of the services or facilities furnished by the Company up to and including its Local Loop Demarcation Point, including exchange, toll, private line, supplemental equipment, alphabetical directory listings (excluding the use of bold face type) and all other services, shall in no event exceed an amount equal to the pro rata charges to the Customer for the period during which the services or facilities are affected by the mistake, omission, interruption, delay, error or defect, provided, however, that where any mistake, omission, interruption, delay, error or defect in any one service or facility affects or diminishes the value of any other service said liability shall include such diminution, but in no event shall the liability exceed the total amount of the charges to the Customer for all services or facilities for the period affected by the mistake, omission, interruption, delay, error or defect.
- D. Errors in Transmitting, Receiving or Delivering Oral Messages by Telephone

The Company shall not be liable for errors in transmitting, receiving or delivering oral messages by telephone over the lines of the Company and connecting utilities.

3.19 — Measurement of Service

Charges for service are without regard to mileage.

3.20 — Responsibilities of the Customer

- A. The Customer is responsible for: placing any necessary service orders; complying with tariff terms and conditions; for assuring that users comply with tariff regulations; and for payment of charges for calls originated from the Customer's telephone lines.
- B. The Customer is responsible for arranging access to its premises at times mutually agreeable to Company and the Customer when required for installation, repair, maintenance, inspection or removal of equipment associated with the provision of Company services.
- C. The Customer is responsible for maintaining its terminal equipment and facilities in good operating condition. The Customer is liable for any loss, including loss through theft, of any Company equipment installed at the Customer's premises.

3.21 — Special Construction

Special construction charges apply where the Company furnishes a facility or service for which a rate or charge is not specified in the Company's tariffs. Charges will be based on the costs incurred by the Company (including return) and may include:

- 1. non-recurring charges;
- 2. recurring charges;
- 3. termination liabilities; or
- 4. combinations of the above.

3.22 — Demarcation Points

Services shall be provided to mutually agreeable points of demarcation.

3.23 — Force Majeure

The Company will not be liable for any failure of performance due to causes beyond its control, including but not limited to cable dig-up by third party, acts of God, civil disorders, actions of governmental authorities, actions of civil or military authority, labor problems, national emergency, insurrection, riots, war, fire, flood, and atmospheric conditions or other phenomena of nature, such as radiation. In addition, the Company will not be liable for any failure of performance due to necessary network reconfiguration, system modifications for technical upgrades, or actions taken by any court or government agency having jurisdiction over the Company.

3.24 — <u>Disclaimer of Warranties</u>

THE COMPANY MAKES NO WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, EITHER IN FACT OR BY OPERATION OF LAW, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, EXCEPT THOSE EXPRESSLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

SECTION 4 – PROMOTIONS

4.1 <u>Promotional Offerings – General</u>

Reserved for future use.